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NIGHTINGALE VALLEY.

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# NIGHTINGALE VALLEY.

A COLLECTION.

INCLUDING A GREAT NUMBER

OF THE CHOICEST LYRICS

AND

SHORT POEMS

EN

THE ENGLISH LANGUAGE.

EDITED BY GIRALDUS.

No. AUNISHAM

Sal litz un bezro era di querre umbreze, Dece aguire pur che Pilinana piegna ; Ch' sa mezzo eren un prestat con una fiente, E querci e quindi un solitario monte. Azzones, Orl. Fier. z. 113.

LONDON: BELL AND DALDY, 186, FLEET STREET. 1860.

# PREFACE.

HE intention of this book simply is to delight the lover of poetry. Specimens critical and chronological have their own worth ; we desire to present a jewel, aptly arranged of many stones, various in colour and value, but all precious. Nothing personal or circumstantial, nothing below a pure and loving loyalty to the Muse, has been wittingly suffered to interfere betwixt the idea and its realization. Much, it is true, is perforce omitted; but should the brotherly reader and the judicious critic haply find the little volume, per se, a good thing, they will scarcely complain that it does but its part, Do we carse the cup of refreshing handed us from the well because it is not twice as largewhen the well itself, too, remains? Those who best know of such things will the most readily see that a collection in any sense complete or exhaustive has not been thought of here, but an arrangement of a limited number of short poems, with some eye to grouping and general effect, and to the end (as said) of delight.

But of delight—noble and fruitful. The grand word "Poetry" has its mean associations, —as "organ" may suggest a solemn cathedral, or a Savoyard and monkey. True Poetry, however, is not, as some suppose, a kind of verbal confectionery, with cramp fantastic laws that impose great labour to little purpose.

If one has anything to express in words, why go thus roundabout? asks our sternly prossic friend. The relations of the human mind with the world are not so simple as he takes for granted. Men are not only intellectual and moral, but emotional and imaginative. Sorrow and joy are very real, yet often very illogical; and so also, and oftener, are those faint rapid shadows and gleams that pass continually over the mind, composing the multiplex hue of life. The moods of the sagest, are they never submissive to the wind in a keyhole, the erackling of the flame, a vernal odour, or the casual brightness or gloom upon a landscape? At the least touch of any sense gates to Infinity are ready to fly open.

Such is man's nature; and since he further finds himself urged to regulate what belongs to him, without and within, and mutually to control the one by the other, so, as he gains industrial, scientific, religious development, he also becomes an Artist—in picture, in sculpture, in architecture, in music, in verse.

Language kee music in it; from this Poetry (Verse-Poetry is always meant) derives its form and quality. It is the most melodious arrangement of language. The proportionality necessary for this end excites mystically a desire for proportionality in all other respects, reaching inward to the very spirit of the thought which is to be expressed. The stimulated and thoroughly alert Imagination requires its pure insight to be shapen forth in the most perfect possible diction—judging all by a fine rapid-glancing logic, peculiar, airy, genuine. In short, Musical Proportionality is the life-principle of Poetry, and the product Poetic Beauty. As for the use of Poetry—I will tell you this accurately, when you can put me Love into a crucible, and Faith into a balance.

Such an attempt being too difficult, let us agree to abide by matter-of-fact. And matter-of-fact shows us that Verse-Poetry (daughter of Language and Music, born at a time of the world whereto History stretches not backward) has been cherished and beloved amongst all the nations, anciest and modern, barbarous and civilized. Babes love the sound of it, youth passionately delights in it, age remembers it gladly; it helps memory, parifies and steadies language, guards elecution; it gives wings to thought, touches hidden verities, can southe grief, heighten joy, beautify the common world, and blend with the divinest aspirutions.

Postry and Scionce (rank them as you please) are equally founded on the nature of man in mystic relation with the Universe.

How Poetry manages to evince itself in material form would be hard or impossible to explain; even if possible, still doubtless the secrets ought to be kept, like those of love. The profune, when they suppose themselves to comprehend either, have but less the degree of sympathetic knowledge—of instinctive and genuine feeling, which they inherited as men. It is difficult indeed to become a critic and remain a man. Fitly, therefore, to examine even the shortest genuine Poem is the rurest success of literary judgment. Perhaps it is not venturing too far to say that a true Poem is always conceived by a sort of happy chance—descending, as it were, out of the sky; but, as a finished whole, is the fruit of a most actively attentive condition (yet with ease—not strained) of the rurest natural endowment.

Every Poet is not a great one; but, whatever his rank in the guild, he is a maker, creator in little, and his successful work fine and true of its kind, possessing (however simple and modest) a secure, determinate, dignified aspect, standing firm with good hold upon the ground, and proving its direct right to exist as much as a healthy human being when he looks into your eye. Every true Poet is such by the same peculiar and inimitable fire that so splendidly beams from the greatest; and is born capable to discover the art of poetry, had it been thitherto unknown. Some poems have soul in a bad body, and are by nature soon for death; many things under the name are only puppets, della, mere wax and wood,-finer and prettier, sometimes, and, for a little, more admired than what is alive.

Our Book hopes to please best the most unsectarian worshipper of Song,—one who can equally enjoy the floating charm of " Claribel," or "Tell me, thou Star," a thing of close-wrought gold like "My Last Duchess" or "Ulysses," the work-a-day vigour of Scott's lyries, the sympathies of Wordsworth in their pensive and deliberate movement, the celestial-infantine fancies of William Blake, and the unconscious pethos and picturesqueness of an Old Ballad. He will perhaps compare Shelley's "Fugitives" with Campbell's more realistic treatment of a similar theme in "Lord Ulbin's Daughter," finding himself in the midst of either storm—with the lovers pushing off from shore, where

" In the srowl of Heaven each face Grew dark as they were speaking,"

and with the other two, murmuring proud pleasure,

> "While, around, the lash'd occur, Like mountains in motion, Is withdrawn and uplified, Sunk, shatter'd, and shifted To and fre."

He will love Herrick (naturally and always a true lyrist), and taste, almost with a kind of swe, the delicately delicious lighter movements of our grand Master, like those of Philomel herself to the Faëry Queen—

> " Philonal with melody Sing in our sweet hillaby; Lulla, hills, hillaby;"

and then admire how one little Song (such a one is "Go, lovely Rose,") can save a sinking Poet, like a solitary plank in the shipwreek of his fame. He will bring fit audience to the

subtle, romantic vibrations of Coleridge's too often despendingly-introspective mind, or to the winged rush of Shelley's most eager spirit, leaving air alive with billows of melody, or to the rich and dreamful tones of that even younger voice which too soon fell silent. He will gladly claim America for blood-relation in intellect and poetry, on account of her one Great Writer (as yet), whose proce is so royally precious as to outvalue even his own yerse, fine as that is, Nor will he fail to recognize the sad fantastic tune of the few weird notes, sounding as from a cave, which belong to the poet of " the Raven;" or the firm and trustworthy tone of Bryant, the transatlantic Campbell. He will be one who can appreciate the emphatic swing of "Ye Mariners," and the mysterious modulation in such words as " Wild roses and by serpentine." And he will greatly rejoice to remember that of the men who have enriched these pages and the world, some are still living, " to brighten the sunshine."

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# NIGHTINGALE VALLEY.

### TO THE NIGHTINGALE.



NIGHTINGALE, that on you blossny spray Warblest at eve, when all the woods are still, Thou with fresh hopes the lover's

heart dost fill,

While the jolly hours lead on propitions May.

The liquid notes that close the eye of day,

First heard before the shallow cuckoo's hill, Portend success in love. O! if Jove's will Have link'd that amorous power to thy soft lay, Now timely sing, are the rude bird of hate Forestell my hapless doom in some grove nigh, As thou from year to year hast sung too late For my relief, yet hadst no reason why.

Whether the Muse, or Love call thee his mate, Both them I serve, and of their train am I.

MILTOR.

31

# [WAKE, LADY!]

UP! quit thy bower, late wears the bour, Long have the rooks caw'd round the tower; O'er flower and tree loud hums the bee, And the wild kid sports merrily. The sun is bright, the sky is clear, Wake, lady! wake, and hasten here.

Up! maken fair, and bind thy hair, And rouse thee in the breezy air: The lulling stream that soothed thy dream Is dancing in the sumy beam. Waste not these hours, so fresh, so gay, Leave thy soft couch, and haste away.

Up! time will tell the morning bell
Its service-sound has chimed well:
The aged crone keeps house alone,
The reapers to the fields are gone;
Lose not these hours, so cool, so gay,
Lo! while thou sleep'st they haste away!

JOANNA BAILLIE.

### INSCRIPTION

FOR A POUNTAIN ON A HEATH.

THIS Sycamore, oft musical with bees,—
Such tents the Patriarchs loved! O long
unharm'd
May all its aged boughs o'er-canopy

The small round basin, which this jutting stone Keeps pure from falling leaves! Long may the Spring.

Quietly as a sleeping infant's breath,
Send up cold waters to the traveller
With soft and even pulse! Nor ever cesse
You tiny cone of sand its soundless dance,
Which at the bottom, like a Fairy's page,
As merry and no taller, dances still,
Nor wrinkles the smooth surface of the Fount.
Here twilight is and coolness: here is moss,
A soft sent, and a deep and ample shade.
Thou mayet toil far and find no second tree.
Drink, Pilgrim, here; here, rest! and if thy heart
Be innocest, here too shalt thou refresh
Thy spirit, listening to some gentle sound,
Or passing gale or hum of murmaring bees!

Colentons.

# FAIR INES.

O SAW ye not fair Ines?
She's gone into the West,
To dazzle when the sun is down,
And rob the world of rest:
She took our daylight with her,
The smiles that we love best,
With morning blushes on her cheek,
And pearls upon her breast.

O turn again, fair Ines, Before the fall of night, For fear the moon should shine alone, And stars unrivall'd bright; And blessed will the lover be That walks beneath their light, And breathes the love against thy check I dare not even write !

Would I had been, fair Ines, That gallant cavalier, Who rode so gaily by thy side, And whisper'd thee so near! Were there no bonny dames at home, Or no true lovers here, That he should cross the seas to win The dourest of the dear?

I saw thee, lovely Incs, Descend along the shore With bands of noble gentlemen, And hanners waved before; And gentle youth and maidens gay, And mowy plumes they wore ;-It would have been a beauteous dream,-If it had been no more!

Alas, alas, fair Ines, She went away with song, With music waiting on her steps, And shoutings of the throng ; But some were sad and felt no mirth, But only music's wrong, In sounds that sang farewell, farewell, To her you've loved so long.

Farewell, farewell, fair Incs, That vessel never bore So fair a lady on its deck, Nor danced so light before,- NIGHTINGALE VALLEY.

Alas, for pleasure on the sea, And serrow on the shore! The smile that blest one lover's heart Has broken many more!

#### SIC VITA.

IKE to the falling of a star, Or as the flightes of eagles are, Or like the fresh Spring's gaudie hue, Or allver drops of meening dowe, Or like a wind that chafes the flood, Or hubbles which on water stood,-E'en such is man-whose borrow'd light Is straight call'd in and paid to-night. The wind blows out, the bubble dies, The Spring entomb'd in Autumn lies, The dewe's dried up, the star is shot, The flight is past-and man forgot.

# [A SONNET UPON SONNETS.]

'UNS fret not at their convent's narrow And hermits are contented with their cells; And students with their pensive citadels; Maids at the wheel, the weaver at his loom, Sit blithe and happy; bees that sear for bloom, High as the highest Peak of Furness-fells, Will murmur by the hour in foxglove bells:

In truth, the prison, unto which we doem Ourselves, no prison is: and hence to me, In sundry moods, 'twas pastime to be bound Within the sonnet's scanty plot of ground: Pleased if some souls (for such there needs must be)

Who have felt the weight of too much liberty, Should find brief solace there, as I have found.

WORDSWORTH.

# JOCK O' HAZELDEAN.

"WHY weep ye by the tide, ladye?
Why weep ye by the tide?
I'll wed you to my youngest soo,
And ye shall be his bride.
And ye shall be his bride, ladye,
Sae comely to be seen"—
But aye she loot the tears doon fa'
For Jock o' Hazeldean.

"Now let this wilfu' grief be done, And dry that check so pale: Young Frank is chiof of Errington, And lord of Langley-dale; His step is first in peaceful ha', His sword in battle keen,"— But aye she loot the tears doon fa' For Jock o' Hazeldean,

" A chain of gold ye shall not lack, Nor braid to bind your hair; Nor mettled hound, nor managed hawk, Nor palfrey fresh and fair; And you, the foremost o' them a',
Shall ride our forest queen"—
But uye she loot the tenrs doon fa'
For Jock o' Hazeldean.

The kirk was deck'd at morning-tide,
The tapers glimmer'd fair;
The priest and bridegroom wait the bride,
And dame and knight were there.
They sought her baith by bower and ha';
The lady was not seen:
She's o'er the border and awa'
W? Jock o' Hazeldean!

SCOTT.

# THE PASSIONATE SHEPHEARD TO HIS LOVE.

COME live with me, and be my Love, And we will all the pleasures prove That vallies, groves, hills, and fields, Woods or steepic mountaines yields.

And we will sit upon the rockes Seeing the shepheards feede their flockes By shallow rivers, to whose falls Melodious birds sing madrigalls.

And I will make thee beds of roses, And a thousand fragrant posies, A cap of flowers, and a kirtle Imbroydered all with leaves of myrtle: A gowne made of the finest wooll Which from our pretty lambs we pull; Fair lindd slippers for the cold, With buckles of the purest gold:

A belt of straw, and ivie buds, With corall clasps and amber studs: And if these pleasures may thee move, Couse live with me, and be my Leve.

The Shepheard swaines shall dance and sing For thy delights each May-morning: If these delights thy mind may move, Then live with me, and be my Love. CRAISTOPHER MARLOWS.

### TO-DAY.

SO here bath been dawning Another blue day; Think wilt thou let it Slip useless away.

Out of Eternity
This new Day is born;
Into Eternity,
At night, will return.

Behold it aforetime No eye ever did; So soon it for ever From all eyes is hid. Here hath been dawning Another blue Day: Think wilt thou lot it Slip useless away. T. Cablyle.

# THE SEVEN SISTERS; OR, THE SOLITUDE OF BINNORIE.

Seven daughters had Lord Archibald,
All children of one mother:
You could not say in one short day
What love they bore each other.
A garland, of seven lilies wrought!
Seven sisters that together dwell;
But he, bold Knight as ever fought,
Their Futher, took of them no thought,
He loved the wars so well.
Sing, mournfully, oh! mournfully,
The colitude of Binnorie!

Fresh blows the wind, a western wind,
And from the shores of Erin,
Across the wave a Rover brave
To Binnorie is steering:
Right onward to the Scottish strand
The gallant ship is borne;
The warriors leap upon the land,
And hark! the Leader of the band
Hath blown his bugle born.
Sing, mournfully, oh! mournfully,
The solitude of Binnorie!

Control of the Contro

Beside a grotto of their own,
With boughs above them closing,
The seven are laid, and in the shade
They lie like fawns reposing.
But now, upstarting with affright
At noise of man and steed,
Away they fly to left, to right—
Of your fair household, Father-knight,
Methinks you take small heed!

Sing, mournfully, ch! mournfully,

The solitude of Binnorie !

EV.

Away the seven fair Campbells fly,
And, over hill and hollow,
With menace proud, and insult loud,
The youthful Rovers follow.
Cried they, "Your Father loves to roam:
Enough for him to find
The empty house when he comes home;
For us your yellow ringlets comb,
For us be fair and kind?"
Sing, mournfully, oh? mournfully,
The selitade of Binnorie!

.

Some close behind, some side by side,
Like clouds in stormy westber,
They run, and cry, "Nay, let us die,
And let us die together."
A lake was near; the shore was steep;
There never foot had been;
They ran, and with a desperate leap
Together plunged into the deep,
Nor ever more were seen.

Sing, mournfully, oh! mournfully, The solitude of Binnorie!

WE

The stream that flows out of the lake, As through the glen it rambles, Repeats a mean o'er moss and stone For those seven lovely Campbells. Seven little Islands, groen and bare, Have risen from out the deep: The fishers say, those sisters fair By fairies are all buried there, And there together sleep. Sing, mournfully, oh! mournfully, The solitude of Binnorie!

WORDSWORTH.

[SONG.]

(FROM " THE MILLER'S DAUGHTER.")

I T is the miller's daughter,
And she is grown so dear, so dear,
That I would be the jewel
That trembles at her ear:
For hid in ringlets day and night,
I'd touch her neck so warm and white.

And I would be the girdle
About her dainty, dainty waist,
And her heart would heat against use,
In sorrow and in rest:
And I should know if it heat right,
I'd clasp it round so close and tight.

And I would be the necklace,
And all day long to fall and rise
Upon her balmy bosom,
With her laughter or her sighs;
And I would lie so light, so light,
I scarce should be unclasp'd at night.

TENNYSUN.

#### AUTUMN.

#### A DIRGE.

THE warm sun is failing, the block wind is wailing.

The bare boughs are sighing, the pale flowers are dying;

And the year On the earth her death-bed, in a shroud of leaves dead

Is lying.

Come, months, come away.

From November to May.

In your saddest array.—

Follow the bier

Of the dead cold year,

And like dim shadows watch by her sepulchre.

The chill rain is falling, the nipt worm is crawling.
The rivers are swelling, the thunder is knelling
For the year;
The blithe swallows are flown, and the lizards
each gone

To his dwelling. Come, months, come away; Put on white, black, and grey; Let your light sisters play;
Ye, follow the bier
Of the dead cold year,
And make her grave green with tear on tear.
SHELLEY.

### THE AMULET.

Y OUR picture smiles as first is smiled,
The ring you gave is still the same,
Your letter tells, O changing child,
No tidings since it came.

Give me an annulet that keeps Intelligence with you, Red when you love, and rosier red, And when you love not, pale and blue.

Alus, that neither bonds nor vows

Can certify pessession;

Torments me still the fear that love
Died in its last expression.

Exerson.

# THE CHARACTER OF A HAPPY LIFE.

HOW happy is he been and taught, That serveth not another's will; Whose armour is his honest thought, And simple truth his utmost skill! Whose passions not his masters are; Whose soul is still prepared for death; Untied unto the worldly care Of publick fame or private breath:

Who envices none that chance doth raise, Or vice; who never understood How deepest wounds are given by praise; Nor rules of state, but rules of good:

Who hath his life from humours freed;
Whose conscience is his strong retrent;
Whose state can neither flatterers feed,
Nor ruin make accusers great;

Who late and early doth God pray
More of his grace than gifts to lend;
And entertains the harmless day
With a well-chosen book or friend:

This man is freed from servile bands
Of hope to rise, or fear to fall;
Lord of himself, though not of lands;
And having nothing, yet hath all.
Siz Henry Worrox.

# [WANT OF SLEEP.]

A PLOCK of sheep that leisurely pass by, One after one; the sound of rais, and trees Marauaring; the fall of rivers, winds and seas, Smooth fields, white sheets of water, and pure sky; I thought of all by turns, and yet I lie
Sleepless! and soon the small birds' melodics
Must hear, first utter'd from my orchard trees;
And the first cuckoo's melancholy cry.
Even thus last night, and two nights more, I lay,
And could not win thee, Sleep! by any stealth:
So do not let me wear to-night away;
Without Thee what is all the morning's wealth?
Come, blessed barrier between day and day,
Dear mother of fresh thoughts and joyous health!
Wonneworn.

# ABOU BEN ADHEM AND THE ANGEL.

(D'HERRELOT-BIBLIOTHEQUE ORIENTALE, 1781, TOM. L. P. 161.)

A BOU Ben Adhem (may his tribe increase)

Awoke one night from a deep dream of peace,

And saw, within the mosalight in his room, Making it rich, and like a lily in bloom, An angel writing in a book of gold:— Exceeding peace had made Ben Adhem bold, And to the presence in the room he said, "What writest thou?"—The vision raised its

And with a look made of all sweet accord, Answer'd, "The names of those who love the Lord."

"And is mine one?" said Abou. "Nay, not so,"
Replied the Angel. Abou spoke more low,

NIGHTINGALE VALLEY.

But cheerly still; and said, "I pray thee then, Write me as one that loves his follow-men."

The angel wrote, and vanish'd. The next night It came again with a great wakening light, And show'd the names whom love of God had bless'd.

And lo! Ben Adhem's name led all the rest.

Luigh Howr.

### LUCY ASHTON'S SONG.

[PRON "THE BEIDE OF LAMMERNOOE."]

OOK not thou on beauty's charming;
Sit thou still when kings are arming;
Taste not when the wine cup glistens;
Speak not when the people listens;
Stop thise car against the singer;
From the red gold keep thy finger;
Vacant heart and hand and eye,
Easy live and quiet die.

SCOTT.

### A DREAM.

I HEARD the dogs howl in the monolight night, And I went to the window to see the sight; All the dead that ever I knew Going one by one and two by two.

On they pass'd, and on they pass'd; Townsfellows all from first to last; Born in the moonlight of the lane, And quench'd in the heavy shadow again.

Schoolmates, murching as when we play'd At soldiers once—but now more staid; Those were the strangest sight to me Who were drown'd, I knew, in the nwful sen.

Straight and handsome folk; beat and weak too; And some that I loved, and gasp'd to speak to; Some but a day in their churchyard bed; And some that I had not known were dead.

A long, long crowd—where each seem'd loady. And yet of them all there was one, one only, That raised a head, or look'd my way; And she seem'd to linger, but might not stay.

How long since I now that fair pale face!

Ah, mother dear, might I only place

My head on thy breast, a moment to rest,

While thy hand on my tearful check were prest!

On, on, a moving bridge they made Across the moon-stream, from shade to shade: Young and old, women and men; Many long-forgot, but remember'd then.

And first there came a bitter laughter; And a sound of tears a moment after; And then a music so lofty and gay, That every morning, day by day, I strive to recal it if I may.

W. ALLENGHAM

### ODE TO THE CUCKOO.

HAIL, benateous stranger of the grove!

Thou messenger of Spring!

Now Heaven repairs thy rural seat,

And woods thy welcome sing.

What time the daisy decks the green, Thy certain voice we bear: Hast thou a star to guide thy path, Or mark the rolling year?

Delightful visitant! with thee
I hall the time of flowers,
And hear the sound of music sweet
From birds among the bowers.

The schoolboy, wandering in the wood To pull the primrose gay, Starts, the new voice of Spring to hear, And imitates thy lay.

Soon as the pea puts on the bloom, Thou fliest thy vocal vale, An annual guest in other lands, Another Spring to hall.

Sweet bird! thy hower is ever green, Thy sky is ever clear; Thou hast no sorrow in thy song, No Winter in thy year!

O could I fly, I'd fly with thee!

We'd make, with joyful wing,

Our annual visit o'er the globs,

Companions of the Spring.

Jons Logan.

### CORONACH.1

[FROM " THE LADY OF THE LAKE."]

HE is gone on the mountain,
He is lost to the forest;
Like a summer-dried fountain,
When our need was the serest.
The font, resppearing.
From the rain-drops shall becrow;
But to us comes no cheering,
No Duncan to-morrow.

The hand of the renper
Takes the ears that are heary;
But the voice of the weeper
Wails manhood in glory;
The autumn winds rushing
Waft the leaves that are screet,
But our flower was in flushing
When blighting was nearest.

Fleet foot on the corroi,\*
Sage counsel in cumber,
Red hand in the forsy,
How sound is thy slumber!
Like the dew on the mountain,
Like the foam on the river,
Like the bubble on the fountain,
Thou art gone, and for ever!

SCOTT

† Chrowack, funeral song. † Carrei, the hollow side of the hill. I T is not beautie I demand,
A chrystall brow, the moon's despair,
Nor the snow's daughter, a white hand,
Nor mermaid's yellow pride of hair.

Tell me not of your starrie eyes,
Your lips, that seem on roses fed,
Your breastes, where Cupid tumbling lies,
Nor sleeps for kissing of his bed,—

A bloomic pair of vermeil checks, Like Hebe's in her ruddiest hears, A breath that softer musick speaks Than summer winds a-wooning flow'rs.

These are but gauds: nay, what are lips? Corall beneath the oceas-stream, Whose brink when your adventurer slips, Full off he perisheth on them.

And what are checks, but ensigns oft That wave hot youth to fields of blood? Did Helen's breast, though ne'er so soft, Do Greece or Himm any good?

Eyes can with baleful ardour burn;
Poison can breath, that erst perfum'd;
There's many a white hand holds an urn,
With lovers' hearts to dust consumed.

For chrystall brows, there's nought within; They are but empty cells for pride; He who the Syren's hair would win, Is mostly strangled in the tide. Give me, instead of Beautie's bust, A tender heart, a loyall mind, Which with temptation I would trust, Yet never link'd with error find,—

One in whose geatle bosom I
Could pour my secret heart of woes,
Like the care-burthen'd honey-flie,
That hides his murmurs in the rose,—

My earthlie comforter! whose love So indefeasible might be, That, when my spirit woun'd above, Hers could not stay, for sympathy.

# THE QUESTION.

I DREAM'D that, as I wunder'd by the way,
Bare Winter suddenly was changed to Spring,
And gentle odours led my steps astray,
Mix'd with a sound of waters murmaring,
Along a shelving bank of turf, which lay
Under a copse, and hardly dared to fling
Its green arms round the bosom of the stream,
But kis'd it, and then fled, as thou mightest in
dream.

There grew pied wind-flowers and violets;

Daisies, those poarl'd Arcturi of the earth,
The constellated flower that never sets;

Faint oxlips; tender bluebells, at whose birth
The sod scarce heaved; and that tall flower that
wets
Its mother's face with heaven-collected tears,
When the low wind its playmate's voice it hears.

And in the warm hedge grew lush eglantine, Green cowbind and the mosnlight-colour'd

And cherry blossoms, and white cups, whose wine Was the bright dew yet drain'd not by the day; And wild roses, and ivy serpentine,

With its dark buds and leaves, wandering astray ; And flowers azure, black, and streak'd with gold, Fairer than any waken'd eyes behold.

And nearer to the river's trembling edge There grew broad flag-flowers, purple prankt with white.

And starry river-buds among the sedge, And floating water-lilies, broad and bright, Which lit the oak that overhung the hedge With moonlight beams of their own watery light; And bulrushes, and reeds of such deep green As soothed the dazzled eye with sober sheen.

Methought that of these visionary flowers I made a nosegay, bound in such a way That the same hues which in their natural bowers Were mingled or opposed, the like array Kept these imprison'd children of the Hours Within my hand, -and then, elate and gay, I hasten'd to the spot whence I had come, That I might there present it! Oh! to whom?

SHELLEY.

# BARTHRAM'S DIRGE.

(FROM " MINSTRELAY OF THE SCOTTISH BORDER.")

HEY shot him on the Nine-Stane Big. Beside the Headless Cross; And they left him lying in his blood, Upon the muir and moss.

They made a bier of the broken bough, The sough 1 and the aspen grey ; And they bore him to the Lady Chapel, And waked him there all day.

A lady came to that lonely hower, And threw her robes aside, She tore her 2ling-long yellow hair, And knelt at Barthram's side,

She bathed him in the Lady-Well, His wounds sae deep and sair; And she plaited a garland for his breast, And a garland for his hair,

They row'd him in a lily sheet, And bare him to his earth, And the Grey Friars sung the dead man's mass, As they pass'd the Chapel-Garth.

They buried him at the mirk midnight, When the dew fell cold and still, When the aspen grey forgot to play, And the mist clung to the hill.

> 4 Sauch, " sally," willow, " Live beather.

They dug his grave but a hare foot deep, By the edge of the Nine-Stane Burn, And they cover'd him o'er wi' the heather-flower, The moss and the lady-fern.

A Groy Frisr stay'd upon the grave, And sang till the morning-tide; And a friar shall sing for Barthram's soul, While the Headless Cross shall bide.

# THE WORLD'S WANDERERS.

TELL me, thou star whose wings of light Speed thee in thy flery flight, In what cavern of the night Will thy pinious close now?

Tell me, moos, thou pale and grey Pilgrim of heaven's houseless way, In what depth of night or day Seekest thou repose now?

Weary wind who wanderest Like the world's rejected guest, Hast thou still some secret nest On the tree or billow?

SHELLEY.

# MY LAST DUCHESS.

### (FERRARA.)

HAT'S my last Duchess painted on the wall, Looking as if she were alive; I call That piece a wonder, now; Frà Pandolf's hands Work'd busily a day, and there she stands. Will't please you sit and look at her? I said " Frà Pandolf" by design, for never read Strangers like you that pictured countenance, The depth and passion of its earnest glance, But to myself they turn'd (since none puts by The curtain I have drawn for you, but I) And seem'd as they would ask me, if they durst, How such a glance came there; so not the first Are you to turn and ask thus. Sir, 'twas not Her husband's presence only, call'd that spot Of joy into the Duchess' cheek : perhaps Frà Pandolf chanced to say, "Her mantle laps Over my Lady's wrist too much," or " Paint Must never hope to reproduce the faint Half-flush that dies along her throat;" such stuff Was courtesy, she thought, and cause enough For calling up that spot of joy. She had A heart-how shall I say !- too soon made glad, Too easily impress'd; she liked whate'er She look'd on, and her looks went everywhere, Sir, 'twas all one! My favour at her breast, The dropping of the daylight in the West, The bough of cherries some officious fool Broke in the orchard for her, the white mule She rode with round the terrace-all and each Would draw from her alike the approving speech, Or blush, at least. She thank'd men,—good; but thank'd

Somehow,—I know not how—as if she rank'd
My gift of a nine hundred years old name
With anybody's gift. Who'd stoop to blame
This sort of trifling? Even had you skill
In speech—(which I have not)—to make your will
Quite clear to such an one, and say "Just this
Or that in you disgusts me; here you miss,
Or there exceed the mark"—and if she let
Herself be lesson'd so, nor plainly set
Her wits to yours, forsooth, and made excuse,
—E'en then would be some stooping, and I choose
Never to stoop. Oh Sir, she smilled, no doubt,
Whene'er I pass'd her; but who pass'd without
Much the same smille? This grew; I gave com-

Then all smiles stopp'd together. There she stands
As if alive. Will't please you rise? We'll meet
The company below then. I repeat
The Count your Master's known munificence
Is ample warrant that no just pretence
Of mine for dowry will be disallow'd;
Though his fair daughter's self, as I avow'd
At starting, is my object. Nay, we'll go
Together down, Sir! Notice Neptune, though,
Taming a sen-borse, thought a rarity,
Which Claus of Innsbruck cast in bronze for me.

ROBERT BROWNING.

SONG.

# [THE SEASON FOR WOOING.]

DOST thou idly ask to hear
At what gentle seasons
Nymphs relent, when lovers near
Press the tenderest reasons?
Ah, they give their faith too oft
To the careless wooer;
Maidens' hearts are always soft;
Would that men's were truer!

Woo the fair one, when around Early hirds are singing; When, o'er all the fragrant ground, Early herbs are springing; When the brookside, bank, and grove, All with blossoms laden, Shine with beauty, breathe of love,— Woo the timid maiden.

Woo ber when, with rosy blush,
Summer eve is sinking;
When on rills that softly gush
Stars are softly winking;
When, through boughs that knit the bower,
Moonlight gleams are stealing;
Woo ber, till the gentle bour
Wake a gentler feeling.

Woo her when autumnal dyes Tinge the woody mountain; When the dropping foliage lies In the weedy fountain; Let the scene, that tells how fast Youth is passing over, Warn her, ere her bloom is past, To secure her lover.

Woo her when the north winds call
At the lattice nightly;
When, within the closeful hall,
Blaze the fagots brightly;
While the wintry tempest round
Sweeps the landscape heary,
Sweeter in her car shall sound
Love's delightful story.

W. C. BETANT.

#### SONNET.

COMPOSED BY THE SIDE OF GRASMERS LAKE, 1807.

CLOUDS, lingering yet, extend in solid bars Through the grey west; and lo! these waters, steel'd

By breezeless air to smoothest polish, yield A vivid repetition of the stars; Jove, Venus, and the ruddy creat of Mars Amid his fellows beauteously revenl'd, At happy distance from earth's groaning field, Where ruthless mortals wage incessant wars. Is it a mirror?—or the nether Sphere Opening to view the abyss in which she feeds Her own calm fires?—But list! a voice is near; Great Pan himself low-whispering through the reeds,

"Be thankful, thou; for, if unholy deeds Ravage the world, tranquillity is here!"

WORDSWORTH.

#### HOHENLINDEN.

O N Linden, when the sun was low, All bloodless lay th' untrodden snow, And dark as winter was the flow Of Iser, rolling rapidly.

But Linden saw another sight, When the drum beat, at dead of night, Commanding fires of death to light The darkness of her scenery.

By torch and trumpet fast array'd, Each horseman drew his buttle-blade, And furious every charger neigh'd, To join the dreadful revelry.

Then shook the hills with thunder riven, Then rush'd the steed to battle driven, And louder than the bolts of heaven, Far flash'd the red artillery.

But redder yet that light shall glow On Lindon's hills of stained mow, And bloodier yet the torrent flow Of Iser, redling rapidly.

'Tis morn, but scarce you level sun Can pierce the war-clouds, rolling dun, Where furious Frank, and fiery Hun, Shout in their sulph'rous canopy.

The combat deepens. On, ye brave, Who rush to glory, or the grave! Wave, Munich! all thy banners wave, And charge with all thy chivalry!

Pew, few, shall part where many meet! The snow shall be their winding-sheet, And every turf beneath their feet Shall be a soldier's sepulchre.

CAMPBELL.

#### SONNET.

#### PROM THE PORTUGUESE.

HOW do I love thee? Let me count the ways.
I love thee to the depth and breadth and
height

My soul can reach, when feeling out of sight
For the ends of Being and Ideal Grace.
I love thee to the level of every day's
Most quiet need, by sun and candlelight.
I love thee freely, as men strive for Right;
I love thee purely, as they turn from Praise;
I love thee with the passion put to use
In my old griefs, and with my childhood's faith;
I love thee with a love I seem'd to lose
With my lost saints,—I love thee with the breath,
Smilles, tears, of all my life!—and, if God choose,
I shall but love thee better after death.

ELIZABETH BARRETT BROWNING.

### CLERK SAUNDERS.

OLD BALLAD.

CLERK Saunders and may Msrgaret
Walk'd ower you garden green;
And deep and beavy was the love
That fell thir twa between.

- " A bed, a bed," Clerk Saunders said,
  " A bed for you and me!"
- " Fye na, fye na," said may Margaret,
  "Till anes we married be."
- "Then I'll take the sword frac my scabbard, And slowly lift the pin; And you may swear, and save your aith, Ye never let me in.
- "Take you a napkin in your hand,
  Tie up your bonnie e'en,
  And you may swess and save your aith,
  Ye saw me na since yestreen."

It was about the midnight hour When they asleep were laid, When in and came her seven brothers W? torches burning red:

When in and come her seven brothers
Wi' torches burning bright;
They said, "We have but one sister,
And behold her lying with a knight!"

Then out and spake the first o' them,
"We will awa' and let them be."

And out and spake the second o' them,
"His father has not mair but he."

And out and spake the third o' them,
" I wot that they are lovers dear."

And out and spake the fourth o' them,
" They has been in love this mony a year."

Then out and spake the fifth o' them,

" It were great sin true love to twain."

And out and spake the sixth o' them,

" It were shame to slay a sleeping man."

Then up and gat the seventh o' them,
And never a word spake he;
But he has striped his bright brown brand
Out through Clerk Saunders' fair bodye.

Clerk Saunders he started, and Margaret she turn'd Into his arms as asleep she lay ; And sad and silent was the night That was atween thir twas.

And they lay still and sleepit sound, Until the day began to dawe, And kindly to him she did say, " It is time, true love, you were awn'."

But he lay still, and sloepit sound, Albeit the sun began to sheen; She look'd atween her and the wa', And dall and drowsie were his e'en.

Then in and came her father dear; Said-" Let a' your mourning be; I'll carry the dead corpse to the clay,
And I'll come back and comfort thee."

"Comfort weel your seven sons,
For comforted I will never be,
I trow 'twas neither knave nor loon
Was in the bower last night wi' me."

The clinking bell gaed through the town,
And carried the dead corpse to the clay.
Clerk Saunders stood at may Margaret's window,
I wot, an hour before the day.

"Are ye sleeping, Margaret?" he says,
"Or are ye waking presentlis?
Give me my faith and troth again,
I wot, true love, I gied to thee."

"Your faith and troth ye sall never get, Nor our true love sall never twin, Until ye come within my bower, And kiss me cheek and chin."

" My mouth it is full cold, Margaret,
It has the smell, now, of the ground;
And if I kiss thy comely mouth
Thy days will soon be at an end.

" O, cocks are crowing a merry midnight, I wot the wild fowls are beding day; Give me my faith and troth again, And let me fare me on my way."

"Thy faith and troth thou sall na get,
And our true love sall never twin,
Until ye tell what comes o' women,
Wot ye, who die in strong traivelling?"

35

"Their beds are made in the heavens high, Down at the foot of our good Lord's knee, Weel set about wi' gillyflowers; I wot, sweet company for to see.

" O, cocks are crowing a merry midnight, I wot the wild fowls are boiling day; The psalms of heaven will soon be sung, And I, ere now, will be miss'd away."

Then she has taken a chrison wand,
And she has stroken her troth thereen;
She has given it to him at the shot-window,
Wi' many a sad sigh and heavy groun.

"I thank ye, Marg'ret; I thank ye, Marg'ret; Ever I thank ye heartilis; But gin I were living, as I am dead, I'd keep my faith and troth with thee."

It's besen and shoon, and gown alone,
She climb'd the wall and follow'd him,
Until she came to the green forest,
And there she lost the sight o' him.

- "Is there ony room at your head, Saunders? Is there ony room at your feet? Is there ony room at your side, Saunders? Where fain, fain, I wad sleep."
- "There's use room at my head, Marg'res, There's use room at my feet; My bed it is fu' lowly now, Amang the hungry worms I sleep.
- \* Cauld mould it is my covering now, But and my winding-sheet;

The dew is falls and somer down Than my resting-place is weet."

Then up and crew the red red cock,
And up and crew the gray:
"Tis time, 'tis time, my dear Marg'ret,
That you were going away.

" And fair Marg'ret, and rare Marg'ret, And Marg'ret, o' veritie, Gin e'er ye love another man, Ne'er love him as ye did me."

#### INVOCATION OF SILENCE.

STILL-BORN Silence! thou that art
Flood-gate of the deeper heart!
Offspring of a heavenly kind,
Frost o' the mouth, and thaw o' the mind,
Secresy's confident, and he
Who makes religion mystery,
Admiration's speaking'st tongue,
Leave, thy desert shades among,
Reverend hermits' hallow'd cells,
Where retired Devotion dwells,—
With thy enthusiasms come,
Seize our tongues, and strike us domb!
RICHARD FARCKNOR.

#### CLARIBEL.

A MELODY.

WHERE Claribel low-lieth
The breezes pause and die,
Letting the rose-leaves fall:
But the solemn onk-tree sigheth,
Thick-leaved, ambrosial,
With an ancient melody
Of an inward agony,
Where Claribel low-lieth.

At eve the beetle boometh
Athwart the thicket lone:
At noon the wild-bee hummeth
About the moss'd headstone:
At midnight the moon couseth,
And looketh down alone.

Her song the lintwhite swelleth,
The clear-voiced mavis dwelleth,
The fledgling throatle lispeth,
The slumbrons wave outwelleth,
The bubbling runnel crispeth,
The hollow grot replieth
Where Claribel low-lieth.

THENTSON.

# [FRANCE SEEN FROM THE COAST OF ENGLAND.]

**SEPTEMBER**, 1802,

NLAND, within a hollow vale, I stood;
And saw, while sea was calm and air was clear,
The coast of France—the coast of France how near!
Drawn almost into frightful neighbourhood.
I shrunk; for verily the barrier flood
Was like a lake, or river bright and fair,
A span of waters; yet what power is there!
What mightiness for evil and for good!
Even so doth God protect us if we be
Virtuous and wise. Winds blow, and waters roll,
Strength to the brave, and Power, and Deity;
Yet in themselves are nothing! One decree
Spake laws to them, and said that by the soul
Only, the Nations shall be great and free.

WORDSWORTH.

# THE SOWER'S SONG.

OW hands to seed-sheet, boys,
We step and we cast; old Time's on wing;
And would ye partake of Harvest's joys,
The corn must be sown in Spring.
Fall gently and still, good corn,
Lie warm in thy earthy bed;
And sland so yellow some morn,
For beast and man must be fed.

Old Earth is a pleasure to see
In sunshiny cloak of red and green;
The furrow lies fresh; this Year will be
As Years that are past have been.
Foll gently, &c.

Old Mother, receive this corn,
The son of Six Thousand golden sires:
All these on thy kindly breast were born;
One more thy poor child requires.
Fall gently, &c.

Now steady and sure again,
And measure of stroke and step we keep;
Thus up and down we cast our grain:
Sow well and you gladly reap.
Fall gently and still, good corn,
Lie warm in thy earthy bed;
And stand so yellow some morn,
For beast and man must be fed.
T. Caratter.

#### SONG.

WHY so pale and wan, fond lover?
Prithoe, why so pale?
Will, when looking well can't move her,
Looking ill prevail?
Prithee, why so pale?

Why so dull and mute, young sinner, Prithee, why so mute? Will, when speaking well can't win her, Saying nothing do't? Prithee, why so mute? Quit, quit for shame: this will not move,
This cannot take her:
If of herself she will not love,
Nothing can make her.
The devil take her!
See Joan Suchano.

# I REMEMBER, I REMEMBER.

I REMEMBER, I remember,
The house where I was born,
The little window where the sun
Came peoping in at morn;
He never came a wink too soon,
Nor brought too long a day,
But now, I often wish the night
Had borne my breath away!

I remember, I remember,
The roses, red and white,
The violets and the lily-cups,
Those flowers made of light!
The lilacs where the robin built,
And where my brother set
The labarrum on his birth-day,—
The tree is living yet,

I remember, I remember,
Where I was used to awing,
And thought the air must rush as fresh
To swallows on the wing;
My spirit flew in feathers then,
That is so heavy now,
And summer pools could hardly cool
This fever on my brow!

I remember, I remember,
The fir-trees dark and high;
I used to think their slender tops,
Were close against the sky;
It was a childish ignorance,
But now 'tis little joy
To know I'm farther off from heav'n
Than when I was a boy.
Hoop,

#### SONNET.

### [THE IDLE VOYAGER.]

To What port I was bound! Secure as sleep,
I dwelt upon the bosom of the deep
And perilous sen. And though my ship was fraught
With rare and precious fancios, jewels brought
From fairy-land, no course I cared to keep,
Nor changeful wind nor tide I heeded anght,
But joy'd to feel the merry billows leap,
And watch the sunbeams dallying with the waves;
Or haply dream what realms beneath may lie,
Where the clear ocean is an emerald sky,
And mermaids warble in their coral caves,
Yet vainly weo me to their secret home:
And sweet it were for ever so to roam!

HARTLEY COLUMNIES.

# THE LOVER OF MUSIC TO HIS PIANO-FORTE.

OH friend, whom glad or grave we seek,
Heav'n-holding shrine!
I ope thee, touch thee, hear thee speak,
And peace is mine.
No fairy casket, full of bliss,
Outvalues thee;
Love only, waken'd with a kiss,

To thee, when our full hearts o'erflow
In griefs or joys,
Unspeakable emotions owe
A fitting voice:
Mirth flies to thee, and Love's unrest,
And Memory dear,
And Sorrow, with his tighten'd breast,
Comes for a tear.

More sweet may be.

Oh, since few joys of human mould
Thus wait us still,
Thrice bless'd be thine, thou gentle fold
Of peace at will.
No change, no sullenness, no cheat,
In thee we find;
Thy suddest voice is ever sweet,—
Thine answer, kind.
Lunan Hunt.

### THE FAIRIES.

A CHILD'S SONG.

Den the airy mountain,
Down the rushy glen,
We daren't go a-hunting
For fear of little men;
Wee folk, good folk,
Trooping all together;
Green jacket, red cap,
And white owl's feather!

Down along the rocky abore
Some make their bome,
They live on crispy pancakes
Of yellow tide-foam;
Some in the reeds
Of the black mountain-lake,
With fregs for their watch-dogs,
All night awake.

High on the hill-top
The old King sita;
He is now so old and gray
He's nigh lost his wits.
With a bridge of white mist
Columbkill be crosses,
On his stately journers
From Slieveleague to Rosses;
Or going up with music
On cold starry nights,
To sup with the Queen
Of the gay Northern Lights.

They stole little Bridget
For seven years long;
When she came down again
Her friends were all gone.
They took her lightly back,
Between the night and morrow,
They thought that she was fast asleep,
But she was dead with sorrow.
They have kept her ever since
Deep within the lakes,
On a bed of flag-leaves,
Watching till she wakes.

By the craggy hill-side,
Through the mosses bare
They have planted thern-trees
For pleasure here and there.
Is any man so daring
As dig one up in spite,
He shall find the thornies set
In his bed at night.

Up the siry mountain,
Down the rushy glen,
We daren't go a-hunting
For fear of little men;
Wee folk, good folk,
Trooping all together;
Green jacket, red cap.
And white owl's feather!

WILLIAM ALLINGBAM.

# THE LAST DAY OF AUTUMN.

(FROM THE GERMAN.)

THE year lies dying in this evening light:
The poet, musing in autumnal woods,
Hears mehancholy sighs
Among the wither'd leaves.

Not so: but like a spirit glorified
The augel of the year departs, lays down
His robes, once green in spring,
Or bright with summer's blue;

And, having done his mission on the earth,
Filling ten thousand vales with golden corn,
Orchards with rosy fruit,
And scattering flowers around,—

He lingers for a moment in the west, With the declining sun sheds over all A pleasant, farewell smile, And so returns to God.

# BALLAD.

SIGH on, sad heart, for Love's eclipse
And Beauty's fairost queen!
Though 'tis not for my peasant lips
To soil her name between.
A king might lay his sceptre down,
But I am poor and nought:
The brow should wear a golden crown
That wears her in its thought!

The diamonds glancing in her hair,
Whose sudden beams surprise,
Might bid such humble hopes beware
The glancing of her eyes.
Yet looking once, I look'd too long;
And if my love is sin,
Death follows on the heels of wrong,
And kills the crime within.

Her dress seem'd wove of lily-leaves,
It was so pure and fise;
O lofty wears, and lowly weaves!
But hoddan grey is mine.
And homely hose must step apart
Where garter'd princes stand;
But, may be wear my love at heart,
That wins her lily hand!

Alas! there's far from russet frieze
To silks and satin gowns;
I doubt if God made like degrees
In courtly hearts and clowns:
My father wrong'd a maidon's mirth,
And brought her checks to blame,
And all that's lordly of my birth,
Is my reproach and shame.

'Tis vain to weep, 'tis vain to sigh,
 'Tis vain this idle speech;
For where her happy pearls do lie,
 My tears may never reach.
Yet when I'm gons, e'en lofty pride
 May say of what has been,
His love was nobly born and died,
 Though all the rest was mean.

My speech is rude, but speech is weak Such love as mine to tell; Yet, had I words, I dare not speak; So, Lady, fare thee well! I will not wish thy better state Was one of low degree, But I must weep that partial fate Made such a churl of me.

Hoop.

#### TO DIANEME.

SWEET, be not proud of those two eyes.

Which star-like sparkle in their skies;
Nor be you proud that you can see
All hearts your captives, yours yet free;
Be you not proud of that rich hair
Which wantons with the love-sick air;
Whenas that ruby which you wear,
Sunk from the tip of your soft ear,
Will last to be a precious stone
When all your world of beauty's gone.

Нивиск.

# THE BELLS.

HEAR the sledges with the bells—
Silver bells!
What a world of merriment their melody foretells!
How they tinkle, tinkle, tinkle,
In the icy air of night!

While the stars that over-sprinkle
All the heavens, seem to twinkle
With a crystalline delight;
Keeping time, time,
In a sort of Runic rhyme,
To the tintinabulation that so musically wells
From the bells, bells, bells, bells,
Bells, bells, bells,
From the jingling and the tinkling of the bells.

Hear the mellow wedding bells, Golden bells! What a world of happiness their harmony fortells! Through the balmy air of night How they ring out their delight! From the molten-golden notes, And all in tune, What a liquid ditty floats To the turtle-dove that listens, while she gloats On the moon! Oh, from out the sounding cells, What a gush of euphony voluminously wells! How it swells ! How it dwells On the Future! how it tells Of the rapture that impels To the swinging and the ringing Of the bells, bells, bells, Of the bells, bells, bells, bells, Bells, bells, bells,-To the rhyming and the chiming of the bells !

rrr.
Hear the loud alarum bells—
Bruzen bells!

What a tale of terror, now, their turbulency tells!

In the startled car of night

How they scream out their affright!

Too much horrified to speak,

They can only shrick, shrick,

Out of tune.

In a clamourous appealing to the mercy of the fire, In a mad expostulation with the deaf and frantic

Leaping higher, higher, higher,
With a resolute endeavour
Now—now to sit, or never,
By the side of the pale-faced moon.
Oh, the hells, hells, bells!
What a tale their terror tells
Of Despair!

How they clang, and clash, and roar! What a horror they outpour On the bosom of the palpitating air!

Yet the ear it fully knows, By the twanging,

And the clanging, How the danger chks and flows;

Yet the ear distinctly tells, In the jangling,

And the wrangling,

How the danger sinks and swells, By the sinking or the swelling in the anger of the bells—

Of the bells—
Of the bells, bells, bells, bells,
Bells, bells—
In the clamor and the clanger of the bells!

Hear the tolling of the bells— Iron bells! What a world of soleran thought their monody compels!

In the silence of the night,
How we shiver with affright
At the melanchely menace of their tone!
For every sound that floats
From the rust within their throats

Is a groun.

And the people—ah, the people—
They that dwell up in the steeple,
All alone:

And who, telling, telling, telling.

In that muffled monotone,

Feel a glory in so rolling

On the human boart a stone—

They are neither man nor woman—

They are neither brute nor human—

They are Ghouls!
And their king it is who talls;
And he rolls, rolls, rolls,
Rolls

A pean from the bells!
And his merry bosom swells
With the pean of the bells!
And he dances and he yells;
Keeping time, time, time,
In a sort of Runic rhyme,
To the pean of the bells—
Of the bells:

Keeping time, time, time,
In a sort of Banis rhyme,
To the throbbing of the bells—
Of the bells, bells, bells,—
To the sobbing of the bells;
Keeping time, time, time,
As he knells, knells, knells,

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In a happy Rusic rhyme,

To the rolling of the bells—

Of the bells, bells, bells,—

To the tolling of the bells,

Of the bells, bells, bells—

Bells, bells, bells—

To the moaning and the groaning of the bells.

Edgar A. Pos.

#### TO MARY IN HEAVEN.

THOU lingering star with lessening ray,
'That lov'st to greet the early morn,
Again thou usherest in the day
My Mary from my soul was torn.
Oh Mary! dear departed shade!
Where is thy place of blissful rest?
See'st thou thy lover lowly laid?
Hear'st thou the grouns that rend his breast?

That sacred hour can I forget!—
Can I forget the hallow'd grove,
Where by the winding Ayr we met
To live one day of parting love!
Eternity will not efface
Those records dear of transports past!
Thy image at our last embrace—
Ah! little thought we 'twis our last!

Ayr, gurgling, kiss'd his pebbled shore, O'erhung with wild woods, thickening green; The fragrant birch, and hawthorn hoar, Twined amorous round the raptured scene. The flowers sprung wanton to be press'd,
The birds sung love on every spray,
Till too, too soon, the glowing west
Proclaim'd the speed of winged day.

Still o'er these scenes my memory wakes,
And fondly broads, with miser care,
Time but the impression deeper makes,
As streams their channels deeper wear.
My Mary! dear departed shade!
Where is thy place of blissful rest?
See'st thou thy lover lowly laid?
Hear'st thou the groans that rend his breast?
Burns.

#### "THE NORTHERN STAR."

[A TYNEMOUTH SHIP.]

THE Northern Stor
Sal'Id over the bar,
Bound to the Baltic Sea—
In the marning grey
She stretch'd away,—
"Twas a weary day to me.

For many an hour, In sleet and shower, By the lighthouse rock I stray; And watch till dark For the winged barque Of him that is far away. The castle's bound! I wander round Amidst the grassy graves, But all I hear Is the north wind drear, And all I see are the waves.

The Northern Star Is set afar Set in the Baltic Sea; And the waves have spread The sandy bed That holds my love from me.

TO LUCASTA. GOING TO THE WARRES.

[PUBLISHED 1649.]

TELL me not, Sweet, I am unkinde, That from the Numerie Of thy chaste breast and quiet minde, To Warre and Armes I flie.

True, a new Mistresse now I chase, The first Foe in the Field; And with a stronger faith imbrace

A Sword, a Horse, a Shield.

The castle's bound-Tynemouth rastle, the grounds of which are used as a cemetery, or were when this was written.

Yet this inconstancy is such As you too shall adore; I could not love thee, Dearc, so much, Loved I not Honour more.

RICHARD LOVELACE.

### A FAREWELL.

LOW down, cold rivalet, to the sea, Thy tribute wave deliver: No more by thee my steps shall be, For ever and for ever.

Flow, softly flow, by lawn and lea, A rivulet then a river : No where by thee my steps shall be, For ever and for ever.

But here will sigh thine alder tree, And here thine aspen shiver; And here by thee will hum the bee, For ever and for ever.

A thousand suns will stream on thee, A thousand moons will quiver; But not by thee my steps shall be, For ever and for ever.

TENNYSON.

#### SONNET.

[TWILIGHT AMONG MOUNTAINS.]

HAIL, Twilight, severeign of one peaceful hour!

Not dull art Thou as undiscerning Night;
But studious only to remove from sight
Day's mutable distinctions.—Ancient Power!
Thus did the waters gleam, the mountains lower,
To the rude Briton, when, in wolf-skin vest
Here roving wild, he laid him down to rest
On the bare rock, or through a leafy bower
Lock'd ere his eyes were closed. By him was seen
The self-same Vision which we now behold,
At thy meek bidding, shadowy Power! brought
forth;

These mighty burriers, and the galf between; The flood, the stars,—a spectacle as old As the beginning of the beavens and earth!

WORDSWORTH.

# [INTRODUCTION TO "SONGS OF INNOCENCE."]

PIPING down the valleys wild,
Piping songs of pleasant glee,
On a cloud I saw a child,
And he, laughing, said to me,

" Pipe a song about a lamb," So I piped with merry cheer; " Piper, pipe that song again," So I piped, he wept to hear.

"Drop thy pipe, thy happy pipe, Sing thy songs of happy cheer;" So I sung the same again, While he wept with joy to hear.

" Piper, sit thee down and write In a book, that all may read." So he vanish'd from my sight; And I pluck'd a hollow reed;

And I made a rural pen,
And I stain'd the water clear,
And I wrote my happy songs,
Every child may joy to bear.
William Blake.

SONG.

THE OWL.

WHEN cats run home and light is come,
And dow is cold upon the ground,
And the far-off stream is dumb,
And the whirring sail goes round,
And the whirring sail goes round;
Alone, and warming his five wits,
The white owl in the belfry sits.

When merry milkmaids click the latch,
And rarely smells the new-mown hay,
And the cock hath sung beneath the thatch
Twice or thrice his roundelay,

Twice or thrice his roundelay:
Alone, and warming his five wits,
The white owl in the belfry sits.

TENNYSON.

#### SONNET.

#### TO MR. LAWRENCE.

AWRENCE, of virtuous father virtuous son, Now that the fields are dank and ways are mire.

Where shall we sometimes meet, and by the fire Help waste a sullen day, what may be won From the hard season gaining? Time will run On smoother, till Favonius re-inspire

The frozen earth, and cloths in fresh attire The lily and rose that neither sew'd nor spun. What next repast shall feast us, light and choice,

Of Attic taste, with wine, whence we may rise To hear the lute well touch'd, or artful voice

Warble immortal notes and Tuscan air? He who of these delights can judge, and spare To interpose them oft, is not unwise.

MILTON.

#### THE DREAM OF EUGENE ARAM.

TWAS in the prime of summer time, An evening calm and cool, And four-and-twenty happy boys Came bounding out of school: There were some that ran, and some that leapt, Like troutlets in a pool.

Away they sped with gamesome minds, And souls untouch'd by sin; To a level mead they came, and there They drave the wickets in: Pleasantly shone the setting sun Over the town of Lynn.

Like sportive deer they coursed about,
And shouted as they run—
Turning to mirth all things of earth,
As only beybood can:
But the usher sat remote from all,
A melancholy man!

His hat was off, his vest apart,

To catch beaven's blessed breeze;
For a burning thought was in his brow,

And his bosom ill at ease:
So he lean'd his head on his hands, and read

The book between his knees!

Leaf after leaf he turn'd it o'er,
Nor ever glanced aside;
For the peace of his soul he read that book
In the golden eventide:
Much study had made him very lean,
And pale, and leaden-eyed.

At last he shut the ponderous tome;
With a fast and ferrent grasp
He strain'd the dusky covers close,
And fix'd the brazen hasp:
"O God, could I so close my mind,
And clasp it with a clasp!"

Then leaping on his feet upright,
Some moody turns he took;
Now up the mead, then down the mead,
And past a shady nock;
And lo! he saw a little boy
That pored upon a book!

" My gentic lad, what is't you read—
Romance or fairy fable?
Or is it some historic page,
Of kings and crowns unstable?"
The young boy gave an upward glance—
"It is the Death of Abel."

The usher took six hasty strides,
As smit with sudden pain;
Six hasty strides beyond the place,
Then slowly back again:
And down he sat beside the lad,
And talk'd with him of Cain;

And, long since then, of bloody men, Whose deeds tradition saves; Of lonely folk cut off unseen, And hid in sudden graves; Of horrid stabs, in groves forlorn, And murders done in caves;

And how the sprites of injured men Shrick upward from the sod— Aye, how the ghostly hand will point To show the burial clod; And unknown facts of guilty acts Are seen in dreams from God!

He told how murderers walk'd the earth Beneath the curse of CainWith crimson clouds before their eyes, And flames about their brain: For blood has left upon their souls Its everlasting stain!

"And well," quoth he, "I know, for truth,
Their pangs must be extreme—
Wo, wo, unutterable wo—
Who spill life's sacred stream!
For why? Methought last night I wrought
A murder in a dream!

"One that had never done me wrong—
A feeble man, and old;
I led him to a lonely field,
The moon shome clear and cold:
Now here, said I, this man shall die,
And I will have his gold!

"Two sudden blows with a ragged stick,
And one with a heavy stone,
One hurried gash with a heaty knife—
And then the deed was done:
There was nothing lying at my foot,
But lifeless fiesh and bone!

"Nothing but lifeless flesh and bone, That could not do me ill; And yet I fear'd him all the more, For lying there so still: There was a manhood in his look, That murder could not kill!

"And lo! the universal air
Seem'd lit with ghastly flame—
Ten thousand thousand dreadful eyes
Were looking down in blame:

I took the dead man by the hand, And call'd upon his name!

"Oh God, it made me quake to see Such sense within the slain! But when I touch'd the lifeless clay, The blood gush'd out amain! For every clot, a burning spot Was scorehing in my brain!

"My head was like an ardent coal, My heart as solid ice; My wretched, wretched soul, I knew, Was at the devil's price; A dozen times I groan'd; the dead Had never groan'd but twice!

"And now from forth the frowning sky,
From the heaven's topmost beight,
I heard a voice—the awful voice
Of the blood-avenging sprite:
'Thou guilty man! take up thy dead,
And hide it from my sight!'

"I took the dreary hody up, And cast it in a stream— A sluggish water, black as ink, The depth was so extreme. My gentle boy, remember this Is nothing but a dream!

"Down went the corse with a hollow plunge, And vanish'd in the pool; Anon I cleansed my bloody hands, And wash'd my forehead cool, And sat among the urchins young That evening in the school! O heaven, to think of their white souls, And mine so black and grim! I could not share in childish prayer, Nor join in evening hymn: Like a devil of the pit I seem'd, 'Mid holy cherubim!

"And peace went with them one and all, And each calm pillow sprend; But Guilt was my grim chamberlain That lighted me to bed, And drew my midnight curtains round, With fingers bloody red!

" All night I lay in agony,
In anguish dark and deep;
My fever'd eyes I dared not close,
But stared aghast at Sleep;
For Sin had render'd unto her
The keys of bell to keep!

"All night I lay in agony,
From weary chime to chime,
With one besetting horrid hint,
That rack'd me all the time—
A mighty yearning, like the first
Fierce impulse unto crime!

"One stern, tyramie thought, that made All other thoughts its slave; Stronger and stronger every pulse Did that temptation crave— Still urging me to go and see The dead man in his grave!

" Heavily I rose up—as soon As light was in the skyAnd sought the black accursed pool
With a wild misgiving eye;
And I saw the dead in the river bed,
For the faithless stream was dry!

"Merrily rose the lark, and shook
The dewdrop from its wing;
But I never mark'd its morning flight,
I never heard it sing;
For I was stooping once again
Under the horrid thing.

"With breathless speed, like a soul in chase,
I took him up and ran—
There was no time to dig a grave
Before the day began:
In a lonesome wood, with heaps of leaves,
I hid the murder'd man!

"And all that day I read in school,
But my thought was other where!
As soon as the mid-day task was done,
In secret I was there:
And a mighty wind had swept the leaves,
And still the corse was bare!

Then down I cast me on my face, And first began to weep, For I knew my secret then was one That earth refused to keep; Or land or sea, though he should be Ten thousand fathous deep!

\* So wills the fierce avenging sprite, Till blood for blood atones!
Aye, though he's buried in a cave,
And trodden down with stones. And years have rotted off his flesh-The world shall see his bones!

"Oh God, that borrid, horrid dream
Besets me now awake!
Again—again, with a dizzy brain,
The human life I take;
And my red right hand grows raging hot
Like Cranmer's at the stake.

"And still no peace for the restless clay
Will wave or mould allow:
The harrid thing pursues my soul—
It stands before me now!"
The fearful boy look'd up, and saw
Huge drops upon his brow!

That very night, while gentle sleep
The urchin cyclids kiss'd,
Two stern-faced men set out from Lyan,
Through the cold and heavy mist;
And Eugene Aram walk'd between,
With gyves upon his wrist.

O MAKE MUCH

Hoop.

TO THE VIRGINS, TO MAKE MUCH OF TIME.

ATHER ye rosebods while ye may!
Old Time is still a-flying:
And this same flower, that suiles to-day,
To-morrow will be dying.

The glorious lamp of heaven, the sun, The higher he's a-getting, The somer will his race be run, And nearer he's to setting.

That age is best which is the first, When youth and blood are warmer; But, being spent, the worse and worst Times still succeed the former.

Then be not coy, but use your time : And while ye may, go marry; For, having lost but once your prime, You may for ever tarry.

HERRICK.

#### PROTUS.

MONG these latter busts we count by scores, Half-emperors and quarter-emperoes, Each with his bay-leaf fillet, loose-thong'd vest, Loric and low-brow'd Gorgon on the breast; One loves a baby face, with violets there, Violets instead of laurel in the hair, As those were all the little locks could bear.

New read here. " Protus ends a period Of empery beginning with a god: Born in the porphyry chamber at Byzant; Queens by his cradle, proud and ministrant, And if he quicken'd breath there, twould like fire Pantingly through the dim vast realm transpire. A fame that he was missing, spread afar-The world, from its four corners, rose in war,

Till he was borne out on a balcony To pacify the world when it should see. The captains ranged before him, one, his hand Made baby points at, gain'd the chief command. And day by day more beautiful he grew In shape, all said, in feature and in hae. While young Greek sculptors gazing on the child Were, so, with old Greek sculpture reconciled. Already sages labour'd to condense In easy tomes a life's experience: And artists took grave counsel to impart In one breath and one hand-sweep, all their art-To make his graces prompt as blossoming Of plentifully-water'd palms in spring : Since well beseems it, whose mounts the throne, For beauty, knowledge, strength, should stand alone.

And mortals love the letters of his name."

Stop! Have you turn'd two pages? Still the same. New reign, same date. The scribe goes on to say How that same year, on such a month and day, " John the Pannonian, groundedly believed A blacksmith's bastard, whose hard hand reprieved The Empire from its fate the year before.-Came, had a mind to take the crown, and were The same for six years, (during which the Huns Kept off their fingers from us) till his sous Put something in his liquor"-and so forth. Then a new reign. Stay-" Take at its just worth" (Subjoins an annotator) " what I give As hearsay. Some think John let Protus live And slip away. 'Tis said, he reach'd man's age At some blind northern court; made first a page, Then, tutor to the children-last, of use About the hunting-stables. I deduce

He wrote the little tract 'On worming dogs,'
Whereof the name in sundry catalogues
Is extant yet. A Protus of the Race
Is rumour'd to have died a menk in Thrace,—
And if the sums, he reach'd scality."

Here's John the smith's rough-hammer'd head. Great eye. Gross jaw and griped lips do what granite can To give you the crown-grasper. What a man! ROBERT BROWNING.

#### SONG.

I WANDER'D by the brook-side,
I wunder'd by the mill,—
I could not bear the brook flow,
The noisy wheel was still;
There was no burr of grasshopper,
No chirp of any bird;
But the beating of my own heart
Was all the sound I heard.

I sat beneath the clus-tree,
I watch'd the long, long shade,
And as it grew still longer
I did not feel afraid;
For I listen'd for a footfall,
I listen'd for a word,—
But the beating of my own beart
Was all the sound I heard.

He came not,—no, he came not; The night came on alone; The little stars sat one by one Each on his golden throne; The evening air pass'd by my cheek,
The leaves above were stirr'd,—
But the beating of my own heart
Was all the sound I heard.

Fast silent tears were flowing,
When some one stood behind;
A hand was on my shoulder,
I knew its touch was kind:
It draw me nearer—nearer;
We did not speak a word,—
For the benting of our own hearts
Was all the sound we heard.
R. M. Mu.Nes.

#### THE NIGHTINGALE.

#### A CONVERSATION PORM.

Distinguishes the West, no long thin slip.
Of sullen light, no obscure trembling bues.
Come, we will rest on this old messy bridge!
You see the glimmer of the stream beneath,
But hear no murmaring: it flows silently,
O'er its soft bed of verdure. All is still,
A balmy night! and though the stars be dim,
Yet let us think upon the vernal showers
That gladden the green earth, and we shall find
A pleasure in the dimness of the stars.
And lark! the Nightingale begins its song,
"Most musical, most usclancholy" bird!"

<sup>\*</sup> Most maxical, most reducately.—This passage in Milton possesses an excellence far superior to that of more description. It is spoken in the character of the melancholy

A melancholy bird! Oh! idle thought!

In nature there is nothing melancholy.

But some night-wandering man whose heart was
pierced

With the remembrance of a grievous wrong, Or slow distemper, or neglected love, (And so, poor wretch! fill'd all things with himself, And made all gentle sounds tell back the tale Of his own sorrow) he, and such as he, First named these notes a melancholy strain, And many a poet echoes the conceit; Poet who hath been building up the rhyme When he had better far have stretch'd his limbs Beside a brook in mossy forest-dell, By sun or moon-light, to the influxes Of shapes and sounds and shifting elements Surrendering his whole spirit, of his song And of his flame forgetful! so his fame Should share in Nature's immortality, A venerable thing! and so his song Should make all Nature lovelier, and itself Be loved like Nature! But 'twill not be so; And youths and maidens most poetical, Who lose the deepening twilights of the spring In ball-rooms and hot theatres, they still Full of meek sympathy must heave their sighs O'er Philomela's pity-plending strains.

My Friend, and thou, our Sister! we have learnt A different lore: we may not thus profane Nature's sweet voices, always full of love And joyance! "Tis the merry Nightingale That crowds, and hurries, and precipitates

man, and has therefore a dramatic propriety. The author makes this remark, to rescue himself from the charge of having alluded with levity to a line in Milton. With fast thick warble his delicious notes, As he were fearful that an April night Would be too short for him to utter forth His love-chant, and disburthen his full soul Of all its music!

And I know a grove Of large extent, hard by a castle huge, Which the great lord inhabits not; and so This grove is wild with tangling underwood, And the trim walks are broken up, and grass, Thin grass and king-cups grow within the paths, But never elsewhere in one place I knew So many nightingales; and far and near, In wood and thicket, over the wide grove, They answer and provoke each other's song, With skirmish and capricious passagings, And murmurs musical and swift jug, jug, And one low-piping sound more sweet than all-Stirring the air with such a harmony, That should you close your eyes, you might almost Forget it was not day ! On moon-lit bushes, Whose dewy leaflets are but half disclosed, You may perchance behold them on the twigs, Their bright, bright eyes, their eyes both bright and full,

Glistening, while many a glow-worm in the shade Lights up her love-torch.

A most gentle Maid, Who dwelleth in her hospitable home Hard by the castle, and at latest eve

Hard by the castle, and at latest eve (Even like a Lady vow'd and dedicate To something more than Nature in the grove) Glides through the pathways; she knows all their notes.

That gentle Maid! and oft a moment's space,

What time the moon was lost behind a cloud,
Hath heard a pause of silence; till the moon
Emerging, hath awaken'd earth and sky
With one sensation, and those wakeful birds
Have all burst forth in choral minstrelsy,
As if some sudden gale had swept at once
A huadred airy harps! And she hath watch'd
Many a nightingale perch'd giddily
On blossomy twig still swinging from the brocze,
And to that motion tune his wanton song
Like tipsy joy that reels with tossing head.

Farewell, O Warbler! till to-merrow eve, And you, my friends! farewell, a short farewell! We have been leitering long and pleasantly, And now for our dear homes.-That strain again! Full fain it would delay me! My dear babe, Who, capable of no articulate sound, Mars all things with his imitative lisp, How he would place his hand beside his car, His little hand, the small forefinger up, And bid us listen! And I deem it wise To make him Nature's playmate. He knows well The evening-star; and once, when he awoke In most distressful mood (some inward pain Had made up that strange thing, an infant's dream) I hurried with him to our orehard-plot, And he beheld the moon, and, hush'd at once, Suspends his sobs, and laughs most silently, While his fair eyes, that awam with undropp'd tears, Did glitter in the yellow moon-beam! Well!-It is a father's tale : But if that Heaven Should give me life, his childhood shall grow up Familiar with these songs, that with the night He may associate joy .- Once more, farewell, Sweet Nightingale! Once more, my friends! farowell. Correspon.

# THE HAUNTED PALACE.

I N the greenest of our valleys,
By good angels tenanted,
Once a fair and stately palace—
Radiant palace—rear'd its head.
In the monarch Thought's dominion—
It stood there!
Never scraph waved a pinion
Over fabric half so fair.

Banners yellow, glorious, golden,
On its roof did float and flow,
(This—all this—was in the olden
Time long ago,)
And every gentle air that dallied
In that sweet day,
Along the ramparts plumed and pallid
A wingild odour went away.

Wanderers in that happy valley,
Through two luminous windows, saw
Spirits moving musically,
To a lute's well-tuned law,
Round about a throne, where sitting
(Porphyrogene!)
In state his glory well befitting,
The ruler of the realm was seen.

And all with pearl and ruby glowing
Was the fair palace door,
Through which came flowing, flowing, flowing,
And sparkling evermore,

A troop of Echoes, whose sweet duty
Was but to sing,
In voices of surpassing beauty.

In voices of surpassing beauty, The wit and wisdom of their king.

But evil things, in robes of sorrow,
Assail'd the monarch's bigh estate.

(Ah, let us mourn!—for never morrow
Shall dawn upon him desolate!)
And round about his home the glory
That blush'd and bloom'd,

Is but a dim-remember'd story Of the old time entomb'd.

And travellers, now, within that valley,
Through the red-litten windows see
Vast forms, that move fantastically
To a discordant melody,
While, like a ghastly rapid river,
Through the pale door
A hideous throng rush out for ever,
And laugh—but smile no more.
Engan A. Por.

# EVENING SONG OF THE PRIEST

OF PAN.]

(FROM " THE PAITHFUL SHEPBERDESS.")

SHEPHERDS all, and maidens fair, Fold your flocks up, for the air 'Gins to thicken, and the sun Already his great course hath run. See the dew-drops how they kiss Every little flower that is; Hanging on their velvet heads Like a rope of crystal beads; See the heavy clouds low-falling, And bright Hesperus down calling The dead Night from underground, At whose rising, mists unsound, Damps and vapours, fly apace Hovering o'er the wanton face Of these pastures; where they come Striking dead both bud and bloom. Therefore from such danger, lock Every one his loved flock, And let your dogs lie loose without, Lest the wolf come as a scout From the mountain, and, e'er day, Bear a lamb or kid away, Or the crafty thievish fox Break upon your simple flocks. To secure yourselves from these, Be not too secure in case; Let one eye his watches keep, While the other eye doth sleep; So shall you good shepherds prove, And for ever hold the love Of our great God. Sweetest slumbers And soft silence fall in numbers On your eyelids: so farewell; Thus I end my evening's knell.

Joss Flerchen.

#### THE FUGITIVES.

THE waters are flashing,
The white hall is dashing,
The lightnings are glancing,
The hear spray is dancing,
Away!

The whirlwind is rolling, The thunder is tolling, The forest is swinging, The minster bells ringing,— Come away!

The Earth is like Ocenn, Wreck-strewn and in motion; Bird, beast, man, and worm, Have crept out of the storm— Come away!

"Our boat has one sail,
And the behasman is pale;—
A bold pilot, I trow,
Who should follow us now,"—
Shouted he—

And she cried: "Ply the car; Put off gaily from shore!" As she spoke, bolts of death Mix'd with hail, speck'd their path O'er the sea. And from isle, tower, and rock, The blue bencon-cloud broke, Though dumb in the blast, The red cannon flash'd fast From the lee.

"And fear'st thou, and fear'st thou?
And see'st thou, and hear'st thou?
And drive we not free
O'er the terrible sea,
I and thou?"

One boat-cloak did cover The loved and the lover— Their blood beats one measure, They murmur proud pleasure Soft and low;—

While around, the lash'd Ocean, Like mountains in motion, Is withdrawn and uplifted, Sunk, shatter'd, and shifted, To and fro.

Iv.
In the court of the fortress
Beside the pale portress,
Like a bloodhound well beaten
The bridegroom stands, eaten
By shame;

On the topmost watch-turret, As a death-boding spirit, Stands the grey tyrant father,— To his voice the mad weather Seems tame; And with curses as wild As e'er cling to child, He devotes to the blast The best, loveliest, and last Of his name.

SHELLET.

# [TO A DEPARTED FRIEND.]

DOST thou look back on what hath been, As some divinely gifted man, Whose life in low estate began And on a simple village green;

Who breaks his birth's invidious bar,
And grasps the skirts of happy chance,
And breasts the blows of circumstance,
And grapples with his evil star;

Who makes by force his merit known And lives to clutch the golden keys, To mould a mighty state's decrees, And shape the whisper of the throne;

And moving up from high to higher, Becomes on Fortune's crowning slope The pillar of a people's hope, The centre of a world's desire;

Yet feels as in a pensive dream,
When all his active powers are still,
A distant dearness in the hill,
A secret sweetness in the stream,

The limit of his narrow fate,
While yet beside its vocal springs
He play'd at counsellors and kings,
With one that was his earliest mate;

Who ploughs with pain his native lea And reaps the labour of his hands, Or in the furrow masing stands; Does my old friend remember use?

In Memoriam.

SONG.

[PROM " AS TOO LIKE IT."]

Who loves to lie with me,
And tune his merry note
Unto the sweet bird's throat,
Come hither, come hither, come hither:
Here shall be see
No enemy
But winter and rough weather.

Who doth ambition shun,
And loves to live i' the sun;
Seeking the food he ests,
And pleased with what he gets,
Come hither, come hither, come hither:
Here shall he see
No enemy
But winter and rough weather.

SHARESPEARS.

#### SONNET.

ON FIRST LOOKING INTO CHAPMAN'S HOMER.

MUCH have I travell'd in the realms of gold, And many goodly states and kingdoms seen;

Round many western islands have I been Which bards in fealty to Apollo hold. Oft of one wide expanse had I been told That deep-brow'd Homer ruled as his demesne:

Yet did I never breathe its pure serene Till I heard Chapman speak out load and bold: Then felt I like some watcher of the skies,

When a new planet swims into his ken;
Or like stout Cortez when with eagle eyes
He stared at the Pacific—and all his men
Look'd at each other with a wild surmise—
Silent, upon a peak in Darien.

KEATS.

# THE APOLOGY.

THINK me not unkind or rude,
That I walk alone in grove and glen;
I go to the god of the wood,
To fetch his word to men.

Tax not my sloth that I
Fold my arms beside the brook;
Each cloud that floated in the sky
Writes a letter in my book.

Chide me not, laborious band, For the idle flowers I brought; Every aster in my hand Goes home loaded with a thought.

There was never mystery

But 'tis figured in the flowers,
Was never secret history,
But birds tell it in the bowers.

One harvest from thy field

Homeward brought the exen strong;
A second crop thine acres yield,

Which I gather in a song.

EMEBSON.

#### TIBBIE.

TURB " INVERCAULD'S REEL."

O TIBBIE, I has seen the day
Ye wadna been sas shy!
For laik o' goar ye lightly me;
But, trowth, I caresa by!

Yestreen I met you on the moor, Ye spak na, but gaed by like stoure; ' Ye geck at me because I'm poor; But fient a hair care I. Chorus. O Tibbie, &c.

> I doubten, lass, but ye may think, Because ye has the name o' clink,

<sup>1</sup> Stoure, a whirl of dust.

That ye can please me at a wink, Whene'er ye like to try:

But sorrow tak him that's sae mean, Although his pouch o' coin were clean, Wha follows ony sancy quean That looks sae proud and high!

Although a lad were ne'er sae smart, If that he want the yellow dirt Ye'll cast your head anither airt And answer him fu' dry:

But if he has the name o' gear Ye'll fasten to him like a brier, Though hardly he, for sense or lear, Be better than the kye.

But Tibbic, lass, tak my advice,— Your daddie's gear maks you sae nice; The deil a anc wad spier your price Were ye as poor as I;

There lives a lass in yonder park, I wadna gie her in her sark Foe thee wi' a' thy thousan' mark,— Ye needna look sae high!

Chorus. O Tibbis, I has seen the day
Ye wadna been sac shy!
For laik o' gear ye lightly me;—
But, trowth, I carena by!
Bunns.

# CHORAL SONG OF ILLYRIAN PEASANTS.

[PROM " KAPOLYA."]

The property of the measures of the measures of the measures of the measures of the flocks this morn, and scare the small birds from the corn. Not a soul at home may stay:

For the shepherds must go With lance and bow.

To hunt the wolf in the woods to-day.

Leave the hearth and leave the house
To the cricket and the mouse:
Find granuam out a sunny sent,
With babe and lambkin at her feet.
Not a soul at home may stay:
For the shepherds must go
With lance and bow
To bunt the wolf in the woods to-day.
Consumon.

#### THE RAVEN.

ONCE upon a midnight dreary, while I ponder'd, weak and weary,
Over many a quaint and curious volume of forgotten lore,

- While I nodded, nearly napping, suddenly there came a tapping,
- As of some one gently rapping, rapping at my chamber door.
- "Tis some visitor," I mutter'd, " tapping at my chamber door---

Only this, and nothing more."

- Ah, distinctly I remember it was in the bleak December,
- And each separate dying ember wrought its ghost upon the flow.
- Eagerly I wish'd the morrow; --vainly I had sought to borrow
- From my books surcease of sorrow-sorrow for the lost Lenore-
- For the rare and radiant maiden whom the angels name Lenore—

Nameless here for evermore.

- And the silken sad uncertain rustling of each purple cartain
- Thrill'd me—fill'd me with fantastic terrors never felt before;
- So that now, to still the beating of my heart, I stood repeating
- "Tis some visitor entreating entrance at my chamber door—
- Some late visitor entreating entrance at my chamber door;—

This it is, and nothing more."

- Presently my soul grew stronger; hesitating then no longer,
- "Sir," said I, " or Madam, truly your forgiveness I implore;

But the fact is I was napping, and so gently you came rapping,

And so faintly you came tapping, tapping at my chamber door,

That I scarce was sure I heard you"—here I open'd wide the door;— Darkness there, and nothing more.

Deep into that darkness peering, long I stood there wondering, fearing,

Doubting, dreaming dreams no mortal ever dared to dream before:

But the silence was unbroken, and the darkness gave no token,

And the only word there spoken was the whisper'd word, "Lenore!"

This I whisper'd, and an echo murmur'd back the word, "Lenore!" Merely this, and nothing more.

Back into the chamber turning, all my soul within me burning,

Soon I heard again a tapping somewhat louder than before,

" Surely," said I, "surely that is something at my window lattice;

Let me see, then, what thereat is, and this mystery explore—

Let my heart be still a moment and this mystery explore;—

"Tis the wind, and nothing more!"

Open here I flung a shutter, when, with many a flirt and flutter,

In there stepp'd a stately raven of the saintly days of yore; Not the least obeisance made he; not an instant stopp'd or stay'd he;

But, with mice of lord or lady, perch'd above my

Perch'd upon a bust of Pallas just above my chamber door-

Perch'd, and sat, and nothing more.

Then this ebony bird beguiling my and fancy into smiling.

By the grave and stern decorum of the countenance it wore,

"Though thy crest be shorn and shaven, thou," I

Ghastly, grim, and asscient raven wandering from the Nightly shore—

Tell me what thy lordly name is on the Night's Plutonian shore!"

Queth the raven, " Nevermore."

Much I marvell'd this ungainly fowl to hear discourse so plainly,

Though its uniwer little meaning—little relevancy

For we cannot help agreeing that no living human

Ever yet was blest with seeing bird above his chamber door-

Bird or beast upon the sculptured bust above his chamber door,

With such name as " Nevermore."

But the raven, sitting lonely on the placid bust, spake only

That one word, as if his soul in that one word he did outpour.

Nothing farther then he utter'd-not a feather then be flutter'd-

Till I searcely more than mutter'd " Other friends have flown before—

On the morrow he will leave me, as my hopes have flown before."

Then the bird said "Nevermore."

Startled at the stillness broken by reply so aptly spoken.

"Doubtless," said I, " what it utters is its only stock and store

Caught from some unhappy master whom unmerciful Disaster

Follow'd fast, and follow'd faster, till his songs one burden bore-

Till the dirges of his Hope that malancholy burden bore

Of 'Never-nevermore.'"

But the raven still beguiling all my sad soul into emiling.

Straight I wheel'd a cushion'd seat in front of bird, and bust, and door;

Then, upon the velvet sinking, I betook myself to linking

Fancy auto fancy, thinking what this ominous hird of vore-

What this grim, ungainly, ghastly, gaunt, and ominous bird of yore

Meant in croaking " Nevermore."

This I sat engaged in guessing, but no syllable expressing

To the fowl whose fiery eyes now burnt into my bosom's core; This and more I sat divining, with my head at ease reclining

On the cushion's velvet listing that the lamplight gloated o'er.

But whose velvet violet lining, with the lamplight gloating o'er,

She shall press, ah, nevermore !

Then, methought, the air grew denser, perfumed from an unseen censer

Swung by angels whose faint foot-falls tinkled on the tufted floor.

"Wretch," I cried, " thy God hath lent thee-by these angels he hath sent thee

Respite—respite and nepeaths from thy memories of Lenore!

Quaff, oh quaff this kind nepenthe and forget this lost Lengre!"

Quoth the raven, "Nevermore."

" Prophet!" said I, " thing of evil!—prophet still, if bird or devil!—

Whether Tempter sent, or whether tempest toss'd thee here ashore,

Desolate yet all undaunted, on this desert land enchanted—

On this home by Horror haunted—tell me truly, I implore—

Is there—is there balm in Gilead ?—tell me—tell me, I implore! "

Quoth the raven, " Nevermore."

" Prophet!" said I, "thing of evil-prophet still, if bird or devil!

By that Heaven that bends above us—by that God we both adoveTell this soul with sorrow laden if, within the distant Aidenn,

It shall clasp a sainted maiden whom the angels name Lenore-

Clasp a rare and radiant maiden whom the angels name Lenore."

Quoth the raven, " Nevermore."

"Be that word our sign of parting, bird or fiend!"

I shriek'd, upstarting—

"Get thee back into the tempest and the Night's Plutonian shore!

Leave no black plume as a token of the lie thy soul hath spoken!

Leave my loneliness unbroken !- quit the bust above my door!

Take thy beak from out my heart, and take thy form from off my door!"

Quoth the raven, " Nevermore."

And the raven, never flitting, still is sitting, still is sitting

On the pallid bust of Pallas just above my chamber door;

And his eyes have all the seeming of a demon's that is dreaming,

And the lamplight o'er him streaming throws his shadow on the floor;

And my soul from out that shadow that lies floating on the floor

Shall be lifted-acvermore!

E. A. Pos.

#### FLOWERS.

WILL not have the mad Clytic,
Whose head is turn'd by the sun;
The Tulip is a courtly quean,
Whom therefore I will shun;
The Cowslip is a country wench,
The Violet is a nun;
But I will woo the dainty Rose,
The queen of every one.

The Pea is but a wanton witch,
In too much haste to wed,
And clasps her rings on every hand;
The Wolfsbane I should dread;
Nor will I dreary Rosemarye,
That always mourns the dead;
But I will woo the dainty Rose,
With her cheeks of tender red.

The Lily is all in white, like a saint,
And so is no mate for no.—
And the Daisy's check is tipp'd with a blush,
She is of such low degree;
Jasmin is sweet, and has many loves,
And the Broom's betroth'd to the Bee;
But I will plight with the dainty Rose,
For fairest of all is she!

Hoop.

#### FABLE.

THE Mountain and the Squirrel Had a quarrel, And the former call'd the latter " Little Prig :" Bun replied, "You are doubtless very big, But all sorts of things and weather Must be taken in together To make up a year, And a sphere. And I think it no disgrace To occupy my place. If I'm not so large as you, You are not so small as I, And not half so spry : I'll not deny you make A very presty squirzel-track; Talents differ; all is well and wisely put; If I cannot carry forests on my back, Neither can you crack a nut."

EMERSON.

# AS I LAY A-THINKING.

A S I lay a-thinking, a-thinking, a-thinking,
Merry sang the Bird as she sat upon the
spray;
There came a noble Knight
With his hauberk shining bright,

And his gallant heart was light, Free, and gay; And as I lay a-thinking, he rode upon his way.

As I lay a-thinking, a-thinking, u-thinking,
Sadly sang the Bird as she sat upon the tree;
There seem'd a crimson plain,
Where a gallant Knight lay slain,
And a steed with broken rein
Ran free;
As I lay a-thinking—most pitiful to see.

As I lay a-thinking, a-thinking, a-thinking,
Merry sang the Bird as she sat upon the bough;
A lovely Maid came by,
And a gentle Youth was nigh,
And he breathed many a sigh
And a vow;
As I lay a-thinking—her heart was gladsome now.

As I lay a-thinking, a-thinking, a-thinking,
Sadly sang the Bird as she sat upon the thorn;
No more a Youth was there,
But a Maiden rent her hair,
And cried in sad despair,
"That I was born!"
As I lay a-thinking—she perished forlorn.

As I lay a-thinking, a-thinking, a-thinking,
Sweetly sang the Bird as she sat upon the briar;
There came a lovely Child,
And his face was meek and mild,
Yet joyously he smiled
On his sire;
As I lay a-thinking—a cherub might admire.

But as I lay a-thinking, a-thinking, a-thinking,
And sadly sang the Bird as it perch'd upon a bier;
That joyous smile was gone,
And the face was white and wan,
As the down upon the swan
Doth appear;
As I lay a-thinking—oh, bitter flow'd the tear!

As I hy a-thinking, the golden sun was sinking,
O merry sang that Bird as it glitter'd on her
breast
With a thousand gorgoous dyes,
While scaring to the skies
'Mid the stars she seem'd to rise
As to her nest;
As I lay a-thinking, her meaning was exprest:
"Follow, follow me away!
It boots not to delay,"—
('Twas so she seem'd to say)
"Here is rest!"

RICHARD H. BARHAM.

# A MAN'S REQUIREMENTS.

Love me in the lightest part,

Love me in full being.

Love me with thine open youth In its frank surrender; With the vowing of thy mouth, With its silence tender. Love me with thine azure eyes
Made for earnest granting;—
Taking colour from the skies,
Can Heaven's truth be wanting?

Love me with their lids that fall Snow-like at first meeting: Love me with thine heart, that all The neighbours then see beating.

Love me with thy hand stretch'd out Freely—open-minded: Love me with thy loitering foot,— Hearing one behind it.

Love me with thy voice that turns Sudden faint above me; Love me with thy blush that burns When I murmur "Love me!"

Love me with thy thinking soul— Break it to love-sighing; Love me with thy thoughts that roll On through living—dying.

Love me in thy gorgeous airs,
When the world has crown'd thee:
Love me, kneeling at thy prayers,
With the angels round thee.

Love me pure, as musers do, Up the woodlands shady: Love me gaily, fast, and true, As a winsome lady.

Through all hopes that keep us brave, Further off or nigher, Love me for the house and grave,-And for something higher.

Thus, if thou wilt prove me, dear.

Woman's love no fable,

I will love thee—half-n-year—

As a man is able.

ELIZABETH BARRETT BROWNING.

#### MEA CULPA.

A T me one night the angry moon Suspended to a rim of cloud Glared through the courses of the wind. Suddenly there my spirit bow'd And chrank into a fearful swoon That made me deaf and blind.

We sinn'd—we sin—is that a dream? We wake—there is no voice nor stir; Sin and repent from day to day, As though some recking murderer Should dip his hand in a running stream, And lightly go his way.

Embrace me, fisads and wicked men, For I am of your crew. Draw back, Pure women, children with clear eyes. Let Scorn confess me on his rack,— Stretch'd down by force, uplooking then Into the solemn skies!

Singly we pass the gloomy gate; Some robed in honour, full of peace, Who of themselves are not aware; Being fed with secret wickedness, And comforted with lies: my fate Moves fast; I shall come there,

All is so usual, hour by hour;
Men's spirits are so lightly twiel'd
By every little gust of sense;
Who lays to heart this common world?
Who lays to heart the Ruling Power,
Just, infinite, intense—?

Thou wilt not frown, O God. Yet we Escape not thy transcendent law; It reigns within us and without. What earthly vision never saw Man's naked soul may saddenly see, Dreadful, past thought or doubt.

BREAK, break, break,
On thy cold gray stones, O Sen!
And I would that my tongue could utter
The thoughts that arise in me.

O well for the fisherman's boy,
That he shouts with his sister at play!
O well for the sailor lad,
That he sings in his boat on the bay!

And the stately ships go on

To their haven under the hill;
But O for the touch of a vanish'd hand,
And the sound of a voice that is still!

Break, break, break,
At the foot of thy crigs, O Sea,
But the tender grace of a day that is dead,
Will never come back to me.

THENNYSON.

#### SONNET.

#### [ABSENCE.]

FROM you I have been absent in the spring.
When proud-pied April, dress'd in all his
trim.

Hath put a spirit of youth in everything,
That heavy Saturn laugh'd and leap'd with him.
Yet not the lays of birds, nor the sweet smell
Of different flowers in odour and in huc,
Could make me any summer story tell,
Or from their proud lap plack them where they

Nor did I wonder at the lilies' white,
Nor praise the deep vermillion of the rose,
They were but sweet, but figures of delight,
Drawn after you, you pattern of all those,—
Yet seem'd it winter still; and, you away,
As with your shadow I with these did play.

SHAKESPEARE.

#### THE TIGER.

TIGER, tiger, burning bright In the forest of the night! What immortal band or eye Could frame thy fearful symmetry?

97

In what distant deeps or skies Burnt the ardour of thins eyes? On what wings dure he aspire— What the hand dase seize the fire?

And what shoulder, and what art Could twist the sinews of thy hear!? And when thy heart began to beat, What dread hand form'd thy dread feet?

What the hammer, what the chain? In what furnace was thy brain? Did God smile his work to see? Did He who made the lamb make thee?

WILLIAM BLAKE.

#### SONG.

(FROM THE SPANISH OF IGLESIAS.)

A LEXIS calls me cruel;
The rifted crags that held
The gather'd ice of winter,
He says, are not more cold.

When even the very blossoms Around the fountain's brim, And forest walks can witness 'The leve I bear to him.

I would that I could utter
My feelings without shame;
And tell him how I love him,
Nor wrong my virgin fame.

Alas! to seize the moment When heart inclines to heart, And press a suit with passion, Is not a woman's part.

If no one comes to gather
The roses where they stand,
They fide among their foliage;
They cannot seek his hand.
W. C. BRYANT.

#### YARROW UNVISITED.

(See the various Poems, the scene of which is laid upon the banks of the Yarrow; in particular the exquisite Ballad of Hamilton, beginning:—

" Bush ye, healt ye, my benny, benny Bride, Bush ye, bush ye, my wissene Marrow !")

FROM Stirling castle we had seen
The many Porth unravell'd;
Had trod the banks of Clyde, and Tny,
And with the Tweed had travell'd;
And when we came to Clovenford,
Then said my "winsome Marrow,"
"Whate'er betide, we'll turn aside,
And see the Brass of Yarrow."

"Let Yarrow folk, frue Selkirk town, Who have been buying, selling, Go back to Yarrow, 'tis their own; Each maiden to her dwelling! On Yarrow's banks let herons feed, Hares coach, and rabbits burrow! But we will downward with the Tweed, Nor turn aside to Yarrow.

"There's Galla Water, Leader Haughs, Both lying right before us; And Dryborough, where with chiming Tweed The lintwhites sing in chorus; There's pleasant Tiviot-dale, a land Made blithe with plough and harrow; Why throw away a needful day To go in search of Yarrow?

"What's Yarrow but a river hare,
That glides the dark hills under?
There are a thousand such elsewhere
As worthy of your wonder."
Strange words they seem'd of slight and sourn;
My True-love sigh'd for sorrow;
And look'd me in the face, to think
I thus could speak of Yarrow!

"Oh! green," said I, " are Yarrow's holms, And sweet is Yarrow flowing! Fair hangs the apple frac the rock,<sup>1</sup> But we will leave it growing. O'er hilly path, and open Struth, We'll wander Scotland thorough; But, though so near, we will not turn Into the dale of Yarrow.

" Let beeves and home-bred kine partake. The sweets of Burn-mill mendow; The swan on still St. Mary's Lake Float double, swan and shadow! We will not see them; will not go, To-day, nor yet to-morrow; Enough if in our hearts we know There's such a place as Yarrow.

"Be Yarrow stream unseen, unknown!
It must, or we shall rue it:
We have a vision of our own;
Ah! why should we undo it?
The treasured dreams of times long past,
We'll keep them, winsome Marrow!
For when we're there, although 'tis fair,
'Twill be another Yarrow!

"If Care with freezing years should come, And wandering seem but folly,— Should we be loath to stir from home, And yet be melanchely; Should life be dull, and spirits low, "Twill soothe us in our serrow, That earth has something yet to show, The bonny holms of Yarrow!"

WORDSWORTH.

#### ADIEU.

Let time and chance combine, combine,

Let time and chance combine;

The fairest love from heaven above,

That love of yours was mine,

My dear,

That love of yours was mine.

<sup>1</sup> See Hamilton's Ballad as above.

The past is fied and gone, and gone,
The past is fied and gone;
If nought but pain to me remain,
I'll fare in memory on,
My dear,
I'll fare in memory on.

The saddest tears must fall, must fall,
The saddest tears must fall;
In weal or woe, in this world below,
I love you ever and all,
My dear,
I love you ever and all.

A long road full of pain, of pain,
A long road full of pain;
One soul, one heart, sworn ne'er to part,—
We ne'er can meet again,
My dear,
We ne'er can meet again.

Hard fate will not allow, allow,
Hard fate will not allow;
We blessed were as the angels are,
Adies for ever now,
My dear,
Adies for ever now.
T. CARLYLE.

#### TO A SKY-LARK.

E THEREAL minstrel! pilgrim of the sky!

Dost then despise the earth where cares
abound?

Or, while the wings upire, are heart and eye
Roth with thy nest upon the dewy ground?
Thy nest which thou caust drop into at will,
Those quivering wings composed, that music still!

To the last point of vision, and beyond,

Mount, daring warbler!—that love-prompted

strain

('Twixt thee and thine a never-failing bond)
Thrills not the less the bosom of the plain:
Yet might'st thou seem, proud privilege! to sing
All independent of the leafy spring.

Leave to the nightingale her shady wood;
A privacy of glorious light is thine;
Whence thou dost pour upon the world a flood
Of harmony, with instinct more divine;
Type of the wise who soar, but never roam;
True to the kindred points of Heaven and Home!
Wordsword.

# THE TWA CORBIES.

A S I was walking all alane,
I heard twa corbies making a mane;
The tane unto the t'ither did say,
"Whar sall we gang and dine the day?"

<sup>1</sup> Clobin, ravens.

" In behint you sald fail' dyke, I wot there lies a new-shin knight; And naebody kens that he lies there But his hawk, his hound, and his lady fair.

" His bound is to the hunting gane, His hawk to fetch the wild-fowl hame, His lady's ta'en anither mate, Sue we may mak' our dinner sweet.

"Ye'll sit on his white "hause-hane, And I'll pike out his bouny blue een; Wi' ac lock o' his gowden hair We'll theek" our nest when it grows bare.

" Mony a one for him makes mane, But nane sall ken whar he is gane. O'er his white banes, when they are bare, The wind sall blaw for evermair."

Scort's Border Minstrelay.

#### DIRGE FOR THE YEAR.

ORPHAN hours, the Year is dead, Come and sigh, come and weep! Merry hours, smile instead, For the Year is but asleep: See, it smiles as it is sleeping, Mocking your untimely weeping.

As an earthquake rocks a corse
In its coffin in the clay,
So white Winter, that rough nurse,
Rocks the dead-cold Year to-day.

Selemn hours, wail aloud For your mother in her shroud!

As the wild air stirs and sways

The tree-rock'd cradle of a child,
So the breath of these rude days

Rocks the Year: be calm and mild,
Trembling hours, she will arise

With new love within her eyes.

January grey is here,
Like a sexton by her grave;
February bears the bier,
March with grief doth howl and rave,
And April weeps,—but, O ye hours!
Follow with May's fairest flowers.

SHELLEY.

#### SONG OF ARIEL.

[FROM " THE TEMPERT."]

Come unto these yellow sands,
And then take bands,—
Curtaied when you have and kiss'd;
(The wild waves whist)—
Foot it featly here and there;
And, sweet sprites, the burden bear.
Hark, bark!
Bough, wough. (disperselly)
The watch-dogs bark.
Bough, wough. (disperselly)
Hark, hark! I hear
The strain of strutting chanticleer
Cry, cock-a-doodle-doo.

SHARBSPRARE.

Fail, turf, sed. \* House, neck. \* Thesk, thatch.

#### SONNET.

#### ON HIS BLINDNESS.

W HEN I consider how my light is spent, Ere half my days in this dark world and wide:

And that one talent which is death to hide Lodged with me useless, though my soul more bent To serve therewith my Maker, and present My true secount, lost he, returning, chide; "Doth God exact day-labour, light desied?"

I fondly ask: but Patience, to prevent

That murmur, soon replies, "God doth not need Either man's work, or his own gift; who best Bear his mild yoke, they serve him best; his

Is kingly; thousands at his bidding speed, And post o'er land and ocean without rest; They also serve who only stand and wait."

MILTON.

### SONG ON MAY MORNING.

Now the bright Morning-Star, day's barbinger, Comes dancing from the east, and leads with her The flowery May, who from her green lap throws The yellow cowslip and the pale primrose. Hail! bounteens May, that dost inspire
Mirth, and youth, and warm desire;
Woods and groves are of thy dressing,
Hill and dale doth boast thy blessing.
Thus we salute thee with our early song,
And welcome thee, and wish thee long.

#### ULYSSES.

T little profits that an idle king, By his still hearth, among these barren crags, Match'd with an aged wife, I mete and dole Unequal laws unto a savage race, That hourd, and sleep, and feed, and know not me. I cannot rest from travel : I will drink Life to the lees: all life I have enjoy'd Greatly, have suffer'd greatly, both with those That loved me, and alone; on shore, and when Through sendding drifts the rainy Hyades Vext the dim sea: I am become a name; For always coaming with a hungry heart Much have I seen and know; cities of men And manners, elimates, councils, governments, Myself not least, but honour'd of them all; And drunk delight of battle with my peers, Far on the ringing plains of windy Troy. I am a part of all that I have met; Yet all experience is an arch wherethro' Gleams that untravell'd world, whose margin fades For ever and for ever when I move. How dull it is to pause, to make an end, To rust unburnish'd, not to shine in use! As though to breathe were life. Life piled on life Were all too little, and of one to me
Little remains: but every hour is saved
From that eternal silence, something more,
A bringer of new things; and vile it were
For some three sans to store and hoard myself,
And this grey spirit yearning in desire
To follow knowledge, like a sinking star,
Beyond the utmost bound of human thought.

This is my son, mine own Telemachus,
To whom I leave the sceptre and the isle—
Well-loved of me, discerning to fulfil
This labour, by slow prudence to make mild
A rugged people, and through soft degrees
Subdue them to the useful and the good.
Most blameless is he, centered in the sphere
Of common duties, decent not to fail
In offices of tenderness, and pay
Meet adoration to my household gods
When I am gone. He works his work, I mine.

There lies the port: the vessel puffs her sail: There gloom the dark broad sens. My mariners, Souls that have toil'd, and wrought, and thought with me—

That ever with a frolic welcome took
The thunder and the sunshine, and opposed
Free hearts, free foreheads—you and I are old;
Old age hath yet his honour and his toil;
Death closes all: but something ere the end,
Some work of noble note, may yet be done,
Not unbecoming men that strove with Gods.
The lights begin to twinkle from the rocks:
The long day wanes: the slow moon climbs: the
deep

Moans round with many voices. Come, my friends,
"Tis not too late to seek a newer world.

Push off, and sitting well in order smite

The sounding furrows; for my purpose holds
To sail beyond the sunset, and the baths
Of all the western stars, until I die.
It may be that the gulfs will wash us down:
It may be we shall touch the Happy Isles,
And see the great Achilles whom we knew.
Though much is taken, much abides; and the
We are not now that strength which in old days
Moved earth and heaven; that which we are, we
are;

One equal temper of heroic hearts

Made weak by time and fate, but strong in will

To strive, to seek, to find, and not to yield.

TENNYSON.

#### SONG OF ARIEL.

[PROM " THE TEMPEST."]

FULL fathom five thy father lies;
Of his bones are coral made;
Those are pearls that were his eyes:
Nothing of him that doth fade
But doth suffer a sea-change
Into semething rich and strange.
Sen-nymphs hourly ring his knell,
Hark! now I hear them,—ding-dong bell!
SHAKESPIARE.

SEASON of mists and mellow fruitfulness! Close bosom-friend of the maturing sun; Conspiring with him how to load and bless

TO AUTUMN.

With fruit the vines that round the thatch-caves run;

Tun;
To bend with apples the moss'd cottage-tross,
And fill all fruit with ripeness to the core;
To swell the gourd, and plump the hazel shells
With a sweet kernel; to set budding more,
And still more, later flowers for the bees,
Until they think warm days will never coses,
For Summerhas o'er-brimm'd their elanomy cells.

Who hath not seen thee oft amid thy store?
Sometimes whoever socks abroad may find.
Thee sitting careless on a granary floor,
Thy hair soft-lifted by the winnowing wind;
Or on a half-reap'd furrow sound asleep,
Drowsed with the fume of poppies, while thy hook.
Spares the next swath and all its twined flowers;
And sometime like a gleaner thou dost keep.
Steady thy laden head across a brook;
Or by a eider-press, with patient look,
Thou watchest the last cozings, hours by hours.

Where are the songs of Spring! Aye, where are they?

Think not of them, thou hast thy music too.

While barred clouds bloom the soft-dying day,
And touch the stubble-plains with rosy line.

Then in a waifful choir the small grats mourn
Among the river sallows, borne after Oc sinking as the light wind lives or dies;
And full-grown lambs loud bleat from hilly bourn;
Hedge-crickets sing; and now with treble soft.

The redbreast whistles from a garden-croft,
And gathering swallows twitter in the shies.

Exars.

I DO confesses thou'rt smooth and faire;
And I might have gone near to love thee,
Had I not found the slightest prayer
That lips could speak, had power to move thee;
But I can let thee now alone
As worthy to be loved by none.

I do confesse thou'rt sweet; yet find
Thre such an unthrift of thy sweets,
Thy favours are but like the wind
That kisseth everything it meets.
And since thou caust with more than one,
Thou'rt worthy to be kiss'd by none.

The morning rose that untouch'd stands
Arm'd with her briars, how sweetly smells!
But pluck'd and strain'd through ruder hands
Her sweets no longer with her dwells,
But scent and beautic both are gone,
And leaves fall from her, one by one.

Such fate, ere long, will thee betide,
When thou hast handled been awhile;
Like sere flowers to be throwne aside;
And I shall sigh, while some will smile,
To see thy love to everyone
Hath brought thee to be loved by none.

#### NED BOLTON.

A JOLLY comrade in the port, a fearless mate at sea,—

When I forget thee, to my hand false may the cuthan be!

And may my gallant battle-flag be besten down in shame.

If, when the social can goes round, I full to pledge thy name!

Up, up, my lads!—his memory!—we'll give it with a cheez.—

Ned Bolton, the commander of the Black Snake privateer!

Poor Ned! he had a heart of strel, with neither flaw nor speck;

Firm as a rock, in strife or storm, he stood the quarter-deck;

He was, I trow, a welcome man to many an Indian dame.

And Spanish planters cross'd themselves at whisper of his name;

But now, Jamaica girls may weep, rich Dons securely smile,—

His bark will take no prize again, nor e'er touch Indian isle.

'Sblood! 'twas a sorry fate he met on his own mother-wave!

The foe far off, the storm asleep, and yet to find a grave!

With store of the Peruvian gold, and spirit of the cane,—

No need would be have had to cruise in tropic climes again:

But some are born to sink at sen, and some to hang on shore,

And Fortune cried God speed! at last, and welcomed Ned no more.

"Twas off the coast of Mexico—the tale is bitter brief—

The Black Sanke, under press of sail, stuck fast upon a reef;

Upon a cutting coral reef, scarce a good league from land—

But hundreds both of horse and foot were ranged upon the strand.

His boats were lost before Cape Horn; and, with an old cance,

Even had he number'd ten for one, what could Ned Bolton do ?

Six days and nights the vessel lay upon the coral recf;

Nor favouring gale, nor friendly flag, brought prospect of relief:

For a land-breeze the wild one pray'd, who never pray'd before,

And when it came not at his call, he bit his lip and swore.

The Spaniards shouted from the beach, but did not venture near:

Too well they knew the mettle of the daring privateer!

A calm!—a calm!—a hopeless calm!—the red sun, burning high,

Glared blisteringly and wearily in a transparent sky; The grog went round the gallant crew, and loudly rose the song,

The only pastime at an hour when rest seem'd far too long.

So boisterously they took their rouse upon the crowded deck,

They look'd like men who had escaped, not men who fear'd a wreck.

Up aprung the breeze the seventh day. Away!

Drifted the bark, with riven planks, over the waters free;

Their battle-flag these rovers bold then hoisted top-mast high,

And to the swurthy foe sent back a fierce defying erv.

"One last broadside!" Ned Bolton cried; deep beom'd the cannon roar,

And echo's hollow growl return'd an answer from the shore.

The thundering gun, the broken song, the mad tumultuous cheer,

Ceased not, so long as ocean spared the shatter'd privateer.

I saw her, I, she shot by me like lightning, in the gale;

We strove to save, we tack'd, and fast we shorten'd all our sail:

I knew the wave of Ned's right hand,—facewell!

—you strive in vain!

And he, or one of his ship's erew, ne'er enter'd port again.

WILLIAM KENNEDY.

#### GOODBYE.

GOODBYE, proud world, I'm going home,
Thou'rt not my friend, and I'm not thine;
Long through thy weary crowds I roam;
A river-ark on the ocean brine,
Long I've toss'd like the driven foam;
But new, proud world, I'm going home.

Goodbye to Flattery's fawning face,
To Grandeur, with his wise grimace,
To upstart Woulth's averted eye,
To supple Office low and high,
To crowded halls, to court, and street,
To frozen hearts, and hustling feet,
To those who go, and those who come;
Goodbye, proud world, I'm going home.

I'm going to my own hearth-stone
Bosom'd in you grees hills, alone,
A secret nook in a pleasant land,
Whose groves the frolic fairies plann'd;
Where arches green the livelong day
Echo the blackbird's roundelay,
And valgar feet have never trod
A spot that is sacred to thought and God.

O when I am safe in my sylvan home, I trend on the pride of Greece and Rome, And when I am stretch'd beneath the pines Where the ovening star so holy shines, I lough at the lore and the pride of man,
At the sophist schools, and the learned clan;
For what are they all in their high conceit,
When man in the bush with God may meet.

EMERSON.

# THE CAIQUE.

Y ONDER to the kiosk, beside the creek,
Paddle the swift caique,
Thou brawny oarsman with the sun-burnt check,
Quick! for it soothes my heart to hear the Bulbul
speak!

Ferry me quickly to the Asian shores, Swift bending to your oars. Beneath the melancholy sycamores Hark! what a ravishing note the love-iorn Balbul pours.

Behold, the boughs seem quivering with delight, The stars themselves more bright, As 'said the waving branches out of sight The Lover of the Rose sits singing through the night.

Under the boughs I sat and listen'd still, I could not have my fill.

"How comes," I said, " such music to his bill?
Tell me for whom he sings so beautiful a trill."

" Once I was dumb," then did the Bird disclose, But look'd upon the Rose; And in the garden where the loved-one grows I straightway did begin sweet music to compose."

"O bird of song, there's one in this caique
The Rose would also seek,
So be might learn like you to love and speak."
Then answer'd me the bird of dusky beak,
"The Rose, the Rose of Love blushes on Leilah's
check."

W. M. THACKERAY.

TO ---

MUSIC, when soft voices die, Vibrates in the memory; Odours, when sweet violets sicken, Live within the sense they quicken.

Rose-leaves, when the rose is dead, Are heaped for the beloved's bed; And so thy thoughts, when thou art gone, Love itself shall slumber so.

Shellary.

# THERANIA.

O UNKNOWN Belov'd One! to the mellow senson
Branches in the lawn make drooping bow'rs;
Vase and plot burn searlet, gold, and azure; Honeysuckles wind the tall grey turret, And pale passion-flow'rs.

Come thou, come thou to my lonely thought, O Unknown Belov'd One.

Now at evening twilight, dusky dew down-wavers, Soft stars crown the grove-encircled hill; Breathe the new-mown meadows, broad and misty:

Through the heavy grass the rail is talking; All beside is still.

Trace with me the wandering avenue, O Unknown Belov'd One.

In the mystic realm, and in the time of visions,

I thy lover have no need to woo;

There I hold thy hand in mine, thou dearest,
And thy soul in mine, and feel its throbbing.

Tender, deep, and true:

Then my tears are love, and thine are love, O Unknown Belov'd One.

Is thy voice a wavelet on the listening darkness?

Are thine eyes unfolding from their veil?

Wilt thou come before the signs of winter—
Days that shred the bough with trenshling fingers,
Nights that weep and wail?

Art thou Love indeed, or art thou Death,

O Unknown Belov'd One?

WILLIAM ALLENGHAM.

THE BLOSSOM.

MERRY, merry Sparrow!
Under leaves so green
A happy Blossem

Sees you, swift as arrow, Seek your cradle narrow, Near my bosom.

Protty, pretty Bobin!
Under leaves so green
A happy Blossom
Hears you sobbing, sobbing,
Pretty, pretty Bobin,
Near my bosom.

WILLIAM BLAKE.

#### SONNET.

#### [LOVE'S SLAVE.]

BEING your slave, what should I do but teed
I have no precious time at all to spend,
Nor services to do, till you require.
Nor dare I chide the world-without-end hour,
Whilst I, my Sovereign, watch the clock for you,
Nor think the bitterness of absence sour,
When you have hid your servant once adieu;
Nor dare I question with my jeslous thought
Where you may be, or your affairs suppose,
But, like a sad slave, stay and think of nought,
Save, where you are how happy you make those;
So true a fool is love, that in your will
(Though you do anything) he thinks no ill.

SHAKESPEARE.

#### SONG.

G, lovely rese!
Tell her, that wastes her time and me,
That now she knows,
When I resemble her to thee,
How sweet and fair she seems to be.

Tell her, that's young
And shuns to have her graces spy'd,
That hadet thou sprung
In deserts where no men shide,
Thou must have uncommended dy'd.

Small is the worth
Of boauty from the light retired:
Bid her come forth,
Suffer herself to be desired,
And not blush so to be admired.

Then die! that she
The common fate of all things care
May read in thee:
How small a part of time they share
That are se wondrous sweet and fair.
EDMUND WALLER.

#### TAM GLEN.

MY heart is a-breaking, dear Tittle! Some counsel unto use come len'; To anger them a' is a pity, But what will I do w? Tam Glen?

I'm thinking, wi' sie a beaw fallow, In poortith I might mak a fen'; What care I in riches to wallow, If I may not marry Tam Glen?

There's Laurie the laird o' Drumeller,
"Guid day to you,"—brute! he comes ben:
He brags and he blaws o' his siller,
But when will be dasse like Tam Glen?

My minnie does constantly deave me, And bids me beware o' young men; They flatter, she says, to deceive me,— But wha can think are o' Tam Glen?

My daddie snys, gin I'll forsak' him He'll gie me guid hunder marks ten,— But if its ordain'd I mann tak' him, O wha will I get but Tam Glea?

Yestreen at the Valentine's dealing
My heart to my mon' gird a sten;
For thrice I drew one without failing,
And thrice it was written—Tam Glen.

The last Halloween I lay wankin My droukit sark-sleeve, as ye ken, His likeness cam up the house staulkin, And the yera grey breeks a' Tam Glen!

Come counsel, dear Tittie,—don't tarry!
Pil gie you my bonnie black hen
Gif ye will advise me to murry
The lad I loe dearly, Tam Glen.
BURNS.

#### ODE TO EVENING.

I F aught of oaten stop or pasteral song
May hope, chaste Eve, to soothe thy modest
ear
(Like thy own solemn springs,
Thy springs, and dying gales);

O Nymph reserved, -while now the bright-hair'd

Sits in you western tent, whose cloudy skirts, With brede ethereal wove, O'erhang his wavy bed,

And air is hash'd, save where the weak-eyed but With short shrill shrick fits by on leathern wing,

Or where the beetle winds His small but sullen horn,

As off he rises 'midst the twilight path, Against the pilgrim borne in heedless hum,—

Now teach me, Maid composed, To breathe some soften'd strain,

Whose numbers, stealing through thy darkening vale.

May not unseemly with its stillness suit, As, musing slow, I hail Thy genial, loved return! For when thy folding-star arising shows His paly circlet, at his warning lamp The fragrant Hours, and Elves Who slept in buds the day,

And many a Nymph who wreathes her brow with sedge

And sheds the freshering dew, and, lovelier still, The pensive Pleasures sweet, Prepare thy shadowy car.

Then let me rove some wild and heathy scene;
Or find some ruin 'midst its dreary dells,
Whose walls more awful nod
By thy religious gleams.
Or if chill blustering winds or driving rain

Prevent my willing feet, he mine the hut.
That from the mountain-side
Views wilds, and swelling floods,

And hamlets brown, and dim-discover'd spires, And hours their simple ball, and marks o'er all The deavy finners draw

Thy dewy fingers draw The gradual dusky veil.

While Spring shall pour his showers, as oft he wont, And bathe thy breathing tresses, meekest Eve!

While Summer loves to sport Beneath thy lingering light:

While sallow Autumn fills thy lap with leaves, Or Winter, yelling through the troubleus air,

Affrights thy shrinking train, And rudely rends thy robes,

[Till thou hast refuged where the cheerful glow Bids welcome, and the wind-unshaken lamp,

To household mirth and song, And dear domestic joy :] So long, regardful of thy quiet rule, Shall Fancy, Friendship, Science, smiling Peace,
Thy gentlest influence own,
And love thy favourite name!
William Collins.

## [LOSS.]

You wonder when my fancies play
To find me gay among the gay,
Like one with any trifle pleased.

The shade by which my life was crost, Which makes a desert in the mind, Has made me kindly with my kind, And like to him whose sight is lost;

Whose feet are guided through the land, Whose jest among his friends is free, Who takes the children on his knee, And winds their curls about his hand:

He plays with threads, he beats his chair
For pastime, dreaming of the sky;
His inner day can never die,
His night of loss is always there.

In Memoriam.

THE LADY'S YES.

"YES!" I answer'd you last night;
"No!" this morning, Sir, I say.
Colours, seen by candle-light,
Will not look the same by day.

When the tabors play'd their best,
Lamps above, and laughs below—
Love me sounded like a jest,
Fit for Yes or fit for No!

Call me false, or call me free— Vow, whatever light may shine, No man on thy face shall see Any grief for change on mine.

Yet the sin is on us both—
Time to dance is not to woo—
Wooer light makes fickle troth—
Scorn of me recoils on you!

Learn to win a lady's faith
Nobly, as the thing is high;
Bravely, as for life and death—
With a loyal gravity.

Lead her from the festire boards, Point her to the starry skies, Guard her, by your faithful words, Pure from courtship's flatteries.

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By your truth she shall be true-Ever true, as wives of yore-And her Yes, once said to you. SHALL be Yes for evermore. ELIZABETH BARRETT BROWNING.

NIGHTINGALE VALLEY.

#### A LAMENT.

C WIFTER far than summer's flight, Swifter far than youth's delight, Swifter far than happy night, Art thou come, art thou gone : As the earth when leaves are dead, As the night when sleep is sped, As the heart when joy is fled, I am left lone, alone.

The swallow Summer comes again, The owlet Night resumes her reign, But the wild swan Youth is fain To fly with thee, false as thou. My heart each day desires the morrow, Sleep itself is turn'd to serrow, Vainly would my winter borrow Sunny leaves from any bough.

Lilies for a bridal bed, Roses for a matron's head, Violets for a maiden dead,-Pansies let my flowers be On the living grave I bear Scatter them without a tear; Let no friend, however dear, Waste one hope, one fear for me.

SHIELLEY.

#### THE FORGING OF THE ANCHOR.

NOME, see the Dolphin's anchor forged—'tis at a white heat now:

The bellows ceased, the flames decreased-though on the forge's brow

The little flames still fitfully play through the sable mound.

And fitfully you still may see the grim smiths ranking round,

All clad in leathern panoply, their broad hands only bare-

Some rest upon their sledges here, some work the windless there.

The windlass strains the tackle chains, the black mound heaves below,

And red and deep a hundred veins burst out at every throe:

It rises, roars, rends all outright-O, Vulcan, what a glow!

"Tis blinding white, 'tis blasting bright-the high sun shines not so!

The high sun sees not, on the earth, such fiery fearful show;

The roof-ribs swarth, the candent hearth, the ruddy lurid row

Of smiths that stand, an ardent band, like men before the for-

As, quivering through his fleece of flame, the sailing monster, slow

Sinks on the anvil-all about the faces hery grow.

" Hurrah!" they shout, " leap out—leap out;" bang, bang the sledges go:

Hurrah 1 the jetted lightnings are hissing high and low-

A bailing fount of fire is struck at every squashing blow,

The leathern mail rebounds the hail, the rattling cinders strow

The ground around: at every bound the sweltering fountains flow,

And thick and loud the swinking crowd at every stroke pant " bo!"

Leap out, leap out, my masters; leap out and lay on load!

Let's forge a goodly anchor—a bower thick and broad:

For a heart of oak is hanging on every blow, I bode,

And I see the good ship riding, all in a perilous

The low reef rowing on her lee—the roll of ocean pour'd

From stem to stern, sea after sea; the mainmast by the board;

The bulwarks down, the rudder gone, the boats stove at the chains!

But courage still, brave mariners—the bower yet remains,

And not an inch to flinch he deigns, save when ye pitch sky high;

Then moves his bead, as though he said, " Fear nothing—here am I."

Swing in your strokes in order, let foot and hand keep time;

Your blows make music sweeter far than any steeple's chime. But, while you sling your sledges, sing—and let the burthen be,

The anchor is the anvil king, and royal craftsmen

Strike in, strike in—the sparks begin to dull their rustling red;

Our hammers ring with sharper din, our work will soon be sped.

Our anchor soon must charge his bed of fiery rich

For a hammock at the roaring bows, or an eozy couch of clay;

Our anchor soon must change the lay of merry craftsmen here,

For the yoo-heave-o', and the heave-away, and the sighing seaman's cheer;

When, weighing slow, at ere they go-far, far from love and home;

And sobbing sweethearts, in a row, wail o'er the ocean foam.

In livid and obdurate gloom he darkens down at last:

A shapely one he is, and strong, as e'er from cat was cast.

O trusted and trustworthy guard, if thou hadst life like me,

What pleasures would thy toils reward beneath the deep green sea!

O deep Sen-diver, who might then behold such sights as thou?

The heary-monster's palaces! methinks what joy

To go plumb plunging down smid the assembly of the whales,

And fool the churn'd sea round me boil beneath their scourging tails! Then deep in tangle-woods to fight the fierce sea unicorn.

And send him foil'd and bellowing back, for all his ivory horn;

To leave the subtle aworder-fish of bony blade forlors:

And for the ghastly-grinning shark to laugh his jaws to scorn;

To leap down on the kraken's back, where 'mid Norwegian isles

He lies, a lubber mehorage for sudden shallow'd miles;

"Till snorting, like an under-sea volcano, off be rolls:

Meanwhile to swing, n-buffeting the far astonish'd shouls

Of his back-browsing ocean-calves; or, haply in a cove,

Shell-strown, and consecrate of old to some Undinc's love.

To find the long-hair'd mermaidens; ar, hard by sey lands.

To wrestle with the Sea-serpent, upon corulean sunds.

O bread-arm'd Fisher of the deep, whose sports can equal thins?

The Dolphin weighs a thousand tons, that tugs the cable line;

And night by night, 'tis thy delight, thy glory day by day,

Through sable sea and breaker white, the giant game to play-

But chamer of our little sports! forgive the name I gave—

A fisher's joy is to dustroy-thine office is to save.

O lodger in the sen-kings' halls, couldst thou but understand

Whose be the white hones by thy side, or who that dripping band.

Slow swaying in the heaving wave, that round about thee bend,

With sounds like breakers in a dream blessing their ancicat friend-

Oh, couldst thou know what heroes glide with larger steps round thee,

Thine iron side would swell with pride; thou'dst leap within the sea.

Give honour to their memories who left the pleasant strand.

To shed their blood so freely for the love of Fatherland,

Who left their chance of quiet age and grassy churchyard grave,

So freely, for a restless bed amid the toosing wave— Oh, though our anchor may not be all I have fendly sung,

Honour him for their memory, whose bones he goes among!

SAMUEL FERGUSON.

## TO DAFFODILS.

FAIR deffedils, we weep to see You haste away se soon : As yet the early rising sun Has not attain'd his noon : Stay, stay, Until the hastening day
Has run
But to the even-song;
And, having pray'd together, we
Will go with you along.

We have short time to stay, as you;
We have as short a spring;
As quick a growth to meet decay
As you, or any thing:
We die,
As your hours do; and dry
Away
Like to the summer's rain,
Or as the pearls of morning dew,
Ne'er to be found again.
HERRICK.

## AN ANGEL IN THE HOUSE.

Ow sweet it were, if without feeble fright,
Or dying of the dreadful beauteous sight,
An angel came to us, and we could hear
To see him issue from the silent air
At evening in our room, and bend on ours
His divine eyes, and bring us from his bowers
News of dear friends and children who have never
Been dead indeed,—as we shall know for ever.
Alas! we think not what we daily see
About our hearths,—angels, that are to be,
Or may be if they will, and we prepare
Their souls and ours to meet in happy air,—
A child, a friend, a wife whose soft heart sings
In unison with ours, breeding its future wings.

LEDON HUST.

## BONNIE GEORGE CAMPBELL.

H IE upon Rielanda,
And low upon Tay,
Bonnie George Campbell
Rode out on a day;
Saddled and bridled,
And gallant to see:
Hame cam' his gude horse,
But hame cam' na be.

Out ran his auld mither,
Greeting fu' sair;
Out ran his bonnie bride,
Reaving her hair.
He rade middled and bridled,
Wi' boots to the knee:
Hame cam' his gude horse,
But never cam' be,

"My meadow lies green,
And my corn is unshorn,
My barn is to bigg,

And my babie's unborn,"
He rude saddled and bridled,
Careless and free:
Toom' hame cam' the saddle,
And never cam' be.

<sup>1</sup> Bigg, build.

<sup>2</sup> Toom, empty.

#### THE HUMBLE-BEE.

BURLY dozing humble-bee!
Where thou art is clime for me.
Let them sail for Porto Rique,
Far off beats through seas to seek,
I will follow thee alone,
Thou animated torrid-zone!
Zig-zag steerer, desert-cheerer,
Let me chase thy waving lines,
Keep me nearer, me thy hearer,
Singing over shrubs and vines.

Insect-lover of the sun,
Joy of thy dominion!
Sailor of the atmosphere,
Swimmer through the waves of air,
Voyager of light and noon,
Epicurean of June,
Wait, I prithee, till I come
Within ear-shot of thy hum;
All without is martyrdom.

When the south wind, in May days,
With a net of shining haze
Silvers the horizon wall,
And, with softness touching all,
Tints the human countenance
With a colour of romance,
And infusing subtle heata,
Turns the sod to violets,
Thou in sunny solitudes,
Rover of the underwoods,
The green silence dost displace,
With thy mellow breezy bass.

Hot midsummer's petted crone, Sweet to me thy drowsy tone, Telling of countless sunny hours, Long days, and solid banks of flowers, Or gulfs of sweetness without bound In Indian wildernesses found, Of Syrian peace, immortal leisure, Firmest cheer and bird-like pleasure.

Anght unsavoury or unclean,
Hath my insect never seen,
But violets and bilberry bells,
Maple sap and daffodols,
Grass with green flag half-mast high,
Succory to match the sky,
Columbine with horn of honey,
Scented fern, and agrinony,
Clover, catch-fly, adder's-tongoe,
And brisr-roses dwelt among;
All beside was unknown waste,
All was picture as he pass'd.

Wiser far than human seer,
Yellow-breech'd philosopher!
Seeing only what is fair,
Sipping only what is sweet,
Thou dost mock at fate and care,
Loave the chaff and take the wheat.
When the fierce north-western blast
Cools sea and land se far and fast,
Thou already slumberest deep,—
We and want thou caust outsleep,—
Want and we which torture us,
Thy sleep makes ridiculous.

EMERSON.

#### DISDAIN RETURNED.

HE that loves a rosic checke, Or a corall lip admires, Or from star-like eyes doth sceke Fuel to maintain his fires; As old Time makes these docay, So his flames must waste away.

But a smooth and stedfast minde, Gentle thoughts and calm desires, Hearts with equal love combined, Kindle never-dying fires. Where these are not, I despise Lovely checkes, or lips, or eyes.

No tears, Celia, now shall win My resolved bearte to return; I have search'd thy soul within, And find nought but pride and scorn; I have learn'd thy arts, and now Can disdain as much as thou.

THOMAS CARRY.

## AULD ROBIN GRAY.

WHEN the sheep are in the fauld and the kye at hame, And a' the weary warld to sleep are game, The wass o' my heart fa' in showers frac my e'e, While my gudeman lies sound by me. Young Jamie lo'ed me weel, and sought me for his bride:

But saving a crown he had naething else beside. To mak' the crown a pound, my Jamie gaed to sea; And the crown and the pound were baith for me.

He hadna been gane a year and a day, When my father brake his arm, and our cow was stown away;

My mither she fell sick, and Jamie at the sea; And Auld Robin Gray cam' a-courting me.

My father couldna' work, and my mither doughtna spin,

I toil'd day and night, but their bread I couldna-

Auld Rab maintain'd them baith, and wi' tears in his e'e,

Said, " Jenny, for their sakes, O marry me!"

My heart it said na; I look'd for Jamie back; But the wind it blew high, and the ship it was a wrack;

His ship it was a wrack,—why didna Jenny dee?

O why do I live, to cry, Wae's me !

My father wrgit sair, my mither didna speak, But she lookit in my face till my heart was like to

They gied him my hand, though my heart was at

Sae Auld Robin Gray he is gudeman to me.

I hadna been a wife a week but only four, When sitting sae mournfully as night at the door, I saw my Jamie's wraith, for I couldna think it he, Till he said, "I'm come back, love, to marry thee." O sair did we greet, and mackle did we say; We took but as kiss, and we tore ourselves away. I wish that I were dead, but I'm no like to dee. O why do I live, to say, Wae's me!

I gang like a ghaist, and I carena to spin.
I darena think on Jumie, for that wad be a sin.
But I'll do my best a gude wife to be;
For Auld Robin Gray is kind to me.

LADY ANNE LINDSAY.

#### SONG.

[FROM " ZAPOLYA."]

SUNNY shaft did I behold, From sky to earth it slanted, And poised therein a bird so bold,-Sweet bird, thou wert exchanted! He sank, he rose, he twinkled, he troll'd Within that shaft of sunny mist t His eyes of are, his beak of gold, All else of amethyst. And thus he sang, " Adieu! adicu! Love's dreams prove seldom true. The blossoms they make no delay, The sparkling dewdrops will not stay. Sweet month of May, We must away. Far, far away! To-day! to-day!" COLERIDGE.

#### SONNET.

MARY QUEEN OF SCOTS.

(LANDING AT THE MOUTH OF THE DERWENT, WORKINGTON.)

DEAR to the Loves and to the Graces vow'd, The Queen drew back the wimple that she

And to the throng, that on the Cumbrian shore Her landing hall'd, how touchingly she bow'd! And like a Star (that, from a heavy cloud Of pine-tree foliage poised in air, forth darts, When a soft summer gale at evening parts The gloom that did its loveliness enshroud) She smiled; but Time, the old Saturnian Seer, Sigh'd on the wing as her foot press'd the strand, With step prelusive to a long array Of wees and degradations hand in hand— Weeping captivity, and shuddering fear Still'd by the ensanguined block of Futheringay.

Wondswonth.

LINES COMPOSED IN A CONCERT ROOM.

O GIVE me, from this heartless scene released, To hear our old musician, blind and gray, (Whom stretching from my nurse's arms I kiss'd) His Scottish tunes and warlike marches play, By moonshine, on the balmy summer-night, The while I dance amid the tedded hay With merry maids, whose ringlets toss in light.

Or lies the purple evening on the bay
Of the calm glossy lake, O let me hide
Unheard, unseen, behind the alder-trees,
For round their roots the fisher's bost is tied,
On whose trim seat doth Edmund stretch at ease,
And while the lazy boat sways to and fro,
Breathes in his flute and airs, so wild and slow,
That his own check is wet with quiet tears.

But O, dear Anne! when midnight wind careers,
And the gust pelting on the out-house shed
Makes the cock shrilly on the rain-storm crow.
To hear thee sing some ballad full of woe,
Ballad of ship-wreek'd sailor floating dead
Whom his own true-love baried in the sands!
Thee, gentle woman, for thy voice re-measures
Whatever tones and melancholy pleasures
The things of Nature utter; birds or trees
Or moan of ocean-gale in weedy caves,
Or, when the stiff grass'mid the heath-plant waves,
Murmur and music thin of sudden breeze.
Colerators.

[FROM " A MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM."]

Fairy. O'VER hill, over dale,
Thorough bush, thorough briar,
Over park, over pale,
Thorough flood, thorough fire,

I do wander everywhere,
Swifter than the moone's sphere;
And I serve the Fairy Queen
To dew her orbs upon the green:
The cowslips tall her penaioners be,
In their gold coats spots you see,
These be rubles, fairy favours,
In those freckles live their savours:
I must go seek some dewdrops here,
And hang a pearl in every cowslip's ear.

SHAKESPEARE.

#### CIRCUMSTANCE.

TWO children in two neighbour villages
Playing mad pranks along the beathy less;
Two strangers meeting at a festival;
Two lovers whispering by an erchard wall;
Two lives bound fast in one with golden ease;
Two graves grass-green beside a gray churchtower,

Wash'd with still rains and daisy-blossomed; Two children in one hamlet born and bred; So runs the round of life from hour to bour.

TENNYSON.

## THE SANDS O' DEE.

O MARY, go and call the cattle home,
And call the cattle home,
And call the cattle home,
Across the sands o' Dee:"

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Singest of summer in full-throated case.

O for a draught of vintage, that hath been Cool'd a long age in the deep-delved earth, Tasting of Flora and the country-green, Dance, and Provenced song and sun-burnt mirth! O for a beaker full of the warm South, Full of the true, the blushful Hippocrene, With beaded bubbles winking at the brim, And purple-stained mouth; That I might drink, and leave the world unseen, And with thee fade away into the forest dim :

Fade far away, dissolve, and quite forget What thou among the leaves hast never known, The weariness, the fever, and the fret Here, where men sit and hear each other groan : Where palsy shakes a few, sad, last grey hairs, Where youth grows pale and spectre-thin, and dies :

Where but to think is to be full of sorrow And leaden-eyed despairs : Where Beauty connot keep her lustrous eyes, Or new Love pine at them beyond to-morrow.

Away! away! for I will fly to thee, Not charieted by Bacchus and his pards,

The western wind was wild and dark wi' foam, And all alone went she.

The creeping tide came up along the sand, And o'er and o'er the sand, And round and round the sand, As far as eye could see;

The blinding mist came down and hid the land-And never home came she.

Oh, is it weed, or fish, or floating hair ?-A tress o' golden hair, O' drowned maidon's hair, Above the nets at sea. Was never salmon yet that shone so fair, Among the stakes on Dee.

They row'd her in across the rolling feam, The cruel crawling foam, The cruel hungry foam, To her grave beside the sea; But still the boatmen hear her call the eattle home, Across the sands o' Des.

CHARLES KINGSLEY.

## ODE TO A NIGHTINGALE.

Y heart aches, and a drowsy numbross pains My sense, as though of hemlock I had drunk, Or emptied some dull opiate to the drains

But on the viewless wings of Poesy,
Though the dull brain perplexes and retards:
Already with thee! tender is the night,
And haply the Queen-Moon is on her throne,
Cluster'd around by all her starry Fays:
But here there is no light,
Save what from heaven is with the breezes blown
Through verdurous glooms and winding mossy
ways.

I cannot see what flowers are at my feet,
Nor what soft incense hangs upon the boughs,
But in embalmed dirkness, guess each sweet
Wherewith the seasonable month endows
The grass, the thicket, and the fruit-tree wild;
White hawthorn, and the pastoral eglantine;
Fast-fading violets cover'd up in leaves;
And mid-May's eldest child,
The coming mask-rose, full of dewy wine,
The murmurous haunt of dies on summer eves.

Darkling I listen; and for many a time
I have been half in love with easeful Death,
Call'd him soft names in many a mused rhyme,
To take into the air my quiet breath;
Now more than ever seems it rich to die,
To cease upon the midnight with ao pain,
While thou art pouring forth thy soul abroad
In such an ecstacy!
Still wouldst thou sing, and I have ears in vain—
To thy high requiem become a sod.

Thou wast not born for death, immortal Bird!
No hungry generations tread thee down;

The voice I hear this passing night was heard
In ancient days by emperor and clown;
Perhaps the self-same song that found a path
Through the sad heart of Ruth when, sick for
home,
She stood in tears amid the alien corn;
The same that offtimes bath
Charm'd magic casements opening on the foam
Of perilous seas, in facry lands forlorn.

Forlorn! the very word is like a bell
To toll me back from thee to my sole self!
Adieu! the fancy cannot cheat so well
As she is famed to do, deceiving elf.
Adiou! adieu! thy plaintive anthem fades
Past the near mendows, over the still stream,
Up the kill-side; and now 'tis buried deep
In the next valley-glades:
Was it a vision, or a waking dream?
Fled is that music:—do I wake or alcep?
KEATS.

## THE LABORATORY.

(ANCIEN REGIME.)

NoW that I, tying thy glass mask tightly,
May gaze through these faint smokes curling whitely,
As then pliest thy trade in this devil's smithy—
Which is the poison to poison her, prithee?

He is with her; and they know that I know Where they are; what they do: they believe my tears flow

While they laugh, laugh at me, at me fled to the drear

Empty church to pray God in for them !- I am here.

HT.

Grind away, moisten and mash up thy paste, Pound at thy powder,—am I in haste? Better sit thus, and observe thy strange things, Than go where men wait me and dance at the King's.

IV.

That in the mortar—you call it a gum?

Ah, the brave tree whence such gold oozings come!

And yonder soft phial, the exquisite blue, Sure to taste sweetly,—is that poison too?

v.

Had I but all of them, thee and thy treasures, What a wild crowd of invisible pleasures! To carry pure death in an earring, a casket, A signet, a fan-mount, a fillagree-busket!

WE.

Soon, at the King's, but a lozenge to give And Pauline should have just thirty minutes to live!

To light a pastille, and Elise, with her head, And her breast, and her arms, and her hands, should drop dead! VIII.

Quick—is it finish'd? The colour's too grim!
Why not like the phinl's, enticing and dim?
Let it brighten her drink, let her turn it and stir,
And try it and taste, ere she fix and prefer!

VIIII.

What a drop! She's not little, no minion like me— That's why she ensuared him: this never will free The soul from those musculine eyes,—say, "no!" To that pulse's magnificent come-and-go.

IX.

For only last night, as they whisper'd, I brought My own eyes to bear on her so, that I thought Could I keep them one half minute fix'd, she would fall,

Shrivell'd; she fell not; yet this does it all!

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Not that I bid you spare her the pain! Let death be felt and the proof remain; Brand, burn up, bite into its grace— He is sure to remember her dying face!

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Is it done? take my mask off? Nay, be not morese.

It kills her, and this prevents seeing it close—
The delicate droplet, my whole fortune's fee—
If it hurts ber, beside, can it ever hurt me?

WHO.

Now, take all my jewels, gorge gold to your fill, You may kiss me, old man, on my mouth if you will!

But brush this dust off me, lest horror it brings Ere I know it—next moment I dance at the King's. ROBERT BROWNING.

£

#### INSCRIPTION FOR A FOUNTAIN.

(MORE GRECO.)

REST! this little Fountain runs
Thus for aye:—It never stays
For the look of summer suns,
Nor the cold of winter days.
Whosoe'er shall wander near,
When the Syrian heat is worst,
Let him hither come, nor fear
Lest he may not slake his thirst:
He will find this little river
Running still, as bright as ever.
Let him drink, and onwards hie,
Bearing but in thought, that I,
Easyras, bade the Naiad fall,
And thank the great god Pan for all!

# THE RUOSE THAT DECKYD HER BREAST.

[DOESET DIALECT.]

POOR Jenny were her Robert's bride Two happy years, an' then 'e died; And zoo' the wold vo'ke" maide her come Varsiaken,' to her maiden huome, But Jeany's merry tongue were dum'; An' roun' her comely neck she wore A moornen' kerchief, wher avore The ruose did deck her breast.

She wa'k'd' aluone wi' eyeballs wet
To zee the flow'rs that she'd a-zet;
The lilies, white's her midden frocks,
The spik," to put "ithin her box,
Wi' columbines an' hollyhocks;
The jillidow'r an' nodden pink,
An' ruose that touch'd her soul to Nink'
O' Nik that deck'd her kresst.

Var s at her wedden, jist avore Her målden han' had yert sa-were A wife's goold ring, wi' hangen head She will'd along sik flower-bed, Wher bloodywaliors, stam'd wi' red, An' miarygoolds did skirt the walk, An' gather'd yrom the ruese's stilk A bad to deck her breast.

An' then her chešk wi' youthvul blood
Were bloomen as the ruose's bud;
But now, as she wi' grief da pine,
'Tis piale's the milk-white jassamine.
But Roberd 'ave a-left behine
A little binby wi' his fiace,
'To smile an' nessle in the plince
Wher the ruose did deck her breast.

WILLIAM BARNES.

<sup>1</sup> Zso, so. 1 Wold to'le, old falk. 1 Variates, firmken.

Moornin, mearning. \* Wi'llit, walked. \* Spit, lavenler. \* Diel, think. (\* D'' is an Angle-Saxon letter, used by Mr. Borses, and soorly equivalent to " th.") \* Var, for. \* Var, yet. \* Risolyee' ive., (warriors,) same given to the garden wall-flower.

## FITZ-EUSTACE'S SONG.

[FROM " MARNION."]

WHERE shall the lover rest,
Whem the fates sever
From his true maiden's breast,
Parted for ever?
Where through groves deep and high
Sounds the loud billow;
Where early violets die,
Under the willow;
Chorus. Eleu loro, &c.
Soft shall be his pillow.

There, through the summer day,
Cool streams are laving;
There, whilst the tempests sway,
Scarce are boughs waving;
There thy rest shalt thou take,
Parted for ever;
Never again to wake,
Never, O never.
Chorus. Eleu loro, &c.,
Never, O never.

Where shall the traiter rest,
He, the deceiver,
Who could win maiden's breast,
Ruin and leave her?
In the lest battle,
Borne down by the flying,

Where mingles war's rattle
With the grouns of the dying.
Chorus. Eleu loro, &c.
There shall be be lying.

Her wing shall the eagle flap
O'er the false-hearted;
His warm blood the wolf shall lap
Ere life be parted.
Shame and dishonour sit
By his grave ever:
Blessing shall hallow it,
Never! O never!
Choras. Eleu loro, &c.
Never! O never!

SCOTT.

#### THE EXILE.

THE swallow with summer
Will wing o'er the seas,
The wind that I sigh to
Will visit thy trees,
The ship that it hastens
Thy ports shall contain,
But me—I must never
See England again.

There's many that weep there;
But one weeps alone
For the tears that are fulling
So far from her own;
So far from thy own, love,
We know not our pain;
If death is between us,
Or only the main.

When the white cloud reclines On the verge of the sea. I fincy the white cliffs And dream upon thee. But the cloud spreads its wings To the blue heav's, and flies. We never shall meet, love, Except in the skies.

Hoop.

#### SONNET.

## [LOVE'S CONSOLATION.]

THEN, in disgrace with fortune and men's I all alone beweep my outcast state, And trouble deal Heaven with my bootless cries, And look upon myself, and curse my fate, Wishing me like to one more rich in hope, Fentured like him, like him with friends possess'd, Desiring this man's art, and that man's scope, With what I most enjoy contented least, Yet in these thoughts myself almost despising : Haply I think on thee, and then my state (Like to the lark at break of day arising From sullen earth) sings hymnes at heaven's gate; For thy sweet love remember'd such wealth brings, That then I scorn to change my state with kings.

SHARESPEARS.

## O'BRIEN OF ARRA.

(AIR "THE PIPER OF BLESSINGTON.")

TALL are the towers of O'Kennedy. Broad are the lands of MacCarha, Desmond feeds five hundred men a-day : Yet, here's to O'Brien of Arra! Up from the Castle of Drumineer, Down from the top of Camalta, Clansman and kinsman are coming here, To give him the Ceast Millia Falta !"

See you the mountains look huge at eve-So is our chieftain in battle! Welcome he has for the fugitive, Unquebaugh, fighting, and cattle. Up from the Castle of Drumineer, Down from the top of Camalta, Gossip and ally are coming here, To give him the Cead Millia Falta.

Horses the valleys are tramping on, Sleek from the Sassenach manger; Cre-aghts the hills are encamping on-Empty the bawns of the stranger! Up from the Castle of Drummeer, Down from the top of Camalta, Kern and bonaght are coming here, To give him the Cood Millin Falta.

An Irish Chieftain, fighting against the English of " The Pale,"

I Irah words, meaning, "A hundred thousand welcomes!" and pronounced like Kade Med ya Fault-ya.

He has black silver from Killaloe,
Ryan and Carroll are neighbours,
Nemgh submits with a pillaleu,
Butter is ment for our sabres!
Up from the Castle of Drumineer,
Down from the top of Camalta,
Ryan and Carroll are coming here,
To give him the Cead Millia Falta.

Scarce 'tis a week since through Ossery
Chased he the Baron of Durrow,
Forced him five rivers to cross, or he
Had died by the eword of Red Murrough!
Up from the Castle of Drumineer,
Down from the top of Camalta,
All the O'Briens are coming here,
To give him the Cood Millia Falta.

Tall are the towers of O'Kennedy,
Broad are the lands of MacCarha,
Desmond feeds five hundred men a-day;
Yet, here's to O'Brien of Arra!
Up from the Castle of Drumineer,
Down from the top of Camalta,
Classman and kinsman are coming here,
To give him the Cood Millie Falla!

THOMAS DAVIS.

LORD AMIENS' SONG, IN THE FOREST OF ARDEN.

[FROM " AS YOU LIKE IT."]

BLOW, blow, thou winter wind!
Thou art not so unkind
As man's ingratitude;

Thy tooth is not so keen,
Because thou art not seen,
Although thy breath be rude.
Heigh-ho! sing heigh-ho unto the green holly!
Most friendship is feigning, most loving mere folly.
Then heigh-ho the holly!
This life is most jolly.

II.

Freeze, freeze, thou hitter sky!

That dost not bite so nigh

As benefits forgot:

Though thou the waters warp

Thy sting is not so sharp

As friend remember'd not.

Heigh-he! sing heigh-he unto the green helly!

Most friendship is feigning, most loving mere folly.

Then heigh-he the helly!

This life is most jolly.

SONNET.

SHAKESPEARE.

SEPTEMBER.

THE dark green Summer with its massive bases

Fades into Autumn's tineture manifold;
A gorgeous garniture of fire and gold

The high slope of the ferny hill indues;
The mists of mora in slambering layers diffuse
O'er glimmering rock, smooth lake, and spiked array
Of hedgerow thorns, a unity of grey;
All things appear their tangible form to lose
In ghostly vastness. But anon the gloom

Melts, as the Sun puts off his middy veil;
And now the birds their twittering songs resume,
All Summer silent in the leafy dale.
In Spring they piped of love on every tree,
But now they sing the song of memory.
HARTLEY COLERIDGE.

#### THE TWO APRIL MORNINGS.

WE walk'd along, while bright and red Uprose the morning sun; And Matthew stopp'd, he look'd and said, "The will of God be done!"

A village schoolmaster was he, With hair of glittering grey; As blithe a man as you could see On a Spring holiday.

And on that morning, through the grass, And by the steaming rills, We travelf'd merrily, to pass A day among the hills.

" Our work," said I, " was well begun; Then, from thy breast what thought, Beneath so beautiful a sun, So sad a sigh has brought?"

A second time did Matthew stop; And fixing still his eye Upon the eastern mountain-top, To me he made reply: "You cloud with that long purple cleft Brings fresh into my mind A day like this which I have left Full thirty years behind.

" And just above you slope of eorn Such colours, and no other, Were in the sky, that April morn, Of this the very brother.

"With red and line I sund the sport
Which that sweet senson gave,
And, to the churchyard come, stopp'd short B
Beside my daughter's grave.

"Nine summers had she scarcely seen,
The pride of all the vale;
And then she sang;—she would have been
A very nightingale,

Six feet in earth my Emma lay; And yet I loved her more, For so it seem'd, than till that day I e'er had loved before.

" And, turning from her grave, I met, Beside the charchyard yew, A blooming Girl whose hair was wet With points of morning dew.

"A basket on hor head she bare; Her brow was smooth and white: To see a child so very fair, It was a pure delight!

" No fountain from its rocky cave Ere tripp'd with foot so free; She seem'd as happy as a wave. That dances on the sen.

"There came from me a sigh of pain Which I could ill confine; I look'd at her, and look'd again: And did not wish her mine!"

Matthew is in his grave, yet now, Mathinks, I see him stand, As at that moment, with a bough Of wilding in his hand.

WORDSWORTH.

### LORD ULLIN'S DAUGHTER.

A CHIEFTAIN, to the Highlands bound, Cries, "Boatman, do not tarry! And I'll give thee a silver pound To row us o'er the ferry."

"Now who be ye, would cross Lochgyle, This dark and stormy water?"

"O, I'm the chief of Ulva's isle, And this, Lord Ullin's daughter.

"And fast before her father's men Three days we've fled together, For should be find us in the glen My blood would stain the heather.

"His horsemen hard behind us ride; Should they our steps discover, Then who will cheer my bonny bride When they have slain her lover?" Out spoke the hardy Highland wight,
"I'll go, my chief—I'm ready:
It is not for your silver bright,
But for your winsoms lady.

" And by my word, the bonny bird In danger shall not tarry! So though the waves are raging white, I'll row you o'er the ferry."

By this the storm grow loud space, The water-wraith was shricking; And in the scowl of heaven each face Grew dark as they were speaking.

But still as wilder blow the wind, And as the night grew drearer, Adown the glen rode armed men, Their trampling sounded nearer.

" O haste thee, haste!" the lady cries,
"Though tempests round us gather;
I'll meet the raging of the skies,
But not an angry father,"

The boat has left a stormy land,
A stormy sea before her;
When, oh! too strong for human hand,
The tempest gather'd o'er her.

And still they row'd amidst the roar Of waters fast prevailing: Lord Ullin reach'd that fatal shore, His wrath was changed to wailing.

For sore dismay'd, through storm and shade, His child he did discover: One lovely hand she stretch'd for aid, And one was round her lover. "Come back! come back!" he cried in gricf,
"Across this stormy water;
And I'll forgive your Highland chief,
My daughter! Oh my daughter!"

"Twas vain:—the loud waves lash'd the shore, Return or aid preventing. The waters wild went o'er his child, And he was left lamenting.

CAMPBELL.

#### THE ARROW AND THE SONG.

I SHOT an arrow into the air,
It fell to earth, I knew not where;
For, so swiftly it flew, the sight
Could not follow it in its flight.

I breathed a song into the nir, It feil to earth, I knew not where; For who has sight so keen and strong That it can follow the flight of song?

Long, long afterward, in an oak I found the arrow still unbroke; And the song, from beginning to end, I found again in the heart of a friend.

H. W. LONGFELLOW.

# O WHISTLE, AND I'LL COME TO YOU, MY LAD.

O WHISTLE, and I'll come to you, my lad,
O whistle, and I'll come to you, my lad;
Tho' father and mither and a' should gae mad,
O whistle, and I'll come to you, my lad!

But warily tent, when you come to court me, And come na unless the back-yett be a-jee; Syne up the back-stile and let nacbody see, And come as ye were sa comin' to me.

At kirk, or at market, whene'er ye meet me, Gang by me as the' that ye cared na a flie; But steal me a blink o' your bonnie black e'e; Yet look as ye were na lookin' at me.

Aye vow and protest that ye care no for me, And whyles ye may lightly my beauty a wee; But court no anither, the jokin' ye be, For fear that she wyle your fancy frac me.

O whistle, and I'll come to you, my lad,
O whistle, and I'll come to you, my lad;
Tho' father and mither and a' should gas mad,
O whistle, and I'll come to you, my lad;
Boxes.

#### SONNET.

## [ABSENCE AND PRESENCE.]

So am I as the rich, whose blessed key
Can bring him to his sweet up-locked treasure,
The which he will not every hour survey.
For blunting the fine point of seldom pleasure.
Therefore are feasts so soleme and so rare,
Since seldom coming, in the long year set,
Like stones of worth they thinly placed are,
Or captain-jewels in the cureanet.
So is the time that keeps you, as my chest,

Or as the wardrobe which the robe doth hide,
To make some special instant special-blest
By new unfolding his imprison'd pride.
Blessed are you, whose worthiness gives scope,
Being had, to triumph, or being lack'd, to hope.
Shakespark.

# KUBLA KHAN; OR, A VISION IN A DREAM.

#### A FRAGMENT.

One day in the summer of 1797, Coleridge tells us, being at a farm-house on Exmoor, he fell asleep is his chair after reading in "Purchas's Pilgrimage" these or some such words, "Here the Khan Kubia communded a palace to be built, and a stately garden thereusto: and thus ten miles of fertile ground were enclosed with a wall," and waking after three hours, was aware that a long chain of verse had linked itself in his mind. He instantly wrote down the following words; but being then called away on business and detained above an hour, he found on his return that, save some scattered lines and images, the remainder of the beautiful dream-symphony was fled: nor could he ever after recover it.

I N Xanadu did Kubla Khan
A stately pleasure-dome decree:
Where Alpha, the sacred river, ran
Through caverns measureless to man,
Down to a sunless sea,
So twice five miles of fertile ground
With walls and towers were girdled round:

And there were gardens bright with sinuous rills, Where blossom'd many an incerse-bearing tree; And here were forests ancient as the hills, Enfohling sunny spots of greenery.

But oh! that deep romantic chasm which slanted Down the green hill athwart a cedarn cover! A savage place! as holy and enchanted As e'er beneath a waning moon was haunted By woman wailing for her demon-lover! And from this chasm with ceaseless turmoil seething, As if this earth in fast thick pants were breathing. A mighty fountain momently was forced: Amid whose swift half-intermitted burst Huge fragments vaulted like rebounding hail, Or chaffy grain beneath the thresher's flail: And 'mid these dancing rocks at once and ever It flung up momently the sacred river. Five miles meandering with a mazy motion Through wood and dale the sacred river ran, Then reach'd the caverus measureless to man, And sank in tumult to a lifeless ocean : And 'mid this tumult Kubla heard from far Ancestral voices prophesying war !

The shadow of the dome of pleasure
Floated midway on the waves;
Where was heard the mingled measure
From the fountain and the caves.
It was a miracle of rare device,
A sunny pleasure-dome with caves of ice!

A damsel with a dulcimer In a vision once I saw: It was an Abyssinian maid, And on her dulcimer she play'd, Singing of Mount Abora. Could I revive within me
Her symphony and song,
To such a deep delight 'twould win me
That with music loud and long
I would build that dome in air,
That sunny dome! those caves of ice!
And all who heard should see them there,
And all should cry, Beware! Beware!
His flashing eyes, his floating hair!
Weave a civele round him thrice,
And close your eyes with holy dread,
For he on honey-dew hath fed,
And drunk the milk of Paradise.

COLEREDGE.

SHE dwelt among the untrodden ways
Beside the springs of Dove,
A Maid whom there were none to praise
And very few to love:

A violet by a mossy stone Half-hidden from the eye! Fair as a star, when only one is shining in the sky.

She lived unknown, and few could know When Lucy ceased to be; But she is in her grave,—and, oh, The difference to me!

**WOEDSWORTH.** 

#### UP AT A VILLA-DOWN IN THE CITY.

(AS DISTINGUISHED BY AN ITALIAN PERSON OF QUALITY.)

HAD I but plenty of money, money enough and to spare,

The house for me, no doubt, were a house in the city-square.

Ah such a life, such a life, as one leads at the window there!

Something to see, by Bacchus, something to bear, at least!

There, the whole day long, one's life is a perfect

While up at a villa one lives, I maintain it, no more than a beast,

444

Well now, look at our villa I stuck like the horn of a bull

Just on a mountain's edge as bare as the creature's skull.

Save a more shag of a bush with hardly a leaf to pull!

I scratch my own, sometimes, to see if the hair's turn'd wool.

IV.

But the city, oh the city—the square with the houses! Why They are stone-faced, white as a curd, there's something to take the eye!

Houses in four straight lines, not a single front awry !

You watch who crosses and gossips, who saunters, who hurries by :

Green blinds, as a matter of course, to draw when the sun gets high;

And the shops with fanciful signs which are painted properly.

v.

What of a villa? Though winter be over in March by rights,

"Tis May perhaps ere the snow shall have wither'd well off the heights:

You've the brown plough'd land before, where the oxen steam and wheeze,

And the hills over-smoked behind by the faint grey clive trees.

VI.

Is it better in May, I ask you? you've summer all at once;

In a day he leaps complete with a few strong April suns!

'Mid the sharp short emerald wheat, scarce risen three fingers well,

The wild tulip, at end of its tube, blows out its great red bell

Like a thin clear bubble of blood, for the children to pick and sell.

vn.

Is it ever hot in the square? There's a fountain to spout and splash? In the shade it sings and springs; in the shine such foam-bows flash

On the horses with curling fish-tails, that prance and paddle and pash

Round the lady atop in the conch-fifty gazers do not abash.

Though all that she wears is some weeds round her waist in a sort of sash!

VIII.

All the year long at the villa, nothing's to see though you linger,

Except you express that points like Death's lean lifted forefinger,

Some think fireflies pretty, when they mix in the corn and mingle,

Or thrid the stinking hemp till the stalks of it seem a-tingle.

Late August or early September, the stunning cicada is shrill,

And the bees keep their tiresome whine round the resinous firs on the hill.

Enough of the seasons,—I spare you the months of the fever and chill.

IX.

Ere opening your eyes in the city, the blessed church-bells begin:

No somer the bells leave off, than the diligence rattles in:

You get the pick of the news, and it costs you never a pin.

By and by there's the travelling doctor gives pills, lets blood, draws teeth;

Or the Punchinello-trumpet breaks up the market beneath. At the post-office such a scene-picture—the new play, piping hot!

And a notice how, only this morning, three liberal thieves were abot.

Above it behold the archbishop's most fatherly of rebukes,

And beneath, with his crown and his lion, some little new law of the Duke's!

Or a scenet with flowery marge to the Reverend Don So-and-so,

Who is Dante, Boccaccio, Petrarea, Saint Jerome, and Cicero,

"And moreover," (the sounce goes rhyming,) "the skirts of Suint Paul has reach'd,

Having preach'd us these six Lent-lectures more unctuous than ever he preach'd."

Noon strikes,—here sweeps the procession! our Lady beene smiling and smart

With a pink gauzs gown all spangles, and seven swords stuck in her heart!

Bang, whang, whang, goes the drum, tootle-tetootle the fife;

No keeping one's haunches still: it's the greatest pleasure in life.

X.

But bless you, it's dear—it's dear! fowls, wine, at double the rate.

They have elapp'd a new tax upon salt, and what oil pays passing the gate

It's a horror to think of. And so, the villa for me, not the city!

Beggars can scarcely be choosers—but still—ah, the pity, the pity!

Look, two and two go the priests, then the monks with cowls and annuals. And the penitents dress'd in white skirts, a-holding the yellow candles.

One, he carries a flag up straight, and another a cross with handles.

And the Duke's guard brings up the rear, for the better prevention of scandals.

Basg, whose, whose, goes the drum, tootie-tetootie the fife.

Oh, a day in the city-square, there is no such pleasure in life!

ROBERT BROWNING.

#### FORBEARANCE.

H AST then named all the birds without a gun;
At rich men's tables eaten brend and pulse;
Unarm'd faced danger with a heart of trust;
And loved so well a high behaviour
In man or maid that thou from speech refrain'd,
Nobility more nobly to repay ?—
O be my friend, and teach me to be thine!

Exercson.

## THE BROOK.

I COME from haunts of coot and hern, I make a sudden sally And sparkle out among the fern, To bicker down a valley. By thirty hills I hurry down, Or slip between the ridges, By twenty thorps, a little town, And half a hundred bridges.

Till last by Philip's farm I flow
To join the brimming river,
For men may come and men may go,
But I go on for ever.

I chatter over stony ways, In little sharps and trebles, I bubble into oddying bays, I bubble on the pubbles.

With many a curve my banks I fret By many a field and fallow, And many a fairy fereland set With willow-weed and mallow.

I chatter, chatter, as I flow
To join the brimming river,
For men may come and men may go,
But I go on for ever.

I wind about, and in and out,
With here a blossom sailing,
And here and there a lusty trout,
And here and there a grayling.

And here and there a formy flake Upon me, as I travel With many a silvery waterbreak Above the golden gravel,

And draw them all along, and flow To join the brimming river, For men may come and men may go, But I go on for ever.

I steal by lawns and greesy plots, I slide by hazel covers; I move the sweet forget-me-nots That grow for happy lovers.

I slip, I slide, I gloom, I glance, Among my skimming swallows; I make the netted sunbeam dance Against my sandy shallows.

I murmur under moon and stars In brambly wildernesses; I linger by my shingly bars; I loiter round my cresses;

And out again I curve and flow
To join the brimming river,
For men may come and men may go,
But I go on for ever.

TENNYSON.

## LA BELLE DAME SANS MERCY.

A H, what can all thee, wretched wight,
Alone and palely loitering?
The sedge is wither'd from the lake,
And no birds sing.

Ah, what can ail thee, wretched wight, So haggard and so wee-begone? The squirrel's granary is full, And the harvest's done,

I see a lily on thy brow,

With anguish moist and fever-dew;
And on thy check a fading rose
Fast withcreth too.

I met a Lady in the meads, Full beautiful, a fairy's child; Her hair was long, her foot was light, And her eyes were wild.

I set her on my pacing steed,
And nothing else saw all day long;
For sideways would she lean, and sing
A fairy's song.

I made a garland for her head,
And bracelets too, and fragrant zone:
She look'd at me as she did love,
And made sweet moan.

She found me roots of relish sweet, And boney wild, and manna dew; And sure in language strange she said, I love thee true.

She took me to her elfin grot, And there she gazed and sighèd deep, And there I shut her wild sad eyes— So kiss'd to sleep.

And there we slumber'd on the moss, And there I dresm'd, ah woe betide, The latest dresm I ever dream'd On the cold hill-side. I saw pale kings, and princes too,
Pale warriors, death-pale were they all;
Who cried " La belle Dame sans mercy
Hath thee in thrall!"

I saw their starved lips in the gloom With horrid warning gaped wide, And I awoke and found me here, On the cold hill-side.

And this is why I sojourn here
Alone and palely loitering,
Though the sedge is wither'd from the lake,
And no birds sing.

KEATS.

#### SONNET.

[THE SENSE OF LOSS.]

SURPRISED by joy—impatient as the Wind I turn'd to share the transport—oh! with whom

But Thee, deep buried in the silent tomb,
That spot which no vicissitude can find?
Love, faithful love, recall'd thee to my mind—
But how could I forget thee? Through what power,
Even for the least division of an hour,
Have I been so beguiled as to be blind
To my most grievous loss?—That thought's return
Was the worst pang that sorrow ever bore,
Save one, one only, when I stood forlorn,
Knowing my heart's best treasure was no more;
That neither present time, nor years unborn
Could to my sight that heavenly face restore.

WORDSWORTS.

## THE HOUR OF PRAYER.

CHILD, amidst the flowers at play,
While the red light fades away;
Mother, with thine earnest eye
Ever following silently;
Father, by the beceze of ere
Call'd thy harvest work to leave;
Pray! ere yet the dark hours be,
Lift the heart and bend the knee!

Traveller, in the stranger's land,
Far from thine own household band;
Moarner, haunted by the tone
Of a voice from this world gone;
Captive, in whose narrow cell
Sunshine hath not leave to dwell;
Sailor, on the darkening sea;
Lift the heart and bend the knee!

Warrior, that from battle won Breathest now at set of sun; Woman, o'er the lowly slain Weeping on the burial plain; Ye that triumph, ye that sigh, Kindred by one holy tie, Heaven's first star alike ye see.— Lift the heart and bend the knec!

PRESCIA HEMANS.

## SONNET.

## [LOVE'S SILENCE.]

BECAUSE I breaths not love to everie one,
Nor do not use set colours for to weare,
Nor nourish special locks of vowed haire,
Nor give each speech a full point of a groun;
The courtie nymphs, acquainted with the mean
Of them who in their lips Love's standard beare,
"What, he?" say they of me, "now I dare sweare
He cannot love! No, no, let him above."
And think so still! if Stella know my minde.
Profess indeed I do not Cupid's art;
But you, fair maids, at length this true shall finde,
That his right badge is but worne in the heart:
Dumb swans, not chattering ples, do lovers prove:
They love indeed, who quake to say they love.

SIR PHILIP SIDNEY.

#### SONG.

## [FROM " THE PRINCESS."]

TEARS, idle tears, I know not what they mean,
Tears from the depth of some divine despair
Rise in the heart, and gather to the eyes,
In looking on the happy Autumn fields,
And thinking of the days that are no more.

Fresh as the first beam glittering on a sail, That brings our friends up from the under world, Sad as the last which reddens over one That sinks with all we love below the verge, So sad, so fresh, the days that are no more.

Ah, sad and strange as in dark summer dawns.
The earliest pipe of half awaken'd birds.
To dying ears, when unto dying eyes.
The custment slowly grows a glimmering square;
So sad, so strange, the days that are no more.

Dear as remember'd kisses after death, And sweet as those by bopeless fancy feign'd On lips that are for others; deep as love, Deep as first love, and wild with all regret; O Death in Life, the days that are no more.

TENNYSON.

#### TO MY SISTER.

WRITTEN AT A SMALL DISTANCE FROM MY HOUSE,

AND SENT BY MY LITTLE BOY.

T is the first mild day of March:
Each minute sweeter than before
The redbreast sings from the tall larch
That stands beside our door.

There is a blessing in the air,
Which seems a sense of joy to yield
To the bare trees, and mountains bare,
And grass in the green field.

My Sister! ('tis a wish of mine)
Now that our morning meal is dene,
Make haste, your morning task rusign;
Come forth and feel the sun.

Edward will come with you;—and, pray,
Put on with speed your woodland dress;
And bring no book: for this one day
We'll give to idleness,

No joyless forms shall regulate Our living calendar: We from to-day, my Friend, will date The opening of the year.

Love, now a universal birth,
From heart to heart is stealing,
From earth to man, from man to earth:
It is the hour of feeling.

One moment now may give us more Than years of toiling reason: Our minds shall drink at every pore The spirit of the season.

Some silent laws our hearts will make, Which they shall long obey: We for the year to come may take Our temper from to-day.

And from the blessed power that rolls About, below, above, We'll frame the measure of our souls: They shall be turn'd to love.

Then come, my Sister! come, I pray, With speed put on your woodland dress; And bring no book: for this one day We'll give to idleness.

WORDSWORTS.

### YE MARINERS OF ENGLAND.

(A NAVAL ODE.)

Y E mariners of England.
That guard our native seas;
Whose flag has braved, a thousand years,
The battle and the breeze!
Your glorious standard launch again
To match another fee!
And sweep through the deep,
While the stormy tempests blow;
While the battle rages loud and long,
And the stormy tempests blow.

The spirits of your fathers
Shall start from every wave!
For the deck it was their field of fame,
And Ocean was their grave:
Where Blake and mighty Nelson fell
Your manly hearts shall glow,
As ye sweep through the deep,
While the stormy tempests blow;
While the battle rages load and long,
And the stormy tempests blow.

Britannia needs no bulwark,
No towers along the steep;
Her march is o'er the mountain waves
Her home is on the deep.
With thunders from her native oak
She quells the floods below—

As they rour on the shore

When the stormy tempests blow;

When the battle rages loud and long,
And the stormy tempests blow.

The meteor flag of England
Shall yet terrific burn;
Till danger's troubled night depart,
And the star of peace return.
Then, then, ye ocean warriors!
Our song and feast shall flow
To the fame of your name,
When the storm has ceased to blow;
When the fery fight is beard no more,
And the storm has ceased to blow.

CAMPRESS.

#### SONNET.

#### TO CYRIACK SKINNER.

CYRIACK, this three years' day these eyes, though clear,
To outward view, of blemish or of spot,
Bereft of light, their accing have forgot;
Nor to their idle orbs doth sight appear
Of sun, or moon, or star, throughout the year,
Or man, or woman. Yet I argue not
Against Heaven's hand or will, nor bate a jot
Of heart or hope; but still bear up and steer
Right onward. What supports me, dost thou ask?
The conscience, friend, to have lost them overplied

In liberty's defence, my noble task,

Of which all Europe rings from side to side.

This thought might lead me through the world's wain masque,

Content though blind, had I no better guide.

## [FAIRY SONG.]

COME, follow, follow me, You fairy elves that be, Which circle on the greene; Come, follow Mab your queene. Hand in hand lot's dance around, For this place is fairy ground.

When mortals are at rest,
And moring in their nest;
Unbesrd and uncepy'd,
Through key-holes we do glide;
Over tables, stools, and shelves,
We trip it with our fairy elves.

And, if the house be fool, Or platter, dish, or bowl, Up stairs we nimbly creep, And find the sluts askep: There we pinch their arms and thighes; None escapes, nor none espies.

But if the house be swept, And from unclearness kept, We praise the household maid, And duely she is paid: For we use before we goe To drop a tester in her shoe.

Upon a mushroome's head Our table-cloth we spread; A grain of rye or wheat Is manchet which we eat; Pearly drops of dew we drink In scorn cups fill'd to the brink.

The grassbopper, gnat, and fly Serve for our minstrelsie; Grace said, we dance awhile, And so the time beguile: And if the moon doth hide her head, The glow-worm lights us home to bed,

On tops of dewie grasse
So zimbly do we passe,
The young and tender stalk
Ne'er bends when we do walk:
Yet in the morning may be seen
Where we the night before have been.

#### SONNET.

#### [A PARTING.]

SINCE there's no help, come let us kiss and parte:
Nay, I have done: you get no more of me;
And I am glad, yea, glad with all my heart,
That thus so cleanly I myself can free;
Shake hands for ever, cancel all our vows,
And when we meet at any time againe.

Be it not seen in either of our brows. That we one jot of former love retaine.

.. Now at the last gasp of Love's latest breath,
When, his pulse failing, Passion speechless lies,
When Faith is kneeling by his bed of death,
And Innoceace is closing up his eyes,
Now, if thou woulded, when all have given him over,
From death to life thou might'st him yet recover!
Michael, Drayton.

## [NOSE VERSUS EYES.]

REPORT OF AN ADJUDGED CASE NOT TO BE FOUND IN ANY OF THE BOOKS.

BETWEEN Nose and Eyes a strange contest arese,

The spectacles set them unhappily wrong;
The point in dispute was, as well the world knows,
To which the said spectacles ought to belong.

So Toogue was the lawyer, and argued the couse With a great deal of skill, and a wig full of learning:

While chief baron Ear sat to balance the laws, So fassed for his talent in airely discerning.

In behalf of the Nose it will quickly appear, And your lordship, he mid, will undoubtedly find.

That the Nose has had spectacles always in wear, Which amounts to possession time out of mind.

Then holding the spectacles up to the court— Your lordship observes they are made with a straddle As wide as the ridge of the Nose is; in short, Design'd to sit close to it, just like a saddle.

Again, would your lordship a moment suppose ('Tis a case that has happen'd, and may be again,) That the visage or countenance had not a nose, Pray who would, or who could, wear spectacles then?

On the whole it appears, and my argument shows, With a reasoning the court will never condemn, That the spectacles plainly were made for the Nose, And the Nose was as plainly intended for them.

Then shifting his side (as a lawyer knows how), He plended again in behalf of the Eyes; But what were his arguments few people know, For the court did not think they were equally wise.

So his lordship decreed, with a grave selemn tone,
Decisive and clear, without one if or but,
That whenever the Nose put his spectacles on,
By daylight, or candlelight,—Eyesshouldbe shut.
Cowran.

## CUPID'S CURSE.

[SUNG BY GENORE AND PARIS." A DRAMATIC FEOM "THE ABBAIGNMENT OF PARIS." A DRAMATIC PASTORAL—1584.]

Æn. FAIRE, and faire, and twice so faire,
As faire as anie may be,
The fairest shepherd on our greene,
A Love for my Lady.

- Paris. Faire, and faire, and twice so faire,
  As faire as any may be,
  Thy Love is fair for thee alone,
  And for no other Lady.
- (En My Love is faire, my Love is gay,
  And fresh as bin the flowers in May,
  And of my Love my roundelay,
  My merry, merry roundelay,
  Concludes with Cupid's Curse;
  They that do change old love for newe,
  Pray Gods they change for worse!
- (En. Faire, and faire, and twice so faire,
  As faire as my may be,
  The fairest shepherd on our greene,
  A Love for any Lady.
- Paris. Faire, and faire, and twice so faire,
  An faire as onle may be,
  Thy Love is faire for thee alone,
  And for no other Lady.
- CEa. My Love can pipe, my Love can sing.
  My Love can manic a pretty thing,
  And of his lovely praises ring
  My merry, merry roundelays.
  Amen to Cupid's Curse:
  They that do change old love for newe,
  Pray Gods they change for worse!
  George Perin.

#### SONG.

[FROM " THE LADY OF THE LAKE."]

Soldier, rest! thy warfare o'er,

Sleep the sleep that knows not breaking;
Dream of battle-fields no more,
Days of danger, nights of waking.
In our isle's enchanted hall
Hands unseen thy couch are strewing,
Fairy strains of music fall,
Every sense with slumber dewing.
Soldier, rest! thy warfare o'er,
Dream of fighting fields no more;
Sleep the sleep that knows no breaking,
Morn of toil, nor night of waking.

No rude sound shall reach thine ear,
Armour's clang, or war-steed's champing.
Trump nor pibroch summon here
Mustering clan, or squadron tramping.
Yet the lark's shrill fife may come
At the day-break from the fallow,
And the bittern sound his drum,
Booming from the sedgy shallow.
Ruder sounds shall none be near,
Guards nor warders challenge here.
Here's no war-steed's neigh and champing.
Shouting clans or squadron's tramping.

SCOTT.

#### THE LADY'S GRAVE.

THEY laid my lady in her grave,
My lady with the deep blue eye;
Twas not in sainted ground
Where crosses stand around,
But by the river's side, where the green sedges
wave.

They had not seen that lady's smile
Ere her unhappy days were come;
Or the last had of rest,
Hallow'd by prayer and priest,
Would not have been withheld, as if from something
vile.

They would have loved that deep blue eye, Because it told a tale of heav's; And in her candid look Read, as in boly book, Immortal things and pure, belonging to the sky.

But by the river's sedgy brink,
Where her cold corse was floating found,
They hid my lady fair
Unbless'd by priest or prsy'r,
Where yellow iris and pale reeds the water drink.

The river lily's hamid flow'r,
And cresses with their cold green leaf,
In place of temb, denied
By harsh and impious pride,
Grow there; and sounds from heav'n sweep by at
evening hour.

MARY BODDINGTON.

#### TO THE CUCKOO.

O BLITHE New-comer! I have heard,
I bear thee and rejoice.
O Cackoo! shall I call thee Bird,
Or but a wandering Voice?

While I am lying on the grass
Thy twofold shout I hear,
That seems to fill the whole air's space,
As loud far off as near.

Though babbling only to the Vale, Of sunshine and of flowers, Thou bringest unto me a tale Of visionary hours.

Thrice welcome, durling of the Spring!
Even yet thou art to see
No bird, but an invisible thing,
A voice, a mystery;

The same whom in my school-boy days I listen'd to; that Cry Which made me look a thousand ways In bush, and tree, and sky.

To seek thee did I often rove
Through woods and on the green;
And thou wert still a hope, a love;
Still lang'd for, never seen.

And I can listen to thee yet; Can lie upon the plain And listen, till I do beget That golden time again.

O blessed Bird! the earth we pace Again appears to be An unsubstantial, facry place; That is fit home for Thee! Wordsworks.

#### IN THE STILLNESS O' THE NIGHT.

## DORSET DIALECT.

O V all the housen¹ o' the plince,
There's cone³ wher I da³ like to call
By due ar night the best ov all,
To zee my Fanny's smilen fiace;
An' dere ⁴ the stiately tress du grow,
A-rockòn us the win' da blow,
While she du sweetly sleep below,
In the stillness o' the night.

An' dere at evemen, I da goo,
A-hoppen auver ghiates an' bars,
By twinklen light o' winter stars,
When snow da clumper to my shee;
An' zometimes we da slyly catch
A chat an hoar upon the stratch,
An' piart wi' whispers at the hatch in
In the stillness o' the night.

An' sometimes she da goo' to zome
Young nhighbours' housen down the plaice,
An' I da' get a cine to trince
Her out, an' goo to zes her huome;
An' I da wish a vield a mile,
As she da sweetly chat an' smile,
Along the drove, or at the stile,
In the stillness o' the night.

William Barness.

#### SONG.

A SPIRIT hanns the year's last hours,
Dwelling amid these yellowing bowers:
To bimself he talks:
For at eventide, listening carnestly,
At his work you may hear him sob and sigh
In the walks;
Earthward he boweth the heavy stalks
Of the mouldering flowers:
Heavily hangs the broad sunflower
Over its grave i' the earth so chilly;
Heavily hangs the hellyhock,
Heavily hangs the tiger-lily.

The nir is damp, and hush'd, and close,
As a sick man's room when he taketh repose
An hour before death:
My very heart faints and my whole soul grieves
At the moist rich smell of the rotting leaves,
And the breath

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Houses, houses. <sup>2</sup> Oose, one. <sup>2</sup> Do, do. <sup>4</sup> Dove, there. <sup>5</sup> Erceses, evening. <sup>6</sup> Aurer, over. <sup>7</sup> Ghistes, gates. <sup>6</sup> Chasper, gather in a lump, (an excellent word.) <sup>8</sup> Stretch, strutch. <sup>80</sup> Hence, wicket-gate.

<sup>1</sup> Goe, go. 2 Do, doth. 2 Heone, home. 4 Vield, feld. 5 Drove, a cow path between hedges.

Of the fading edges of box beneath, And the year's last rose.

Heavily hangs the browl sunflower
Over its grave i' the earth so chilly;
Heavily hangs the hollyhock,
Heavily hangs the tiger-lily.

TENNISON.

#### HERRICK'S LITANY.

I N the hear of my distress,
When temptations me oppress,
And when I my sins confess,
Sweet Spirit, comfort me!

When I lie within my bed, Sick in heart and sick in head, And with doubts discomforted, Sweet Spirit, comfort me!

When the house doth sigh and weep, And the world is drown'd in sleep, Yet mine eyes the watch do heep, Sweet Spirit, comfort me!

When the priest his last lath pray'd, And I not to what is said, 'Cause my speech is now decay'd, Sweet Spirit, comfort me!

When the judgment is reveal'd,
And that open'd which was scal'd,
When to thee I have appeal'd,
Sweet Spirit, comfort me!
Hunnick.

#### SONNET.

#### PROM THE ITALIAN OF MICHAEL ANGELO.

THE might of one fair face sublimes my love,
For it hathwean'd my heart from low desires,
Nor death I need, nor purgatorial fires;
Thy beauty, antepart of joys above,
Instructs me in the bliss that saints approve;
For oh! how good, how beautiful must be
The God that made so good a thing as thee,
So fair an image of the heavenly Dove.
Forgive me if I cannot turn away
From those sweet eyes that are my earthly heaven,
For they are guiding stars beniguly given
To tempt my footsteps to the upward way;
And if I dwell too fordly in thy sight,
I live and love in God's peculiar light.

HARTLEY COLERIDGE.

## [SPRING AND SORROW.]

Now burgeons every maze of quick About the flowering squares, and thick, By ashen roots the violets blow.

Now rings the woodland load and long, The distance takes a lovelier hoe, And drown'd in yonder living blue The lark becomes a sightless wong. Now dance the lights on lawn and les, The flocks are whiter down the vale, And milkier every milky sail On winding stream or distant ses;

Where now the seamew pipes, or dives In youder greezing gleam, and fly The happy birds that change their sky To build and brood; that live their lives

From land to land; and in my breast Spring wakens too; and my regret Becomes an April violet, And buds and blessoms like the rest.

In Memoriam.

#### CHORUS OF THE FLOWERS.

W E are the sweet Flowers,
Bora of sunny showers,
Think, whene'er you see us, what our beauty saith:
Utterance mute and bright
Of some unknown delight,
We fill the air with pleasure, by our simple breath:
All who see us, love us;
We befit all places;
Unto sorrow we give smiles; and unto graces,
graces.

Mark our ways, how noiseless
All, and sweetly voiceless,
Though the March winds pipe to make our passage
clear;

Not a whisper tells

Where our small seed dwells,

Nor is known the moment green, when our tips
appear.

We thread the earth in silence,
In silence build our bowers,

And leaf by leaf in silence show, till we laugh stop, sweet Flowers!

The dear lumpish baby,
Humming with the May-bee,
Hails us with his bright stare, stumbling through
the grass;
The honey-dropping moon,
On a night in June,
Kisses our pale pathway leaves, that felt the bridegroom pass;
Age, the wither'd clinger,
On us mutely gazes,
And wraps the thought of his last bed in his
childbood's dairies.

See, and seem all duller
These, how heav'n loves colour,
How great Nature, clearly, joys in red and green;
What sweet thoughts she thinks
Of violets and pinks,
And a thousand flushing bues, made solely to be
seen;
See her whitest lilies

Chill the silver showers,

And what a red mouth has her rose, the woman of
the flowers!

Uselessness divinest Of a use the finest Painteth us, the teachers of the end of use;

Travellers weary-eyed Bless us far and wide;

Unto sick and prison'd thoughts we give sudden

Not a poor town-window Loves its sickliest planting,

But its wall speaks loftler truth than Babylon's whole vacuting.

Sage are yet the uses Mix'd with our sweet juices, Whether man or may-fly profit of the balm :

As fair fingers heal'd Knights from the olden field,

We hold cups of mightiest force to give the wildest caim.

E'en the terror Poison Hath its plea for blooming;

Life it gives to reverent lips, though death to the presuming.

And oh! our sweet soul-taker, That thief the boney-maker,

What a house hath he, by the thymy glen!

In his talking rooms How the feasting fumes,

Till his gold cups overflow to the mouths of men!

The butterflies come aping Those fine thieves of ours,

And flutter round our rifled tops, like tickled flowers with flowers.

See those tops, how beauteous! What fair service duteous

Round some idol waits, as on their lord the Nine?

Elfin court 'twould seem;

And taught perchance that dream

Which the old Greek mountain dreamt upon nights divine.

To expound such wonder Human speech avails not;

Yet there dies no poorest weed, that such a glory exhales not.

Think of all these treasures, Matchless works and pleasures,

Every one a marvel, meet than thought can say; Then think in what bright showers We thicken fields and howers.

And with what heaps of sweetness half stifle wanton May:

Think of the mossy forests By the bee-birds haunted,

And all those Amazonian plains, lone lying as enchanted!

> Trees themselves are ours; Fruits are born of flowers;

Peachand roughest out were blossoms in the spring; The lusty bee knows well

The news, and comes pell-mell,

And dances in the bloomy thicks with darksome anthoning.

Beneath the very burthen Of planet-pressing ocean

We wash our smiling checks in pence, a thought for meek devotion.

> Tears of Phoebus,-missings Of Cytherea's kissings,

Have in us been found, and wise men find them still;

Drooping grace unfurls Still Hyacinthus' curls,

And Narcissus loves himself in the selfish rill;

Thy red lip, Adonis, Still is wet with morning;

And the step that bled for thee, the rosy brian adorning.

Who shall say that flowers
Dress not heav'n's own howers?
Who its love, without them, can fancy,—or sweet floor?

Who shall even dare To say we sprang not there,

And came not down that Love might bring one piece of heav'n the more?

Oh pray believe that angels From those blue dominions

Brought us in their white laps down, 'twixt their golden pinions.

LEIGH HUNT.

# AN END.

L OYE, strong as death, is dead.
Come, let us make his bed
Among the dying flowers;
A green turf at his head,
And a stone at his feet,
Whereon we may sit
In the quiet evening hours.

He was born in the spring.

And died before the harvesting;

On the last warm summer day
He left us;—he would not stay
For autumn twilights, cold and grey;
Sit we by his grave and sing,

"He is gone away."

To few chords, and sad, and low, Sing we so.

Be our eyes fix'd on the grass, Shadow-veil'd, as the years pass, While we think of all that was In the long ago.

CHRISTINA ROSSETTI.

### TO A WATER-FOWL.

W HITHER, 'midst falling dew,
While glow the beavens with the last steps
of day,
Far through their rosy depths, dost thou pursue
Thy solitary way!

Vainly the fowler's eye
Might mark thy distant flight to do thee wrong,
As, darkly painted on the crimson sky,
Thy figure floats along.

Seek'st thou the plashy brink Of weedy lake, or marge of river wide, Or where the rocking billows rise and sink On the chared ocean side? There is a Power whose care
Teaches thy way along that pathless coast,—
The desert and illimitable air,—
Lone wandering, but not lost.

All day thy wings have fann'd,
At that far height, the cold thin atmosphere,
Yet stoop not, weary, to the welcome land,
Though the dark night is near.

And soon that toil shall end;
Soon shalt thou find a summer home, and rest,
And scream among thy fellows; reeds shall bend,
Soon, o'er thy shelter'd nest.

Thou'rt gone, the abyes of heaven Hath swallow'd up thy form; yet, on my heart Deeply hath sunk the lesson thou hast given, And shall not soon depart.

He, who from some to some
Guides through the boundless sky thy certain
flight,
In the long way that I must tread alone,
Will lead my steps aright.
W. C. BRYANT.

# VENUS OF THE NEEDLE.

O MARYANNE, you pretty girl, Intent on silky labour, Of sempstresses the pink and pearl, Excuse a peeping neighbour! Those eyes for ever drooping, give
The long brown lashes rarely;
But violets in the shadows live,—
For once unveil them fairly.

Hast thou not lent that flounce enough Of looks so long and earnest? Lu, here's more " penetrable stuff" To which thou never turnest.

Ye graceful fingers, deftly sped! How slender, and how nimble! O might I wind their skeins of thread, Or but pick up their thimble!

How blest the youth whom love shall bring, And happy stars embolden, To change the dome into a ring, The silver into golden!

Who'll steal some morning to her side To take her finger's measure, While Maryanne pretends to chido, And blashes deep with pleasure.

Who'll watch her sew her wedding-gown, Well conscious that it is hers; Who'll glean a tress, without a frown, With those so ready seissors.

Who'll taste those ripenings of the south, The fragrant and delicious— Don't put the pins into your mouth, O Maryanne, my precious!

I almost wish it were my trust To teach how shocking that is ; I wish I had not, as I must, To quit this tempting lattice.

Sure aim takes Cupid, fluttering foe,
Across a street so narrow;
A thread of silk to string his bow,
A needle for his arrow!
William Allingham.

SONG OF ARIEL.

FROM " THE TEMPEST."]

WHERE the bee sucks, there suck I;
In a cowslip's bell I lie;
There I couch when owls do cry;
On the hat's back I do fly
After summer, merrily.
Morrily, merrily, shall I live now,
Under the blossom that hangs on the bough!
SHAKESPHARE.

TO A COLD BEAUTY.

ADY, wouldst thou heiress be
To Winter's cold and cruel part?
When he sets the rivers free,
Thou dost still lock up thy heart;
Thou that shouldst outlast the mow
But in the whiteness of thy brow.

Scorn and cold neglect are made
For winter gloom and winter wind,
But thou wilt wrong the summer air,
Breathing it to words unkind,—
Breath which only should belong
To love, to sunlight, and to song.

When the little buds unclose,
Red, and white, and pied, and blue,
And that virgin flower, the rose,
Opes her heart to hold the dew,
Wilt thou lock thy bosom up,
With no jewel in its cup?

Let not cold December sit
Thus in Love's peculiar throne:
Brooklets are not prison'd new,
But crystal frosts are all agone;
And that which hangs upon the spray,
It is no snow, but flower of May.

Hoop.

I CANNOT see the features right,
When on the gloom I strive to paint
The face I know; the hues are faint
And mix with hollow masks of night:

Cloud-towers by ghostly masons wrought, A gulf that over shuts and gapes, A hand that points, and palled shapes In shadowy thoroughfares of thought;

And crowds that stream from yawning doors, And shoals of pucker'd faces drive; Dark bulks that tumble half alive, And lazy lengths on boundless shores:

Till all at once beyond the will
I hear a wizard music roll,
And through a lattice on the scul
Locks thy fair face and makes it still.
In Memorium.

### ULALUME.

THE skies they were ashen and sober:
The leaves they were crisped and sere—
The leaves they were withcring and sere;
It was night in the lonescone October
Of my most immemorial year;
It was hard by the dim lake of Auber,
In the misty mid-region of Weir—
It was down by the dank tarn of Auber,
In the ghoul-haunted woodland of Weir.

Here once, through as alley titanic,
Of cypress, I roam'd with my Soul—
Of cypress, with Psyche, my Soul.
These were days when my heart was volcanic
As the scorinc rivers that roll—
As the layas that restlessly roll

Their sulphurous currents down Yaanek
In the ultimate climes of the pole—
That groun as they roll down Mount Yaanek
In the realms of the boreal pole.

Our talk had been serious and sober,
But our thoughts they were paleied and sere—
Our memories were treacherous and sere—
For we knew not the month was October,
And we mark'd not the night of the year—
(Ah, night of all nights in the year!)
We noted not the dim lake of Anber—
(Though once we had journey'd down here)—
Remember'd not the dank tarn of Auber,
Nor the ghoul-haunted woodland of Weir.

And now as the night was senescent
And star-dials pointed to morn—
As the star-dials hinted of morn—
At the end of our path a liquescent
And nebulous lastre was born,
Out of which a mirroulous crescent
Arose with a duplicate horn—
Astarte's bediamonded crescent
Distinct with its duplicate horn.

And I said—" She is warmer than Dian:
She rolls through an ether of sighs—
She revels in a region of sighs:
She has seen that the tears are not dry on
These checks, where the worm never dies,
And has come past the stars of the Lion
To point us the path to the skies—
To the Lethean peace of the skies—
Come up, in despite of the Lion,
To shine on us with her bright eyes—

Come up through the lair of the Lion, With love in her luminous eyes,"

But Psyche, uplifting her änger,
Said—" Sadly this star I mistrust—
Her pallor I strangely mistrust:—
Oh, hasten!—oh, let us not linger!
Oh, fly!—let us fly!—for we must."
In terrer she spoke, letting sink her
Plumes till they trail'd in the dust—
Till they scrrowfully trail'd in the dust.—

I replied—" This is nothing but dreaming:
Let us on by this tremulous light!
Let us bathe in this crystalline light!
Its Sibylic splendour is beaming
With Hope and in Beauty to-night:—
See!—it flickers up the sky through the night!
Ah, we safely may trust to its gleaming,
And he sure it will lead us aright—
We safely may trust to a gleaming
That cannot but guide us aright,
As it flickers up to Heaven through the night."

Thus I pacified Psyche and kiss'd her,
And tempted her out of her gloom—
And conquer'd her scruples and gloom;
And we pass'd from the shade, as I kiss'd her,
But were stopp'd by the door of a tomb—
By the door of a legended tomb;
And I said—" What is written, sweet sister,
On the door of this legended tomb?"
She replied—" Ulalume—Ulalume—
"Tis the vault of thy lost Ulalume!"

Then my heart it grew ashen and soher
As the leaves that were crisped and sere—

As the leaves that were withering and scre,
And I cried—" It was sarely October,
Was this very night of last year,
That I journey'd—I journey'd down here—
That I brought a dread burthen down here—
On this night of all nights in the year,
Ah, what demon has tempted me here?
Well I know now this dim lake of Auber—
This misty mid-region of Weir—
Well I know now the dank turn of Auber,
This ghoul-haunted woodland of Weir."

EDGAR A. POR.

### LINES

WRITTEN IN EARLY SPRING. 1798.

HEARD a thousand blended notes,
While in a grove I sate reclined,
In that sweet mood when pleasant thoughts
Bring sad thoughts to the mind.

To her fair works did Nature link The human soul that through me ran; And much it grieved my heart to think What man has made of man.

Through primese tufts, in that green bower, The periwinkle trailed its wreaths; And 'tis my faith that every flower Enjoys the air it breathes.

The birds around me hopp'd and play'd, Their thoughts I cannot measure:— But the least motion which they made, It seem'd a thrill of pleasure. The budding twigs spread out their fan, To catch the breuzy air; And I must think, do all I can, That there was pleasure there.

If this belief from heaven be sent,
If such be Nature's boly plan,
Have I not reason to lament
What man has made of man?
WORDSWORTS.

### THE MAID'S LAMENT.

LOVED him not; and yet now he is gone I feel I am alone. I check'd him while he spoke ; yet could be speak, Alas! I would not check, For reasons not to love him once I sought, And wearied all my thought To vex myself and him: I now would give My leve could be but live Who lately lived for me, and when he found "Twas vain, in holy ground He hid his face smid the shades of death. I waste for him my breath Who wasted his for me: but mine returns, And this lorn bosom burns With stifling heat, heaving it up in sleep, And making me to weep Tears that had melted his soft heart: for years Wept he as bitter tears. Merciful God! such was his latest prayer, These may she never share! Quieter is his breath, his breast more cold Than daisies in the mould,

Where children spell, athwart the churchyard gate.
His name and life's brief date.
Pray for him, gentle souls, whoe'er you be,
And oh! pray too for me!
W. S. LANDOR.

### FAIRY SONG.

FROM " THE MAID'S METAMORPHOSIS."]

BY the moon we sport and play,
With the night begins our day;
As we dance the dew doth fall;
Trip it, little urchins all!
Lightly as the winged bee,
Two by two, and three by three,
And about go we, and about go we!

JOHN LYLE.

# [EVENING.]

OW-FLOWING breezes are ronning the
broad valley dinsm'd in the glooming:
Thorough the black-stemm'd pines only the far
river shines.
Creeping through blossomy rushes and bowers of
rose-blowing bushes,
Down by the poplars tall rivulets babble and
fall.
Barketh the shepherd-dog cheerly; the grasshopper carolleth clearly;
Deeply the tartle cooe; shrilly the owlet halloes:

Winds creep; dews fall chilly; in her first sleep earth breathes stilly:

Over the pools in the burn watergnate murmur and mourn.

Sadly the far kine loweth: the glimmering water out-floweth:

Twin peaks shadow'd with pine slope to the dark hyaline.

Low-throned Hesper is stayed between the two peaks; but the Naiad,

Throbbing in mild unrest, holds him beneath in her breast.

The ancient poetess singeth that Hesperus all things bringeth,

Soothing the wearied mind. Bring me my love, Recalind !

Thou comest morning and even; she cometh not morning or even.

False-eyed Hesper, unkind, where is my sweet Rosalind?

TENNESON.

# EDOM O' GORDON.

[OLD BALLAD.]

I'T fell about the Martinmas,
When the wind blow shrill and cauld,
Said Edom o' Gordon to his men,
"We mann draw to a hauld.

" And whatna hauld sall we draw to, My merry men and me? We will gue to the house of the Rodes, To see that fair ladye," The ladye stood on her castle wa', Beheld baith dale and down; There she was sware of a host of men Came riding towards the toun.

" O see ye not, my merry men a'?
O see ye not what I see?
Methinks I see a host of men;
I marvel who they be."

She ween'd it had been her luvely lord, As he cam' riding hame; It was the traitor, Edom o' Gordon, Who reck'd nor sin nor shame.

She had me sooner buskit hersell And putter on her gean, Till Edom o' Gordon an' his men Were round about the torn.

They had not sooner supper set, Not sooner said the grace, But Edom o' Gordon an' his men Were lighted about the place.

The ladye ran up to her tower-head,
As fast as she could hie,
To see if by her fair speeches
She could wi' him agree.

" Come down to me, ye ladye gay,
Come down, come down to me;
This night sall ye lig within mine armes,
To-morrow my bride sall be."

\* I winna come down, ye fause Gordon, I winna come down to thoo:

<sup>1</sup> Tour (town), an exclosed place.

I winns for sake my ain dear lord,— And be is na far frac me."

"Gie owre your house, ye lady fair, Gie owre your house to me; Or I sall burn yoursell therein, But and your babies three."

"I winns gie owre, ye fause Gordon, To use sie traiter as thee. And if ye learn my ain dear babes, My lord sall mak' ye dree.

"Now reach my pistoll, Glaud, my man, And charge ye weel my gun; For, but an I pierce that bluidy butcher, My babes, we been undone!"

She stude upon her castle wa'
And let twa bullets fice:
She miss'd that bluidy butcher's heart,
And only razed his knee.

" Set fire to the house!" quo' fause Gordon, Wud' wi' dule and ire:

" Fause ladys, ye sall rue that shot, As ye burn in the five!"

"Was worth, was worth ye, Jock, my man!
I paid ye weel your fee;
Why pu' ye out the grund-wa' stane,
Lets in the reek to me!

"And e'en wae worth ye, Jock, my man!

I paid ye weel your hire;

Why pu' ye out the grand-wa' stane,

To me lets in the fire?"

"Ye paid me weel my hire, ladye, Ye paid me weel my fee: But now I'm Edom o' Gordon's man,— Mann either do or dee."

O then bespake her little son, Sat on the nurse's knee: Says, " Mither dear, gis owre this house, For the reek it smothers me."

"I wul gie a' my gowd, my bairn, Sae wad I a' my fee, For ac blast o' the western wind, To blaw the reck frac thee."

O then hespake her daughter dear,— She was baith jimp and sma': "O row' me in a pair o' sheets, And tow me owre the wa'!"

They row'd her in a pair o' sheets, And tow'd her owre the wa'; But on the point o' Gordon's spear She gat a deadly fa'.

O bonnie, bonnie was her mouth, And cherry were her checks, And clear, clear was her yellow hair, Whereon the red blood dreeps.

Then wi' his spear he turn'd her owre; O gia her face was wan I He said, "Ye are the first that e'er I wish'd alive again."

<sup>1</sup> West, mad.

He turn'd her owre and owre again ; O gin her skin was white!

" I might has spared that besnie fore To has been some man's delight."

Bask and boun, my merry men a', For ill dooms I do guess;— I cannot look on that bonnie face As it lies on the grass."

"Wha looks to freits," my master dear,
Its freits will follow them;
Let it ne'er be said that Edom o' Gordon
Was daunted by a dame."

But when the ladye saw the fire Come flaming o'er her bead, She wept, and kiss'd her children twain, Says, "Bairas, we been but dead."

The Gordon then his bugle blew,
And said, "Awa", awa"!
This House o' the Rodes is a' in a flame,
I hauld it time to ga'."

And this way lookit her ain dear lood, As he came owre the lea: He saw his eastle a' in a lowe, Sac far as he could see.

"Put on, put on, my wighty men,
As fast as ye can dri'c!

For he that's hindmost o' the thrang
Sall ne'er get good o' me."

Then some they rade, and some they ran, Out-owre the grass and bent; But ere the foremost could win up, Baith lady and bubes were breat.

And after the Gordon he is gane, See fast as he might dri'e; And soon i' the Gordon's foul heart's blude He's wroken his fair ladye.

## PHILLIDA AND CORYDON.

I N the merry month of May, In a morn, by break of day. Forth I walk'd by the wood-side, Whenas May was in his peide: There I spibd, all alone, Phillids and Coryden. Much ado there was, God wot: He would love, and she would not. She said, never man was true : He said, none was false to you. He said, he had loved her long; She said, love should have no wrong. Corydon would kiss her then; She said, maids must kiss no men, Till they do for good and all : Then she made the shepherd call All the heavens to witness truth. Never loved a truer youth. Then with many a pretty oath, Yes and may, and faith and troth, Such as silly shepherds use, When they will not love abuse,

Freits, (frights?), ill-omens, ill-luck.

Love, which had been long deluded,
Was with kisses sweet concluded;
And Phillida with garlands gay
Was made the Lady of the May.
Nacuonas Baston.

### LORD RANDAL.

" O WHERE has ye been, Lord Randal, my

O where has ye been, my handsome young man?"
\* I has been to the wood; mother, make my bed

For I'm weary wi' hunting, and fain would lie down."

"Where get ye your dinner, Lord Randal, my son? Where get ye your dinner, my handsome young man?"

"I dined wi' my love; mother, make my bed soon, For I'm weary wi' hunting, and fain would lie down."

"What gut ye to dinner, Lord Randal, my sen? What gut ye to dinner, my handsome young man?" "I gat eels boil'd in broo'; mother, make my bed

For I'm weary wi' hunting, and fain would lie down."

"And where are your bloodbounds, Lord Randal, my son?"

And where are your bloodhounds, my handsome young man?" " O they swell'd and they died; mother, make my bed soon,

For I'm weary wi' hunting, and fain would lie down."

" O I fear ye are poison'd, Lord Randal, my son! O I fear yeare poison'd, my handsome young man!"
" O yes, I am poison'd! mother, make my bed soon.

For I'm sick at the heart, and I fain would lie down." Scorr's Border Minstreley.

## [EVENING.]

S WEET after showers, ambrosial air,
That rollest from the gergeous gloom
Of evening over brake and bloom
And mendow, slowly breathing bare

The round of space, and rapt below
Through all the dewy-tasself'd wood,
And shadowing down the horned flood
In ripples, fan my brows and blow

The fever from my check, and sigh
The full new life that feeds thy breath
Throughout my frame till Doubt and Death,
Ill brethren, let the fancy fly

From belt to belt of crimson seas
On leagues of odour streaming far,
To where in yonder orient star
A hundred spirits whisper " Peace."
In Memoriese.

# THE BRIDGE OF SIGHS.

" Drown'd! drown'd!"-HAMLEE.

O NE more Unfortunate, Weary of breath, Rashly importunate, Gone to her death!

Take her up tenderly, Lift her with care; Fashion'd so slenderly, Young, and so fair!

Look at her garments Clinging like cerements; Whilst the wave constantly Drips from her clothing; Take her up instantly, Loving, not louthing.—

Touch her not scornfully; Think of her mournfully, Gently and humanly; Not of the stains of her, All that remains of her Now is pure womanly.

Make no deep scrutiny
Into her mutiny
Rash and undutiful:
Past all dishenour,
Death has left on her
Only the beautiful.

Still, for all slips of hers, One of Eve's family— Wipe those poor lips of hers Oozing so clammily.

Loop up her trusses
Escaped from the comb,
Her fair auburn treases;
Whilst wonderment guesses
Where was her home?

Who was her father?
Who was her mother?
Had she a sister?
Had she a brother?
Or was there a dearer one
Still, and a nearer one
Yet, than all other?

Alas! for the rarity
Of Christian charity
Under the sun!
Oh! it was pitiful!
Near a whole city full,
Home she had none.

Sisterly, brotherly,
Fatherly, motherly
Feelings had changed:
Love, by barsh evidence,
Thrown from its eminence;
Even God's providence
Seeming estranged.

Where the lamps quiver So far in the river, With many a light From window and casement, From garret to basement, She stood, with amazement, Houseless by night.

The bleak wind of March
Made her tremble and shiver:
But not the dark arch,
Or the black flowing river:
Mad from life's history
Glad to death's mystery
Swift to be hurl'd—
Any where, any where
Out of the world!

In she plunged boldly, No matter how coldly The rough river ran,— Over the brink of it;— Picture it—think of it, Dissolute man!

Take her up tenderly, Lift her with care; Fashion'd so slenderly, Young, and so fair!

Ere her limbs frigidly Stiffen too rigidly, Decently,—kindly,— Smoothe, and compose them; And her eyes, close them, Staring so blindly! Drendfully staring Through muddy impurity, As when with the daring Last look of despairing Fix'd on futurity.

Perishing gloomily, Spurr'd by containely, Cold inhumanity, Burning insanity, Into her rest.— Cross her hands humbly As if praying dumbly, Over her breast!

Owning her weakness, Her ovil behaviour, And leaving, with meckness, Her sins to her Saviour!

Hoop.

SONG.

[AT A LADY'S WINDOW.]

PROM " CYMBELINE."

HARK! hark! the lark at heaven's gate sings,
And Phoebus 'gins arise,
His steeds to water at those springs
On chaliced flowers that lies;
And winking marybuds begin
To ope their golden eyes;
With every thing that protty bin:
My lady sweet, arise.
Arise, arise!

SHARESTRANE.

### SONG.

FALSE friend, wilt thou smile or weep
When my life is laid asleep?
Little cares for a smile or a tear
The clay-cold corpse upon the hier;
Farewell! Heigh-ho!
What is this whispers low?
There is a snake in thy smile, my dear,
And bitter poison within thy tear.

Sweet sleep, were death like to thee,
Or if thou couldst mortal be,
I would close these eyes of pain,—
When to wake? Never again.
O world, farewell!
Listen to the passing-bell!
It says thou and I must part,
With a light and a heavy heart.

SHELLEY.

#### THE WIFE OF USHER'S WELL.

[OLD BALLAD.]

THERE lived a wife at Usher's Well, And a wealthy wife was she, She had three stout and stalwart sons, And sent them o'er the sea. They hadna been a week from her, A week but barely ane, When word cam' to the carline wife, That her three sons were game.

They hadna been a week from her, A week but barely three, When word cam' to the earline wife, That her sons she'd never see.

" I wish the wind may never cease, Nor fish be in the flood, Till my three sons come hame to me, In earthly flesh and blood!"

It fell about the Martinmas,

When nights are lang and mirk,
The earline wife's three sons cam' hame,
And their hats were o' the birk.

It neither grew in syke nor ditch, Nor yet in ony shough; But at the gates o' Paradise 'That birk grew fair eneugh.

"Blow up the fire, my maideas !
Bring water from the well!
For a' my house shall feast this night,
Since my three sons are well."

And she has made to them a bed, She's made it large and wide; And she's ta'en her mantle round about, Sat down at the bed-side.

Up then erew the red, red cock, And up and crew the gray; The eldest to the youngest said "'Tis time we were away.

"The cock doth craw, the day doth daw,
The charmerin' worm doth chide;
Gin we be miss'd out o' our place,
A sair pain we mann hide."

" Lie still, lie still but a listle wee while,
Lie still but if we may;
Gin my mother should miss us when she wakes,
She'll go mad ere it be day.

"Our mother has nae mair but us; See where she leans asleep; The mantle that was on herself, She has kapp'd it round our feet."

O it's they have ta'en up their mother's mantle, And they've hung it on a pin:

"O lang may ye hing, my mother's mantle, Ere ye hap us again!

"Fare-ye-weel, my mother dear!
Fare-ye-weel, the bonny lass,
That kindles my mother's fire."

## THE KNIGHTS TOMB.

Where may the grave of that good man be?

By the side of a spring on the breast of Helvellyn,

By the side of a spring on the breast of Helvelly: Under the twigs of a young birch tree. The oak that in summer was sweet to hear And rustled its leaves in the fall of the year, And whistled and roar'd in the winter alone, Is gone, and the birch in its stead has grown. The Knight's bones are dust, And his good sword rust; His soul is with the saints, I trust.

COLERIDGE.

### THE SHADOW OF NIGHT.

HOW strange it is to wake
And watch while others sleep,
Till sight and hearing sche
For objects that may keep
The awful inner sense
Unroused, lest it should mark
The life that haunts the emptiness
And horror of the dark.

How strange the distant bay
Of dogs; how wild the note
Of cocks that scream for day,
In homesteads far remote;
How strange and wild to hear
The old and crumbling tower,
Amidst the darkness, suddenly
Take life and speak the hour!

III.

If dreams or panic dread

Reveal the gloom of gloom,

Kiss thou the pillow'd head By thins, and soft resume The confident embrace, And so each other keep In the sure league of amity, And the safe lap of sleep.

Albeit the love-sick brain
Affects the dreary moon,
Ill things alone refrain
From life's nocturnal swoon:
Men melancholy mad,
Beasts ravenous and sly,
The robber and the murderer,
Remorse, with lidless eye.

The nightingale is gay,
For she can vanquish night;
Dreaming, she sings of day,
Notes that make darkness bright:
But when the refluent gloom
Saddens the gaps of song,
We charge on her the dolefulness,
And call her crazed with wrong.

"Tis well that men should lie
All senseless, while the sun,
Coursing the nether sky,
Leaves half the world o'er-run
With baleful shapes unseen;
And foul it is when we
By loud caronsal desecrate
Night's evil sanctity.

Twere good that all should pray,
And so lie down to rest,
While yet the wholesome day
Is lingering in the West.
His prayer shall turn to peace,
Who still regards with awe
The midnight's noxious mystery,
And nature's genial law.
COVENTEY PATMORE.

# THE FAIRY THORN.

AN CLAYER BALLAD.

" CET up, our Anna dear, from the weary spinning wheel;
For your father's on the hill, and your mother is asleep;
Come up above the crags, and we'll dance a high-land reel
Around the fairy thorn on the steep."

At Anna Grace's door 'twas thus the maidens cried, Three merry maidens fair in kirtles of the green; And Anna laid the rock and the weary wheel aside, The fairest of the four, I ween.

They're glancing through the glimmer of the quiet eve,

Away in milky wavings of neck and ankle bare; The heavy-sliding stream in its sleepy song they leave,

And the crags in the ghostly air :

And linking hand and hand, and singing as they go,
The maids along the hill-side have ta'en their
fearless way.

Till they come to where the rowun trees in lonely beauty grow

Beside the Fairy Hawthorn grey-

The hawthorn stands between the ashes tall and slim.

Like matron with her twin grand-daughters at her knee:

The rowan berries cluster o'er her low head grey and dim

In ruddy kisses sweet to see-

The mercy maidens four have ranged them in a row,

Between each lovely couple a stately rowan stem, And away in mazes wavy, like skimming birds they go,

Oh, never caroll'd bird like them!

But solemn is the silence of the silvery haze
That drinks away their voices in echoless repose,
And dreamily the evening has still'd the haunted
braces,

And dreamier the gloaming grows.

And sinking one by one, like lark-notes from the

When the falcon's shadow saileth across the open

Are hush'd the maiden's voices, as cowering down they lie

In the flutter of their sadden awe.

For, from the air above, and the grassy ground beneath, And from the mountain-ashes and the old Whitethorn between,

A power of faint enchantment doth through their beings breathe,

And they sink down together on the green.

They sink together silent, and stealing side to side, They fing their lovely arms o'er their drooping necks so fair.

Then vainly strive again their naked arms to hide, For their shrinking necks again are hare.

Thus clasp'd and prostrate all, with their heads together bow'd,

Soft o'er their bosom's beating—the only human sound—

They hear the silky footsteps of the silent fairy crowd,

Like a river in the air, gliding round.

Nor scream can any raise, nor prayer can any say, But wild, wild, the terror of the speechless three—

For they feel fair Anna Grace drawn silently away, By whom they dare not look to see.

They feel their tresses twine with her parting locks of gold,

And the curls elastic failing, as her head withdraws:

They feel her sliding arms from their tranced arms unfold.

But they dare not look to see the cause:

For heavy on their senses the faint enchantment lies

Through all that night of anguish and perilous amaze; And neither fear nor wonder can ope their quivering eyes

Or their limbs from the cold ground raise.

Till out of Night the Earth has roll'd her dewy side, With every haunted mountain and streamy vale below:

When, as the mist dissolves in the yellow morningtide,

'The maidens' trance dissolveth so.

Then fly the ghastly three as swiftly as they may, And tell their tale of sorrow to anxious friends in vain—

They pined away and died within the year and day, And ne'er was Anna Grace seen again.

SAMUEL FERGUSON.

### THE HOUSE.

THERE is no architect can build As the Muse can; She is skilful to select Materials for her plan;

Rafters warily to choose Of immortal pine, Or order incorruptible, Worthy her design.

She threads dark Alpine forests, Or valleys by the sea, In many lands, with painful steps, Ere she can find a tree. She ransacks mines and ledges, And quarries every rock, To hew the famous adamant For each eternal block.

She lays her beams in music, In music every one, To the cadence of the whirling world Which dances round the sun.

That so they shall not be displaced By lapses or by wars, But for the love of happy souls Outlive the newest stars.

EMDIRSON.

### HIS WISH TO PRIVACY.

G IVE me a cell
To dwell,
Where no foot hath
A path;
There will I spend,
And end,
My wearied years
In tears.
Hanners.

## LOVE.

A LL thoughts, all passions, all delights,
Whatever stirs this mortal frame,
All are but ministers of Love,
And feed his sacred flame.

Oft in my waking dreams do I Live o'er again that happy hour, When midway on the mount I lay, Beside the ruin'd tower.

The moonshine, stealing o'er the scene Had blended with the light of eve; And she was there, my hope, my joy, My own dear Genevieve!

She lean'd against the armèd man, The statue of the armèd knight; She stood and listen'd to my lay, Amid the lingering light.

Few sorrows bath she of her own, My hope! my joy! my Geneviove! She loves me best whene'er I sing 'The songs that make her grieve.

I play'd a soft and doleful air,
I sang an old and moving story—
An old rude song, that suited well
That ruin wild and boary.

She listen'd with a flitting blash, With downcast eyes and modest grace; For well she knew I could not choose But gaze upon her face.

I told her of the Knight that were Upon his shield a burning brand; And that for ten long years he woo'd The Lady of the Land.

I told her how he pined: and ah! The deep, the low, the pleading tone With which I sang another's love, Interpreted my own.

She listen'd with a flitting blush, With downcast eyes, and modest grace; And she forgave me, that I gazed Too findly on her face!

But when I told the cruel scorn That crazed that bold and lovely Knight, And that he cross'd the mountain-woods, Nor rested day nor night;

That sometimes from the savage den, And sometimes from the darksome shade, And sometimes starting up at once In green and sunny glade,—

There came and look'd him in the face An angel beautiful and bright; And that he knew it was a Fiend, This miserable Knight!

And that unknowing what he did, He leap'd among a murderous band, And saved from outrage worse than death The Lady of the Land;—

And how she wept, and clasp'd his knees; And how she tended him in vain— And ever strove to expiate The scorn that craxed his brain;—

And that she nursed him in a cave; And how his madness went away, When on the yellow forest-leaves A dying man he lay;— His dying words—but when I reach'd That tenderest strain of all the ditty, My faltering voice and pausing harp Disturbed her soul with pity!

All impulses of soul and sense Had thrill'd my guileless Genevieve; The music and the doleful tale, The rich and balmy eve;

And hopes, and fears that kindle hope. An undistinguishable throng, And gentle wishes long subdued, Subdued and cherish'd long!

She wept with pity and delight, She blash'd with lave, and virgin shame; And like the murmur of a dream, I heard her breathe my name.

Her bosom heaved—she stepp'd aside, As conscious of my look she stept— Then suddenly, with timerous eye She fled to me and wept.

She half inclosed me with her arms, She press'd me with a meek embrace; And bending back her head look'd up, And gased upon my face.

'Twas partly love, and partly fear, And partly twas a bashful art, That I might rather feel, than see The swelling of her heart. I caim'd her fears, and she was calm,
And told her love with virgin pride;
And so I wan my Genevieve,
My bright and beauteous Bride.

Colestosie.

## SONG FOR AUGUST.

BENEATH this starry arch
Nonght resteth or is still;
But all things hold their march
As if by one great will.
Moves one, move all,—
Hark to the footfall,—
Ou, on, for ever.

You sheaves were once but seed;
Will ripens into deed:
As cave-drops swell the streams
Day thoughts feed nightly dreams;
And serrow trucketh wrong
As echo follows song,—
On, on, for ever.

By night, like stars on high,
The hours reveal their train;
They whisper and pass by;
I never watch in vain.
Moves one, move all,—
Hark to the footfall,—
On, on, for ever.

They pass the cradle head, And there a promise shed; They pass the moist new grave, And bid rank verdare wave; They bear through every clime The harvest of all time,— Ou, on, for ever.

HARRIET MARTINEAU.

# [LULLABY FOR TITANIA.]

FROM " A MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM."

YOU spotted snakes with double tongue,
Thorny hedgehogs, be not seen;
Newts, and blind worms, do no wrong;
Come not near our fairy queen.

Chorus.

Philomel with melody
Sing in our sweet Iullaby:
Lulla, Iulla, Iullaby: Iulla, Iulla, Iullaby:
Never harm, nor spell nor charm,
Come our lovely lady nigh!
So good-night, with Iullaby.

Second Fairy.

Weaving spiders, come not here;
Hence, you long-legg'd spinners, hence;
Beetles black, approach not user;
Worm, nor snall, do no offence.

Chorus.
Philomel with melody
Sing in our sweet lullaby:

Lulla, lulla, lullaby: lulla, lulla, lullaby:

Never harm, nor spell nor charm,

Come our lovely lady nigh!

So good-night, with lullaby.

Shakespeare.

# UPON THE IMAGE OF DEATH.

BEFORE my face the picture hangs
That dailie should put me in minde
Of those cold qualms and bitter pangs
That shortly I am like to finde:
But yet, slas! full little I
Do think hereon, that I must die.

I often look upon a face

Most uglie, grislie, bare, and thin;
I often view the hollow place

Where eyes and nose have sometime been;
I see the bones across that lie;

Yet little think, that I must die.

I read the label underneathe,
That telleth me whereto I must:
I see the sentence eke that saithe
"Remember, man, that thou art duste;"
But yet, alas, but seldom I
Do think indeed, that I must die!

Continually at my bed's hend

An hearse doth hang, which doth me tell

That I, ere morning, may be dead,

Though now I feel myself full well:

But yet, alas, for all this, I

Have little minde that I must die!

The gowne which I do use to wenre,
The knife, wherewith I cut my meate,
And eke that old and ancient chair
Which is my only usual seate,
All these do tell me I must die;
And yet my life amende not I!

My ancestors are turn'd to clay,
And many of my mates are gone;
My youngers daily drop away;
And can I think to 'scape alone?
No, no, I know that I must die;
And yet my life amende not I!

Not Selomon, for all his wit,
Nor Samson, though he were so strong.
No king, nor ever person yet,
Could 'scape, but Death laid him along!
Wherefore I know that I must die;
And yet my life amende not I!

Though all the east did quake to hear
Of Alexander's dreadful name,
And all the west did likewise fear
The sound of Julius Cesar's fame,
Yet both by death in duste now lie;
Who then can 'scape, but he must die?

If none can 'scape Death's dreadful darte,
If rich and poor his beck obey,
If strong, if wise, if all do smarte,
Then I to 'scape shall have no way.
O grant me grace, O God, that I
My life may mande, sith I must die!
ROBERT SOUTHWELL.

### THE ANGEL

I DREAM'D a dream, what can it mean? And that I was a maiden queen, Guarded by an Angel mild: Witless woe, was ne'er beguiled!

And I wept both night and day, And he wiped my tears away; And I wept both day and night, And hid from him my heart's delight.

So he took his wings and fled; Then the morn blush'd rosy red; I dried my tears, and arm'd my fears With ten thousand shields and spears.

Soon my Augel came again;
I was arm'd, he came in vain;
For the time of youth was fied,
And grey hairs were on my head.
William Blake.

# LOVELY MARY DONNELLY.

AN IMPER BALLAD.

OH, lovely Mary Donnelly, it's you I love the best!
If fifty girls were round you I'd hardly see the rest.

- Be what it may the time of day, the place be where it will.
- Sweet looks of Mary Donnelly, they bloom before me still.
- Her eyes like mountain water that's flowing on a rock.
- How clear they are, how dark they are! and they give me many a shock.
- Red rowans warm in sunshine and wetted with a show'r,
- Could ne'er express the charming lip that has me in its pow'r.
- Har nose is straight and handsome, her eyebrows lifted up.
- Her chin is very neat and pert, and smooth like a china cup.
- Her hair's the brag of Ireland, so weighty and so
- It's relling down upon her neck, and gather'd in a twine.
- The dance o' last Whit-Monday night exceeded all before,
- No pretty girl for miles about was missing from the floor;
- But Mary keps the belt of love, and O but she was gay!
- She danced a jig, she sung a song, that took my beart away.
- When she stood up for dancing, her steps were so complete,
- The music nearly kill'd itself to listen to her feet;

- The fiddler moan'd his blindness, he heard her so much praised,
- But bless'd himself he wasn't deaf when once her voice she raised.
- And evermore I'm whistling or lilting what you sung.
- Your smile is always in my heart, your name beside my tongue;
- But you've as many sweethearts as you'd count on both your hands,
- And for myself there's not a thumb or little finger
- Oh, you're the flower o' womankind in country or in town;
- The higher I exalt you, the lower I'm cast down.
  If some great lord should come this way, and see
  your beauty bright,
- And you to be his lady, I'd own it was but right.
- O might we live together in a lofty palace hall, Where joyful music rises, and where searlet cur-
- tains fall!
  O might we live together in a cottage mean and
  muall;
- With sods of grass the only roof, and mud the only wall!
- O lovely Mary Donnelly, your beauty's my distress. It's far too beauteous to be mine, but I'll never wish it less.
- The proudest place would fit your face, and I am
- But blessings be about you, dear, wherever you may go! William Allinonam.

# WALY, WALY.

[OLD BALLAD.]

O WALY, waly, up the bank,
O waly, waly, down the brac,
And waly, waly, yon burn-side,
Where I and my love were wont to gae!
I lean'd my back unto an aik,
I thocht it was a trustic tree,
But first it bow'd and syne it brak',
See my true love did lichtlie me.

O waly, waly, but love be bonnie
A little time while it is new;
But when it's auld it waxoth cauld,
And fadeth awa' like the morning dew.
O wherefore should I busk my heid,
Or wherefore should I kame my hair?
For my true love has me foresok,
And says he'll never lo'e me mair.

Noo Arthur's Seat sall be my bed,
The sheets sall ne'er be press'd by me;
Saint Anton's well sall be my drink;
Since my true love's forsaken me.
Martinmas wind, when wilt thou blaw,
And shake the green leaves off the tree?
O gentle death when wilt thou come?
For of my life I am wearie.

'Tis not the frost that freezes fell, Nor blawing snaw's inclemencie, 'Tis not sic could that makes me cry;
But my love's heart grown could to me.
When we cam' in by Glasgow toun,
We were a comely sicht to see;
My love was clad in the black velvet,
An' I mysel' in cramasie,

But had I wist before I kiss'd

That love had been so ill to win,
I'd lock'd my heart in a case o' gowd,
And pinn'd it wi' a siller pin.
Oh, oh! if my young babe were born,
And set upon the nurse's knee;
And I mysel' were dead and gane,
And the green grass growing over me!

## [HYMN TO DIANA.]

QUEEN and huntross, chaste and fair, Now the sun is laid to sleep, Scated in thy silver chair State in wonted manner keep: Hesperus entreats thy light, Goddess excellently bright!

Earth, let not thy envious slade
Dare itself to interpose;
Cynthia's shining orb was made
Heav'n to clear, when day did close:
Bless us then with wished sight,
Goddess excellently bright!

<sup>1</sup> Cramorie, cramoisie, crimson,

Lay thy bow of pearl apart,
And thy crystal shining quiver;
Give unto the flying hart
Space to breathe, how short soever:
Thou that mak'st a day of night,
Guddess excellently bright!
Bas Jassos.

SONNET.

EAGLES.

(COMPOSED AT DENOLLIE CASTLE IN THE BAT OF CRAN.)

DISHONOUR'D Rock and Rain! that, by law
Tyrannic, keep the Bird of Jove embarr'd
Like a lone criminal whose life is spared.
Vex'd is he, and screams loud. The last I saw
Was on the wing; stooping, he struck with awe
Man, bird, and beast, then, with a consort pair'd,
From a bold headland, their loved aery's guard,
Flew high above Atlantic waves, to draw
Light from the fountain of the setting sun.
Such was this Prisoner once; and, when his plumes
The sea-blast raffles as the storm comes on,
In spirit for a moment he resumes
His rank 'mong free-born creatures that live free,
His power, his beauty, and his majesty.

WORDSWORTH.

### THE REVERIE OF POOR SUSAN.

AT the corner of Wood Street, when daylight appears,

Hangs a thrush that sings loud, it has sung for three years:

Poor Susan has pass'd by the spot, and has heard In the silence of morning the song of the Bird.

"Tis a note of enchantment; what alls her? She

A mountain ascending, a vision of trees; Bright volumes of vapour through Lothbury glids, And a river flows on through the vale of Cheapside.

Green pastures she views in the midst of the dale, Down which she so often has tripp'd with her pail; And a single small cettage, a nest like a dove's, The one only dwelling on earth that she loves.

She looks, and her heart is in heaven : but they fide.

The mist and the river, the hill and the shade: The stream will not flow, and the hill will not rise, And the colours have all pass'd away from her eyes!

WOEDSWORTH.

## THE PAINS OF SLEEP.

E RE on my bed my limbs I lay,

It hath not been my use to pray
With moving lips or bended knees;
But silently by slow degrees,
My spirit I to Love compose,
In humble trust mine eye-lids close,
With reverential resignation,
No wish conceived, no thought exprest,
Only a sense of supplication;
A sense o'er all my soul imprest—
That I am weak, yet not unblest,
Since in me, round me, everywhere
Eternal strength and wisdom are.

But yester-night I pray'd aloud In anguish and in agony, Up-starting from the fiendish crowd Of shapes and thoughts that tortured me: A lurid light, a trampling throng. Sense of intolerable wrong, And whom I scorn'd, those only strong ! Thirst of revenge, the powerless will Still baffled, and yet burning still! Desire with loathing strangely mix'd On wild or hateful objects fix'd: Fantastic passions! maddening brawl! And shame and terror over all! Deeds to be hid which were not hid, Which all confused I could not know, Whether I suffer'd, or I did:

For all seem'd guilt, remorse or woo, My own or others', still the same Life-stifling fear, soul-stifling shame.

So two nights pass'd: the night's dismay Sadden'd and stunn'd the coming day. Sleep, the wide blessing, seem'd to me Distemper's worst calamity. The third night, when my own loud scream Had waked me from the fiendish dream, O'ercome with sufferings strange and wild, I wept as I had been a child . And having thus by tears subdued My anguish to a milder mood, Such punishments, I said, were due To natures deepliest stain'd with sin,-For aye entempesting anew The unfathomable hell within, The horror of their deeds to view, To know and loathe, yet wish and do! Such griefs with some mon well agree, But wherefore, wherefore fall on me? To be beloved is all I need, And whom I love, I love indeed.

Columber.

### THE SKYLARK.

BIRD of the wilderness,
Blithesome and cumberless,
Sweet be thy matin o'er mourland and lea!
Embless of happiness,
Blest is thy dwelling-place—
O to abide in the desert with thre!

Wild is thy lay and loud,
Far in the downy cloud,
Love gives it energy, love gave it birth.
Where, on thy dewy wing,
Where art thou journeying?
Thy lay is in beaven, thy love is on earth.

O'er fell and fountain sheen,
O'er moor and mountain green,
O'er the red streamer that heralds the day,
Over the cloudlet dim,
Over the rainbow's rim,
Musical chorub, soar singing away!

Then, when the glosning comes,
Low in the heather-blooms
Sweet will thy welcome and hed of love be!
Emblem of happiness,
Blest is thy dwelling-place—
O to abide in the desert with thee!

James Hood-

# EDWARD, EDWARD.

[OLD BALLAD.]

"WHY does your brand sae drap wi' blude,
Edward, Edward?
Why does your brand sae drap wi' blude,
And why sae sad gang ye, O?"
"O, I hae kill'd my hawk sae gude;
Mither, mither:
O, I hae kill'd my hawk sae gude:
And I hae nae mair but he, O."

"Your hawk's blade was never sac red, Edward, Edward:

Your hawk's blude was never sae red, My dear son, I tell thee, O."
"O, I has kill'd my red-rous steed,

O, I has kill'd my red-roan stood, That carried me fair and free, O."

"Gin your steed be gane, ye hae plenty mair, Edward, Edward,

'Gin your steed be gaze, ye has plenty mair; Some ither dule ye dree, O."

"O, I hae kill'd my father dear, Mither, mither:

O, I has kill'd my father dear, Alas! and was is me, O."

"And whatten penance will ye dree for that, Edward, Edward?"

And whatten penance will ye dree for that?

My dear son, now tell me, O."

" I'll set my feet in yonder boat, Mither, mither:

I'll set my feet in yonder boat, And I'll fare over the sea, O."

"And what will ye do wi' your towers and your ha', Edward, Edward?

And what will ye do wi' your towers and your ha', That were sae fair to see, O?"

" I'll let them stand till they down fa', Mither, mither:

I'll let them stand till they down fa';
For here never mair maun I be, O."

" And what will ye leave to your bairns and your wife,

Edward, Edward?

And what will ye leave to your bairns and your wife, When you gang over the sea, O?"

" The warld's room : let them beg through life, Mither, mither:

The warld's room: let them beg through life; For them never mair will I see, O."

" And what will ye leave to your ain mither dear, Edward, Edward?

And what will ye leave to your ain mither dear?
My dear sen, now tell me, O."

"The curse of hell frac me shall ye bear, Mither, mither!

The curse of hell frac me shall ye bear, Sic counsels ye gave to me, O!"

Pency's Religion.

#### ODE ON MELANCHOLY.

No, no! go not to Lethe, neither twist Wolf's-bane, tight-rooted, for its paisonous wine;

Nor suffer thy pale forehead to be kiss'd By night-shade, ruby grape of Proscrpine; Make not your rosary of yew-berries.

Nor let the beetle, nor the death-moth be Your mournful Psyche, nor the downy owl A partner in your sorrow's mysteries;

For shade to shade will come too drowsily, And drown the wakeful anguish of the soul. But when the melancholy fit shall fall
Sudden from beaven like a weeping cloud.
That festers the droop-headed flowers all,
And hides the green hill in an April shroud;
Then glut thy sorrow on a meening rose,
Or on the rainbow of the salt sand-wave,
Or on the wealth of globed peonies;
Or if thy mistress some rich anger shows,
Emprison her soft hand, and let her rave,
And feed deep, deep upon her peerless eyes.

She dwells with Beauty—Beauty that must die;
And Joy, whose hand is ever at his lips
Bidding adieu; and acking Pleasure nigh,
Turning to poison while the bee-mouth sips:
Ay, in the very temple of Delight
Veil'd Melascholy has her sovran shrine,
Though soon of none save him whose streamous
tongue

Can burst Joy's grape against his palate fine; His soul shall taste the sadness of her might, And be among her cloudy trophies long.

KEATS.

## SONNET.

### THE TROSACHS.

THERE'S not a nook within this solemn Pass
But were an apt confessional for One
Taught by his summer spent, his antumn gone,
That Life is but a tale of morning grass
Wither'd at eve. From socnes of art which chase
That thought away, turn, and with watchful eyes

Feed it 'mid Nature's old felicities, Rocks, rivers, and smooth lakes more clear than glass

Untouch'd, unbreathed upon. Thrice happy quest,
If from a golden perch of aspen spray
(October's workmanship to rival May)
The pensive warbler of the ruddy breast
That moral sweeten by a heaven-taught lay,
Lulling the year, with all its cares, to rest!

WORDSWORTH.

#### BALLAD.

SHE'S up and gone, the graceless girl!
And robb'd my failing years;
My blood before was thin and cold,
But now 'tis turn'd to tears;
My shadow falls upon my grave,
So near the brink I stand;
She might have stay'd a little yet,
And led me by the hand.

Ays, call her on the barren moor, And call her on the hill; 'Tis nothing but the heron's cry, And plover's answer shrill. My child is flown on wilder wings Than they have ever spread; And I may even walk a waste That widen'd when she fled.

Full many a thankless child has been, But sever one like mine; Her ment was served on plates of gold, Her drink was rosy wine. But now she'll share the robin's food, And sup the common rill, Before her feet will turn again To meet her father's will.

Hoon.

#### INCANTATION.

PROM THE TRAGEDY OF " BEMORSE."

HEAR, sweet spirit, hear the spell, Lest a blacker charm compel! So shall the midnight breezes swell With the deep long-lingering knell.

And at evening evermore,
In a chapel on the shore,
Shall the chaunter, sad and saintly,
Yellow tapers burning faintly,
Doleful masses chaunt for thee,
Miserere Domine!

Hark! the cadence dies away
On the quiet moonlight sea:
The boatmen rest their oars and say,
Misserere Domine!

COLERPDOR.

#### SONG.

[увом " вокиву."]

A WEARY lot is thine, fair maid, A weary lot is thine; To pull the thorn thy brow to braid, And press the rue for wize.

SHARRSPEARE.

A lightsome eye, a soldier's mien,
A feather of the blue,
A doublet of the Lincoln green,
No more of me you know,
My love,
No more of me you knew!

This morn is merry June, I trow;
The rose is budding fain;
But she shall bloom in winter snow
Ere we two meet again.
He turn'd his charger as he spake,
Upon the river shore;
He gave his bridle-reins a shake,
Said, "Adieu for evermore,
My love!
And adieu for evermore!"
Scorr.

[FROM " A MIDSUMMER NIGHT'S DREAM."]

Pack.

Now it is the time of night
That the graves, all gaping wide,
Every one lets forth his sprite,

In the church-way paths to glide.

And we fairies, that do run

By the triple Hecat's team,

From the presence of the sun

Fullowing darkness like a dream,

Now are frolic: not a mouse

Shall disturb this hallow'd house.

I am sent with broom before

To sweep the dust behind the door.

WHAT PLEASURE HAVE GREAT PRINCES.

[FROM BYRD'S " SONGS AND SONNETS OF SAUNESS
AND PRETER." 1588.]

WHAT pleasure have great princes, Completer to their choice, Than they whose humble chances In quiet life rejoice, And fearing not, nor scorning, Sing sweet in summer morning?

Their dealings plain and rightful
Are void of all deceit;
They never know how spiteful
It is to kneel and wait
On favourite presumptaces
Whose pride is vain and sumptuous

All day their work each tendeth, At night they take their rest, More calm than he who sendeth His ship into the east,— Where gold and pearl are plenty, But getting very dainty.

For lawyers and their pleading,
They steem it not a straw;
They think that honest meaning
Is of itself a law,
Where conscience judgeth plainly,—
So spend no money vainly.

O happy who thus livedh,
Not caring much for gold;
With clothing which sufficeth
To keep him from the cold;
Though poor and plain his diet,
Yet merry is he, and quiet.

# FAIR HELEN OF KIRKCONNELL.

[OLD BAHLAD.]

[Adam Fleming, says tradition, loved Helen Irving, or Bell, (for this surname is uncertain, as well as the date of the occurrence) daughter of the Laird of Kirkconnell, in Daufriesshire. The lovers being together one day by the river Kirtle, a rival suiter suddenly appeared on the opposite bank and pointed his gnn; Helen threw herself before her sweetheart, received the bullet, and died in his arms. Then Adam Fleming fought with his guilty rival and slew him.]

I WISH I were where Helen lies!
Night and day on me she cries;
O that I were where Helen lies,
On fair Kirkconnell lea!

Curst be the heart that thought the thought, And curst the hand that fired the shot, When in my arms bard Helen dropt, And died to succour me!

O think maye my heart was sair When my love dropt, and spak' me mair! There did she swoon wi' meikle care, On fair Kirkconnell lea.

And I went down the water side, None but my for to be my guide, None but my for to be my guide, On fair Kirkconnell lea.

I cross'd the stream, my sword did draw, I hack'd him into pieces sma', I hack'd him into pieces sma', For her sake that died for me.

O Helen fair, beyond compare! I'll mak' a garland o' your hair, Shall bind my heart for evermair, Until the day I dee!

O that I were where Helm lies! Night and day on me she cries; Out of my bed she bids me rise, Says, " Haste, and come to me!"

O Helen fair! O Halen chaste! Were I with thee I would be blest. Where thou liest low and tak'st thy rest, On fair Kirkconnell les.

I wish my grave were growing green. A winding-sheet drawn o'er my e'en. And I in Helen's arms lying, On fair Kirkconnell lea.

I wish I were where Helon lies!
Night and day on me she cries;
And I am weary of the skies,
For her sake that died for me.
Scorr's " Border Misstrelss."

### DOWN ON THE SHORE.

OWN on the shore, on the sunny shore!

Where the salt smell cheers the land;
Where the tide moves bright under boundless light,
And the surge on the glittering strand;
Where the children wade in the shallow pools,
Or run from the froth in play;
Where the swift little boats with milk-white wings
Are crossing the supphire bay,
And the ship in full sall, with a fortunate gale,
Holds proudly on her way.
Where the nets are sprend on the grass to dry,
And asleep, hard by, the fishermen lie,
Under the tent of the warm blue sky,
With the hushing wave on its golden floor
To sing their lullaby.

Down on the share, on the stormy shore!

Beset by a growling sea,

Whose mad waves leap on the rocky steep

Like wolves up a travellar's tree.

Where the foam flies wide, and an angry blast

Blows the curbew off, with a screech;

Where the brown sea-wrack, turn up by the routs,
Is flung out of fishes' reach;
Where the tall ship rolls on the hidden shoals,
And scatters her planks on the beach.
Where slate and straw through the village spin,
And a cottage fronts the flereest din
With a sailor's wife sitting and within,
Hearkening the wind und water's roar,
Till at last her tears begin.
William Allingham.

#### THE JOVIAL BEGGAR.

[PLAYFORD'S " CHOICE ARES." 1660.]

THERE was a jovial Beggar,
He had a wooden leg,
Lame from his cradle,
And forced for to beg,
And a-begging we will go,
Will go, will go,
And a-begging we will go.

A bag for his canneal, Another for his salt, And a long pair of crutches, To show that he can halt.

A bag for his wheat, Another for his rye, And a little bottle by his side To drink when he's a-dry.

Seven years I begg'd For my old master Wilde, He taught me how to beg When I was but a child.

I begg'd for my master, And got him store of pelf, But Heaven now be praised, I'm begging for myself.

In a hollow tree
I live, and pay no rent,
Providence provides for me,
And I am well content.

Of all the occupations

A beggar's is the best,

For whenever be's a-wesry

He can lay him down to rest.

I fear no plots against me,
I live in open cell;
Then who would be a king, lads,
When the Beggar lives so well?
And a-begging we will go,
Will go, will go,
And a-begging we will go.

# [LOVE FOR NO LESS THAN LOVE ]

SHALL I, wasting in despair,
Die because a woman's fair?
Or make pale my cheeks with care
'Cause another's rosy are?
Be she fairer than the day
Or the flowery mends in May,
If she be not so to me
What care I how fair she be?

Shall my foolish heart be pined
'Cause I see a woman kind?'
Or a well-disposed nature
Joined with a lovely feature?
Be she meeker, kinder than
Turtle-dove or pelicum,
If she be not so to me
What care I how kind she be?

Shall a woman's virtues move
Me to perish for her love?
Or her well-deserving known
Make me quite forget my own?
Be she with that goodness blest
Which may gain her name of Best,
If she be not such to me
What care I how good she be?

\*Cause her fortune seems too high Shall I play the fool and die? Those that hear a noble mind, Where they want of riches find, Think what, with them, they would do That without them dare to woo; And unless that mind I see What care I how great she be.

Great, or good, or kind, or fair,
I will ne'er the more despair:
If she love me, this believe—
I will die ere she shall grieve;
If she slight me when I woo,
I can scorn and let her go;
For if she be not for me
What care I for whom she be?
Grozog Witners.

# THE SOLDIER'S DREAM.

OUE bugles sang truce, for the night-cloud had lower'd,

And the sentinel stars set their watch in the sky; And thousands had sunk on the ground overpower'd,

The weary to sleep and the wounded to die.

When reposing that night on my pallet of straw, By the wolf-scaring fagget that guarded the slain.

At the dead of the night a sweet vision I saw, And thrice ere the morning I dream'd it sgain.

Methought from the battle-field's dreadful array Far, far I had roam'd on a desolate track:

Twas Autumn,—and sunshine arese on the way To the home of my fathers, that welcomed me back.

I flew to the pleasant fields traversed so oft In life's morning march, when my bosom was young:

I heard my own mountain goals bleating aloft, And knew the sweet strain that the corn-reapers

Then pledged we the wine-cup, and fendly I swore From my home and my weeping friends never to part;

My little ones kies'd me a thousand times o'er,
And my wife sobb'd aloud in her fulness of
beart.

Stay, stay with us,—rest; thou art weary and worn!
And fain was their war-broken soldier to stay;—
But sorrow return'd with the dawning of morn,
And the voice in my dreaming ear melted away.

CAMPRELL.

## A LYKE-WAKE DIRGE.2

[orn.]

THIS ac nighte, this ac nighte,
Everie nighte and alle,
Fire, and selto, and candle-lighte,
And Christe receive thy scale.

When thou from hence away art past,

Everie sights and alls,
To Whiney main thou comest at last.

To Whinny-muir thou comest at last, And Christe receive thy scale.

If ever then gavest hosen and shoon, Everie nighte and alls, Sit these down and put them on, And Christe receive thy nonls.

If bosen and shoon thou gavest nane, Everie nighte and alls,

The whinness shall pricke thee to the bare bane, And Christe receive thy scale.

From Whinny-muir when theu mayst passe, Everie nighte and alle,

To Brigg o' Dread thou comest at last, And Christe receive thy smile.

1 See Note.

From Brigg o' Dread when thou mayst passe, Everic nights and alle, To Purgatory Fire thou comest at last, And Christe receive thy scale.

If ever thou gavest meats or drinke, Everse nighte and alle, The fire shall never make thee shrinks, And Christe receive thy souls.

If meate or drinks thou gavest name,

Ecerie nights and alle,

The fire will burne thee to the bare bane,

And Christe receive thy souls.

This ac nighte, this se nighte,

Everie nighte and alle,

Fire, and selte, and candle-lighte,

And Christe receive thy scale.

# WHERE HE WOULD HAVE HIS VERSES READ.

In sober moraings, do not thou rehearse.

The holy incantation of a vorse;—
But when that men have both well drunk and fed.
Let my enchantments then be sung or read.

When laurel spirts i' the fire, and when the hearth Smiles to itself and gilds the roof with mirth;

When up the Thyrse is raised, and when the sound Of sacred orgies flies around around;

When the ruse reigns, and locks with ointment shine,

Let rigid Cato read these lines of mine.

HERRICK.

# YOUNG LOCHINVAR.

[PROM " MARMION."]

O YOUNG Lochinvar is come out of the west!

Through all the wide border his steed is
the best;

And save his good broadsword he weapon had none; He rode all unarm'd, and he rode all alone. So faithful in love, and so dauntless in war, There never was knight like the young Lochinvar!

He stay'd not for brake and he stopt not for stone; He swam the Eske river where ford there was none;

But ere he alighted at Netherby gate, The bride had consented, the gallant same late; For a laggard in love and a dastard in war, Was to well the fair Ellen of brave Lochinvar.

So bravely he enter'd the Netherby Hall, Among bridessen and kinemen and brothers and all:--

Then spoke the bride's father, his hand on his sword.

For the poor craven bridegroom said never a word, "O come ye in peace here, or come ye in war, Or to dance at our bridal, young Lord Lochinvar?"

"I long woo'd your daughter, my suit you denied;"
Love swells like the Solway, but ebbs like its tide;
And new am I come, with this lost love of mine
To lead but one messare, drink one cup of wine.

There are maidens in Scotland more lovely by far, That would gladly be bride to the young Lockinvar!"

The bride kiss'd the goblet, the knight took it up, He quaff'd off the wine and he threw down the cup;

She look'd down to blush, and she look'd up to sigh.

With a smile on her lips, and a tear in her eye. He took her soft hand, ore her mother could har,— "Now trend we a measure!" said young Lochinvar.

So stately his form, and so lovely her face, That never a hall such a galliard did grace; While her mother did fret and her father did fame, And the bridegroom stood dangling his bonnet and plume;

And the bride-maidens whisper'd, "'Twere better by far

To have match'd our fair cousin with young Lochinvar!"

One touch to her hand, and one word in her ear, When they reach'd the hall-door; and the charger stood near;

So light to the croupe the fair lady he swang, So light to the saddle before her he sprung! "She is won! we are gooe, over bank, bush and scaur!

They'll have fleet steeds that follow!" quoth young Lochinvar.

There was mounting 'mong Græmes of the Netherby clan;

Forsters, Ferwicks, and Musgraves, they rude and they run; There was racing and chasing on Cannobie lea; But the lost bride of Netherby ne'er did they see. —So daring in love, and so dauntless in war, Have ye ere heard of gallant like young Lochinvar? Scovr.

# WHEN THE WORLD IS BURNING.

(STANZAS FOR MUSIC.)

W HEN the world is burning.
Fired within, yet turning
Round with face unscathed,—
Ere fierce flames, uprushing,
O'er all lands leap, crushing,
Till earth fall, fire-swathed;
Up amidst the meadows,
Gently through the shudows,
Gentle flames will glide,
Small and blue and golden:
Though by bard beholden
When in calm dreams folden,
Calm his dreams will bide.

Where the dance is sweeping.
Through the greensward peeping
Shall the soft lights start;
Laughing maids, unstaying,
Deeming it trick-playing,
High their robes upswaying,
O'er the lights shall dart;
And the woodland hanater
Shall not cease to saunter

When, far down some glade, Of the great world's burning One soft flame upturning, Seems, to his discerning, Crocus in the shade.

EBENEZER JONES.

## MAY AND DEATH.

WISH that when you died last May,
Charles, there had died along with you
Three parts of Spring's delightful things;
Aye, and for me, the fourth part too.

A foolish thought, and worse, perhaps!
There must be many a pair of friends
Who, arm in arm, deserve the warm
Moon's birth, and the long evening-ends.

So, for their sake, prove May still May!

Let their new time, like mine of old,

Do all it did for me; I bid

Sweet sights and sounds throng manifold.

Only, one little sight, one plant
Woods have in May, that starts up green
Except a streak, which, so to speak
Is Spring's blood, spilt its leaves between,—

That, they might spare: a certain wood

Might lose the plant; their loss were small:

And I<sub>c</sub>—whene'er the plant is there

Its drop comes from my heart, that's all.

ROBERT EBOWNING.

## LINES TO AN INDIAN AIR.

I ARISE from dreams of thee,
In the first sweet sleep of night.
When the winds are breathing low,
And the stars are shining bright.
I arise from dreams of thee,
And a spirit in my feet
Hath led ms—who knows how?
To thy chamber window, sweet!

The wandering airs they faint
On the dark, the silent stream;
And the champak odours pine
Like sweet thoughts in a dream;
The nightingale's complaint
It dies upon her heart;
As I must die on thine,
Oh 1 Beloved as thou art.

O lift me from the gram!
I die, I faint, I fail!
Let thy love in kisses rain
On my lips and eyelids pule.
My check is cold and white, also,
My heart heats loud and fast;
O press it to thine own again,
Where it will break at last.

SHEILET.

## THE DEATH OF THE OLD YEAR.

FULL knee-deep lies the winter snow, And the winter winds are wearily sighing : Toll ye the church-bell sad and slow, And tread softly and speak low, For the old year lies a-dying. Old year, you must not die; You came to us so readily, You lived with us so steadily. Old year, you shall not die.

He lieth still : he doth not move; He will not see the dawn of day. He hath no other life above. He gave me a friend and a true true-love, And the New Year will take 'em away. Old year, you must not go: So long as you have been with us, Such joy as you have seen with us, Old year, you shall not go.

He froth'd his humpers to the brim; A jollier year we shall not see. But though his eyes are waxing dim, He was a friend to me. Old year, you shall not die; We did so laugh and cry with you, I've half a mind to die with you. Old year, if you must die.

He was full of joke and jest, But all his merry quips are o'er, To see him die, across the waste His son and beir doth ride post-haste, But he'll be dead before. Every one for his own. The night is starry and cold, my friend, And the new year blithe and bold, my friend, Comes up to take his own.

How hard he breathes! over the snow I heard just now the crowing cock. The shadows flicker to and fro: The cricket chirps: the light burns low: 'Tis nearly twelve o'clock. Shake hands, before you die. Old year, wo'll dearly rue for you: What is it we can do for you? Speak out before you die.

His face is growing sharp and thin. Alack! our friend is gone. Close up his oyes: tie up his chin: Step from the corpse, and let him in That standeth there alone, And waiteth at the door. There's a new foot on the floor, my friend, And a new face at the door, my friend, A new face at the door,

TENNESON.

### LYRICS FOR LEGACIES.

GOLD I've none, for use or show, Neither silver to bestow At my death; but thus much know,

That each lyric here shall be Of my love a legacy, Left to all posterity.

Gentie friends, then do but please To accept such coins as these, As my last remembrances.

HERRICK.

# NOTES.

Nors A.	DATES.	
	Bara.	Died.
George Peele	15527	15982
John Lyly	15547	
Sir Philip Sidney	1554	1586
Nicholas Beeton	1555?	1624?
Robert Southwell	1500	1595
Michael Drayton	1563	1631
William Stakespeare	1564	1616
Christopher Mariowa	1568	1593
Sir Heary Wotton	1568	1639
Ben Josson	1574	1687
John Flotober	1576	1625
George Wither	1588	1667
Thomas Carew	1519	1639
Robert Herick	1591	1674
Edmund Waller	1605	1687
John Milton	1608	1874
Richard Fiscknoe		16787
Sir John Suckling	16087	16431
Richard Lovelnes	1618	1658
		0.000
William Collins	1720	1756
William Cowper	1781	1800
John Logan	1748	1788
William Blake	1757	1828
Robert Burns	1759	1796
Lady Anne Lindsay	1750	1825
Joanna Baillie	1769	1851
William Wordswerth	1770	1850
Walter Scott	1771	1632
Samual Taylor Coleridg	n 1772	1834
James Hogg	1779	1835

Died. Bern. 16-Mary Boddington 17762 Thomas Campbell 1777 1844 Leigh Hont 1784 1859 1845 Richard Harris Barham 1788 1822 Percy Bymbe Shelley 1792 Febria Hemans 1794 1835 John Keets 1796 1821 1796 1849 Hartly Coloridge 1545 Thomas Hood 1798 1849 Edgar A. Poe 18117

#### NOTE B. PAGE 5.

Sie Vita. Printed among the poems of Francis Beammont,—and of Bishop King. Perhaps either of them may have put the lines late this shape, but neither originated them; for morallings to the same time upon "Man's Mortalitie," were much in fashion about that time, and seem modelled upon some traditionary strain.

#### NOTE C. PAGE 7.

The Parsimote Shaphened to his Loss,—" that smooth song," as Exak Walton says, " which was made by Kin Marlows," is taken from Engined's Helices, A. D. 1600, a collection of short pieces in the pastonal form,—for there are fashions in themes as well as in styles. The phrase " passionate shepherd" itself was à is usede, and heads the only verses by Shakespeare (" On a day, slack the day!") which appear in that collection.

#### NOTE D. PAGE 13.

The Character of a Hoppy Life, "The variations in the different copies of these verses are unusually numerous; I have collisted those of six," says Mr. Haunah, it his careful addition of "Poems by Wotton, Raleigh and others" (Piskering, 1945). In our version a few woods (humours for ramours, accessers for oppressors, ovel-chosen for religious) differ, on good MS, authority, from the ordinary reading: see Hannah, as above, pages 29, 31.

### NOTE E. PAGE 29.

At Hobenilades, a forest and village about twenty English miles east of Munich, a French republican army, under Moreau, defeated the Austrians, Dec. 3rd, 1800. It was the first struggle of the winter compaign of that year, and resulted in an armistice favourable to the French. It has sometimes been stated that Compbell witnessed this battle, or that he visited the field soon after; but the poet had finally quitted Bavaria some six weeks before, and was then at Altona. The value of the lyric is from its general force, not its details, which are inexact.

### NOTE F. PAGE 31.

Clerk Someders. This wonderful old ballad was first printed in Scott's Border Minutrelly, "from Mr. Herd's MSS, with several corrections from a shorter and more imperfect copy, in the same volume, and one or two conjectural smendations in the arrangement of the stanzas." This version here given is the fruit of fasther comparison and consideration.

The "clinking bell" was a hand-bell rang before the corper at the funeral; those who beard it in its passing prayed for the sail of the document:—

"And as they sat, they heard a bell clinke Bitem a corps, was carried to the grave." Chancien's Pardoners's Tale.

"Chrison wand" is a conjectural emendation of the meaningless "chrystal wand," as hitherto printed,

The words "Old English and Scottish Ballads" awaken as single though complex an idea as if we spoke of Chancer's Works, or Shakespears's. Yet the Ballads, as we have them, are the work of a crowd of persons, belonging to different generations and various classes. Many of the versions are imperfect, many of the realings obviously spurious, and one may detect here and there the consequences of the unequal tasts and skill, often arbitrarily applied, of the numerous transmitters and resorders. It seems possible, and very destrable, that an Editor, bringing special aptitude and diligence to the task, may sometime be found to bring part, at least, of this tangled heap of treasure into a shape more for the general benefit. The difficulties are not few, and the work, when finished, would need to be its own excuse and justification.

### NOTE G. PAGE. 50.

To Mary in Homes was written by Barns in September, 1788, on his farm of Ellisland, near Dumfries, he being then thirty years of age. His wife gave the following

### Norm I. Page 12.

Richard Lovelace, born 1618, eldest son of Sr William Lovelnee, of Woolwich, Kent, was gentleman-commoner of Glouvester Hall, Oxford, 1634, served King Charles in Scotland as energy, and afterwards captain, and " was accounted," mys Wood, "the most amiable and beautiful person that ever eye beheld; of innate modesty, virtue, and courtly deportment." Staunch royalist, he presented to parliament the Kentish petition for the restoration of the King, and was therefore suprisoned for several months in the Gatehouse, Westminster, where he wrote his lyric "To Althea from Prison." After the surrender of Oxford, he commanded a regiment in the French King's service, and was wounded at Dunkirk; a false report of his death reaching Lucy Sacheverell, a lady whom he had long loved, and by whom most of his poems were inspired, she soon after was married to another. In 1648 he returned to London, and was again cost into prison, where he arranged his pooms (many of them already separately published with music) for the press. The little volume (164 pages) appeared in 1649, under title "Lucusta: [Le. Lux Costa, inconvial of his Lucy | Epodes, Odes, Sonnets, Songs, &c., to which is added Araminta, a Pastorall, by Richard Loveisce, Esq.;" it contains three pretty pieces, which are often reprinted, " To Lucasta, going to the Warren," "The Grasse-hooper," and " To Althen." His lesses in his King's cunse, and generosity to all needy persons, rained Lavelnee's fortune, and, when set at liberty after the execution of Charles, " he grew very melancholy (which brought him into a consumption), became very poor in body and purse, was the object of charity, went in ragged clothes (whereas, when he was in his glory, he ware cloth of gold and silver) and mostly lodged in obsource and dirty places."-Wood. He expired in 1658, only forty years old, at very mean ledgings in Ganpowder Alley, near Shoe Lane, and was baried at the west and of St. Heide's Church. His portrait shows a long, shapely face, high, sweet, and pensive. His " Posthume Poems" were published by his brother in 1659. He also wrote two plays, never printed, " The Scholar," and " The Soldier."

#### NOTE J. PAGE 54.

William Blake was been November 28, 1257, the son of a hosier in Broad Street, Carnaby Market, which is

account, or at least the substance of it, according to Allan Canningham's " Life of Burns;" " Robert, though ill of a cold, had busied himself all day long with his shearers in the field, and, as he had got much of the crop in, was in capital spirits. But when the glooming caroe, he grew and about something-he could not rest. He wandered first up the water-ride, and then went to the barn-yard; and I followed him, begging him to come in, as he was ill, and the air was cold and sharp. He always promised, but still remained where he was, striding up and down, and looking at the clear sky, and particularly at a star that show like another meon. He then threw himself down on some loose aboaves, still continuing to gaze at the star." When he came in he seemed darply dejacted, and sat flows and wrote the first verse: "Then linguing star," &c. The subject of his reverie was Mary Compbell, a peasant's daughter, who, when she captivated the Poet, some three or four years before the date given above, was dairy-maid in Collafeld -- the Castle of Montgomery." One Sunday in May, the lovers met in a sequestered spot on the banks of the Ayr, to take farewell before Mary's departure, for a time, to her friends in the West Highlands In parting they exchanged their Bibles, an trothplight, Burns having written in his, along with his name, the two texts," And ye shall not swear by my name falsely-I am the Lord;" Levit, xix. 12.; and "Then shall not forswear thyself, but shalt perform unto the Lord thine outh;" Matthew, v. 33. This book is in existence, as well as a tives of Mary's hair, which is " very long, and very light and shining." It was the last meeting of the lovers; Mary died of fever in the following autumn.

#### NOTE H. PAGE 51.

The Northern Ster. These lines, with another versehers omitted as inferior, are given in Hone's Table Book (1827), vol. i. page 657, with this preface; "Some years age a Tynemouth vessel called "The Northern Star" was lost, and the following ballad made on the occasion: the memory of a lady supplies the works." It is noticeable that strong natural feeling, in a mink where there is usually so peetle skill, can sometimes with success shape its experience into a simple poem. new on the right-hand side of Regent Street, London. At the age of fourteen, having shown an early bent for pictorial design, he was apprenticed for seven years to Mr. Basire, engraver; and, besides learning his art, proceeded to make innumerable original sketches, and also to compoon a vest quantity of wooderful verses. When twentysix years old Blake's marriage with Katherine Beutcher took place-a real union, of mutual respect, perfect sympathy, tender affection. The quiet, brown-eyed Katherine had true tasts for art, and gained skill enough to assist in colorging her husband's drawings; she copied with dolight the strange verses he sp often dictated; she honoured his painting, his poetry, his simplicity, and his mysticism. He now left his father's, and went to live in Green Street, Leiesster Fields. In his thirtieth year, with the advice and assistance of John Flaxman, the sculpter, a volume of Blake's poems (seventy pages) was published, the style of which, incompact in thought and plan as they mostly are, reminds one, and in that sleepy hour of the English Muse, of our very highest men. Blake opened a print-shop, which did not succeed; and, during the last half of his life, gave his mornings to the graver, by which he carned a modest subsistence for himself and his wife. and his evenings to original drawing and poetry. " Were I to love money," he used to say, " I should lose all power of thought; desire of gain dendens the genius of man. My business is not to gather gold, but to make glorious shapes, expressing god-like sentiments." Music, too, we hear of his composing, but he wanted the art of noting it down, and no specimen remains. Most of Blake's engraved works are rare. His illustrations to "Joh" are to be had, -to Bialr's "Grave," and Young's " Night Thoughts" still more easily; but his own " Songs of Innocence and Experience," with sixty-four designs, or, as he calls them, "inventions," are scarcely ever publicly offered for sale; and as seldom, or more seldow, his "Urizen," twenty-seven inventions; and " Gates of Paradisc," sixteen. The designs of the \* Songs of Innocence and Experience" consist of a number of scenes, tluted in a sweet and peculiar manner, presenting, with a kind of spiritual exaltation, images of youth and manhood-of domestic sadress and fire-side joy-of the gaisty, the innceence and happiness of childhord; and each scene having its accompanying verses finely pencilled in colours, and cariously interseven with the group or landscape.

Blake, as he grew older, grew poorer, but not less indistrious or less cheerful; his habits become still more ratived and inexpensive; he lived like a hermit in the wilderness of London, a hermit ministered to by an angel, who was his wife. A strunge faculty which he had of rision seeing, grow atronger and strenger; ideas of overy sert took definite visible form, doubtless through large measure and over-activity of a power which we all posseas-witness our dreams. It seems certain that the visual perve may be stimulated from its laternal or brain oad with force equal, in some cases, to that exercised by external objects. One may note that while William Blake, a singular boy of afteen, was busy learning engraving with Mr. Basire, and making sketches and verses, he may any day have met unwittingly in London streets, or walked beside, a placed venerable thin man of eightyfour, of erect figure and abstracted air, wearing a fullbottomed wig, a pair of long ruffles, and a curious-hillted sword, and carrying a gold-headed cane, -no Vision, still fish and blood, but kinself the greatest of modern Vision-Sarrs, Emanuel Swedenborg by name; who came from Amsterdam to London in August, 1771, and died, in No. 26, Great Bath Street, Coldbath Fields, on the 29th of March, 1772.

Blake was accustomed to paint the visionary faces and groups which appeared to him; and the ghosts, among whom were many historical personages, usually " sat "as signally as could be wished. His verses, too, are always thoroughly assemble in their nature.

Blake spent the last year of his life in Fountain Court, Strand, which is nearly opposite Excest Hall, and there died, 12th of Angust, 1828, aged seventy. His wife survived him some years. A memorial volume, selected from the abundant evidences of his genies, poetic and pictorial, which now lie scattered in several hands, and are meetly inaccessible to the world, would, if levingly and liberally executed, he very charming and valuable, and, in truth, a national honour. Creative genius, in any department, is too rare and precious that we should be content "to less a drop" of that issueertal gift. But to produce allequate far-similes of Blake's best engraved designs, and, in especial, of his curiously-tinted drawings.

some of which are estoundingly fine, would be no jobber's work.

It remains to add that for the version of "The Tiger," here presented, differing somewhat from those hithertopublished, use has been made of a MS. book of Blake's, belonging to a friend of the editor, full of the oddest chaos of versus, drawings, and memorands.

#### NOTE K. PAGE 56.

Eugene Aruse. In the summer of the year 1759, a human skeletou was accidentally turned up in a quarry near Kunresborough in Yerkshire, and was supposed to be that of one Daniel Clark, who had suddenly disappeared from the locality about thirteen years before. One Richard Houseman, being arrested on suspicion, exclaimed that the skuleton was not Clark's and, losing his self-possession, at last directed a search to be made in St. Robert's Cave, where another skeleton was found which proved to be that of Clark. Further inquiry resulted in the arrest of Eugene Aram, formerly of Kraresbureugh, and now usher in a school at Lynn in Norfolk, a studious and learned man. He was tried at York Castle, on the 3rd of August, made an elaborate and ingenious -too ingenious defence (to be found in Kippis's Biog. Brims.), and was found guilty of the murder of Clark, who, with Houseman, had been his accomplice in several robberies. After confession of guilt, followed by an attempt at suicido, Eugene Aram was hanged at York, and his body suspended in chains in Kunresborough Forest.

### NOTE L. PAGE 89.

Richard Harris Barham's best-known book is one of the consic order, entitled The Ingolishy Legensh, in which great eleverness is but poorly employed. These graves verses are said to have been the last he over male.

### NOTE M. PAGE 109.

I do confesse then'rt smooth and foirs, has been said, but not with certainty, to be by Sir Robert Ayton, a Scattish courtier of James I, and a friend of Ben Jonson.

### Nove N. Page 110.

Ned Believe. The substance of what we have been able to learn regarding the author of this dashing bucraneer indiad, equal to Scott's best lyrics, is that he was a native of the north of Ireland, some time a newspaper writer, afterwards British Consul at Galveston in Texas. in which country he died, or, as some accounts say, was killed, about twenty years ago. We have seen a volume of his poems, entitled "Farful Fancies," and published, we think, in 1826, which contains Ned Bolton, but nothing else zeur so good. We have an impression that he published another volume of verse, but have not been able to lay hands on it.

### NOTE O. PAGE 120.

Ode to Evening. This poem is here printed with specings that bring out both sense and sound more clearly than the usual arrangement, which is wholly superficial. Nothing is hereby lost, and much gained. The addition of four lines, enclosed with brackets, near the end, is less excusable—unless, with those readers to whom, after for consideration, they may succeed in making their own excuses.

#### NOTE P. PAGE 134.

Anid Robin Grey was written by Lady Anne Lindsay, daughter of the Earl of Balcarras, born 1750; married to Sir A. Barnard, 1793; died, without issue, 1825, in Berkeley Square, London. She was pretty, vivacious, and agreeable. Writing shortly before her death to Sir Walter Scott, Lady Anna says: " Robin Gray, so called from its being the name of the old herd at Balcurras, was born soon after the close of the year 1771. My sister Margaret had married and accompanied her husband to London; I was melancholy, and endeavoured to amuse myself by attempting a few poetical trides. There was an ancient Scottish melody of which I was passionately fond; [Miss Suff Johnstone], who lived before your day, used to sing it for us at Balcarras. She did not object to its having improper words, though I did. I longed to sing sld Sophy's air to different words, and give to its plaintive tones some little history of virtuous distress in humble life, such as might suit it. . . At our fireside and amongst our neighbours "Auld Robin Gray" was always called for,- I was pleased in secret with the approbation it met with I but such was my dread of being suspected of writing anything, perceiving the shyress it created in those who could write nothing, that I carefully kept my own secret." It became a disputed question whether the balled was ancient or modern, and a reward of twenty guineas was offered in the newspapers for decisiva proof on the point. Mr. Jerningham, secretary to the Antiquarian Seciety, endeavoured to entrap the truth from Ledy Anne in a manner which induced her to put him off unsotioded, and the authorship was not unde public until after her decease. (See Lockhart's Life of Secott, 1844, page 585, and note.) "It remains to be added, that although "Anid Robin Gray was originally written to the old tane of 'The Bridagmom greits when the sun grees down, it is now, with the exception of the first verse, which retains the old air, universally sang to a beautiful modern tane, composed by the Rev. William Leeves, rector of Wrington, who died in 1828, aged eighty."— Back of Scottish Song. (Blackie and Son. 1843.)

#### NOTE Q. PAGE 143.

The Laboratory. A study of the present lyric will throw some light upon the principles of this wooderful Poet's versification. Take this verse, for example, and emphasise the words given in italies:—

He is with Aer; and they know that I know. Where they are, what they do: they believe my fours flow. While they lough, laugh at me, at me fied to the drear. Empty church to pray God in for them !—I am Aere."

Emerion has frequently rhythms of a similar character, such as "Tax sat," (two syllables to be dwelt on to the length of three):—

" Tor set my sloth that I Falid my arms beside the brook."

And.

" One harvest from thy field. Homeward brought the oxen strong,"

It is always delightful to recollect that both our Essyist (to be better known "after some time"), and our Rographer of Frederick (both news, though one of them lives beyond sea) are admirable poets, with in each case certain peruliarities and limitations, very note-worthy, but not here to be expounded.

#### NOTE R. PAGE 169.

Le Belle Dane sexs Mercy. "Among the pieces printed at the end of Chancer's works, and attributed to him, is a translation, under this title, of a poem of the eslabented Alain Chartier, secretary to Charles the Sixth and Seventh. It was the title which suggested to a friend the verses at the end of our present number."—Leigh Hant's Indicator, for May 10th, 1820. The verses were there signed "Cartere." In Mr. Milnes's "Life, &c. of Keats," II. 268, is a version beginning, "O what can all theo, Knight-st-arms," transpasing the fifth and sixth stanzas, and with a few other variations. It is dated 1819, and seems to be evidently an earlier form of the poem than that which is here given from the Indicator.

## Nors S. Page 178.

Fairy Song. Bishop Percy printed this in his "Reliques," under name The Foiry Queen, stating that it was "given, with some corrections by mother copy, from a book entitled 'The Mysteries of Leve and Eloquesco, &c.'" Lendon, 1618. Svo. The versa which he gives as the sixth we have omitted; it runs:—

"The brains of nightingsles, With unctume fat of smalls, Between two cockles stew'd, Is meat that's easily chew'd; Talles of wormen and marrow of mice Do make a dish that's wondrous nice."

### NOTE T. PAGE 184.

The Luch's Grove is from certain " Poems, by Mrs. Boddington," (Longman, 1839.) which, though without substance enough to endure, have a delicate and tender strain of originality running through them, and drew the remark from a friend of ours, that " she must have been a delightful woman to know." A correspondent of " Willie's Current Notes," in May, 1852, has furnished the following information : \* Mary Boddington was the daughter of Patrick Commford, a Cork merchant, and niece of Sir William Glendows Newcomen. She was born in Cork in 1776, and, having murried, in 1803, Mr. Boldington, a West Indian merchant, left her native city. After the peace of 1815, Mrs. Boddington truvelled much on the continues." She also published " The Gossip's Week," a collection of tales, "Sketches in the Pyrences," and " Slight Reminiscences of the Rhine,"

### NOTE U. PAGE 186.

The Ber. William Eurres, a Church of England clergyman, residing at Dorchester, is author of several volumes of Poons, which, from being written in the dialect of his native Dorsetshire, have attracted less general notice than they deserve. A series of more genuine and delightful sketches, or photographs of rural character and semery, cannot be found in English literature. The rustic dialect, come down, in our author's epinion, by independent descent from the Saxon dialect which our forefathers brought from the south of Deamark, is easy to master, and enhances the freshness and originality of those poems, which, soon or late, will infallibly be better known. Mr. Barnes has also published some works on Anglo-Saxon literature. Jehn Russell Smith is his publisher.

#### NOTE V. PAUE 205.

[Evenisy.] These verses are from the "Poems; chiefly Lyrical," by Alfred Tenayson, published in 1800, wherein they are entitled " Elegises."

#### NOTE W. PAGE 918.

The wife of Usher's Well, hearing her three sons are lost at sea, passionately prays that the storm may never erom till they come back to her in flesh and blood. One night, at Martinmas, her three soms come home; the mother feats all her house, then makes a wide bed for her three sons, and sits down by the bedside. But at cockarow, when she has fropt aleep, these three, who are no living men, but spirits, strangely repossessed of their old bodies for a senson, depart for ever from that house.

This Ballad was first published in Scott's "Border Minetrelay:" two verses, "Lie still," &c., and "O, it's they've taken up," &c., are from Mr. Behert Chambers's version, recovered from resitation: one, "Our mather has sale mair," is now added, to complete the sense; and to the same end, the reading, "fash be in the flood" is put instead of "lishes in the flood"—Sectt'a, which he notes as obscure, and probably corrupted by reciters. Mr. Aytoun has "freshes in the flood;" Mr. Leckhart suggested "foshes," i. e. troubles.

"Carline-wife" implies, here at least, a rastic weman, keeping a farm.

"Martinman," the fast of St. Martin, 11th of November. One may remark that this, being the customary time to kill winter best and pork, was a scann of rustic feasing and joility. "Blok" is birch. "Syke," a marshy

bottom. "Shrugh," a small trench. "Chameric'," feeting (Scott). A large mantle used to be, and still is, in old-fushioned localities, perhaps the most important and indispensable article of every peasant woman's wardrobe. It served many uses, and losted many years, a familiar and homely-sacred object to the children of a family.

### NOTE X. PAGE 238.

Wals, realy was first published in Allan Rammy's "Ten Table Miscellany," in 1724, and marked "Z," as an Old Song.

### NOTE Y. PAGE 244.

Edward, Edward. This darkly terrible tragic ballad was first printed in "Percy's Reliques," "transmitted to the editor by Sir Darid Dalrymple, Bart., late Lord Halles."

### NOTE Z. PAGE 259.

This Lyle-Wate [i.e. Dead-Watch] Dirpe is of the North of England, and is said to have been sung, in Yorkshire, over corpses, down to about 1624, (see Brand's " Pop. Antiq," 1841, 11, 155.) Scott, publishing it in his Border Minutrelsy, noted : "The late Mr. Ritson found an illustration of this dirge in a MS, of the Cotton Library, containing an account of Cleveland, in Yorkshire, in the raign of Queen Elizabeth, . . . . When any dieth, certains women sing a song to the dead bodie, recyting the lorney that the partys deceased must goe; and they are of beliefe (such is their fondnesse) that, once in their lives, it is good to give a paly of new shoes to a poor man, forasmuch as, after this life, they are to pass harefoote through a great launds, full of thornes and furzen, except by the meryte of the simes aforesaid they have redeemed the forfeyrs; for at the edge of the launde, an onlide man shall meet them with the same shoes that were given by the partye when he was lyving; and, after he hath shodde them, dismisseth them to go through thick and thin, without scratch or scalle,"- Julian, F. vt. 459."

"The Bridge of Dread, lying in our road when we pass from this world, is described," says Sir Walter, " in the legond of Sir Oscain, No xL, in the MS, collection of Romances, W. XII., Advocains' Library, Edinburgh." The Orientals have a similar fancy, of a narrow bridge over an aboys. In the Border Ministrilay, the second line is given, "Fire and steet and candiclight," with the note that sees seems to be correpted from solt, i.e. solt, which it was enstomary to lay in a planter on the breast of the corpes. In Brand we have plact, i.e. water (Anglo-Saxon), but the whole version there seems inferior. The sixth verse of the diago is lost.

### NOTE Z.Z. PAGE 265.

Lines to on Indian Air. This exquisits song is here so given as to assist eye and mind in following the interwoven rhymes. Let us remark that hardly any great post, certainly no modern one, has been so inaccarutely printed as Shelley. Helps to the very necessary revision are in existence, and ought quickly to be used. The reading "pine," in the second verse, instead of "fail," must, for the present, rest on its own merits. We believe that the "fail," in the third verse, caused the same word to be slipt into the second, under the notion of making the iteration more exact; but such merely verbal and mechanical iteration is not in place here, and destroys the rhymic structure of the lyric in a very un-Shelleyan manner. The other slight variations from the usual version have come to the editor, through an eminent living poet, from a copy found in the pocket of Shelley's corpse. We have inquired after the Jediew Air, but, if there was one (and a friend of Shelley's thought there was), it seems untraceable.

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THE END.

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